SEMESTER I

Ν	lame c	of D	epart	tment	: - (Compu	ter	Science	and	Engi	ineeri	ng	

1. Subject Code: TCS 101

Course Title: Fundamental of computer and Introduction to Programming

2. Contact Hours: L: 3 T: 0 P: 0

3. Examination Duration (Hrs): Theory 3 Practical 0

4. Relative Weight: CIE 25 MSE 25 SEE 50

5. Credits: 3

6. Semester:

7. Category of Course: DC

8. Pre- requisite: Basic Knowledge of Mathematics

9. Course Outcome**: CO1: Learn the concepts of IT and understand the fundamentals of basic building blocks of computer science. CO2: Understand basic data types and syntax of C programming. CO3: Propose solution to problem by using tools like algorithm and flowcharts. CO4: Analyze and select the best possible solution for decision-based problems using decision making skills and develop the aptitude to solve iterative problems using different types of looping statements. CO5: Implement complex problems as a collection of sub problems by applying modularization in applications using functions. CO6: Apply and implement the concept arrays for providing solution

to homogenous collection of data types.

SI. No.	Contents	Contact Hours
1	UNIT- I Generation of computers, Computer system memory hierarchy, Input/Output, RAM/ROM, Software & Hardware, Understand bit, byte, KB, MB, GB and their relations to each other, Operating System overview, Computer Networks Overview	8

^{**} Describe the specific knowledge, skills or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate.

	Algorithms and Flow Charts – Examples of Flow charts for loops and conditional statements	
	UNIT- 2 First C program - Hello world, How to open a command prompt on Windows or Linux. How to read and print on screen - printf(),scanf(),getchar(), putchar()	10
2	Variables and Data types - Variables, Identifiers, data types and sizes, type conversions, difference between declaration and definition of a variable, Constants	
	Life of a C program (Preprocessing, Compilation, Assembly, Linking, Loading, Execution), Compiling from the command line, Macros,	
	Operators – equality and assignment, Compound assignment operators, Increment and decrement operators, Performance comparison between pre and post increment/decrement operators, bitwise operators, Logical Operators, comma operator, precedence and associativity.	
3	UNIT- III Conditional statements: if statement, if-else statement, ternary statement or ternary operator, nested if-else statement, switch statement, Difference between performance of if else and switch, Advantages of if else and switch over each other	8
	Loops: 'for' loops, 'while' loops, 'do while' loops, entry control and exit control, break and continue, nested loops	
4	UNIT- IV Functions: Function prototype, function return type, signature of a function, function arguments, call by value, Function call stack, Recursion v/s Iteration, passing arrays to functions,	7
	Storage classes: Automatic, Static, Register, External, Static and Dynamic linking implementation, C program memory (show different areas of C program memory and where different type of variables are stored), scope rules.	
5	UNIT- V	10
	Arrays: Single-dimensional arrays, initializing arrays, computing address of an element in array, character arrays, segmentation fault, bound checking, Searching and Sorting.	
	Total	43

SL. No.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Edition	Year of Publicati on/Repri nt
	Text Books		
1.	 Peter Prinz, Tony Crawford,"C in a Nutshell", Oreilly Publishers, 	1st	2011
2.	Peter Norton, "Introduction to computers", TMH,	6th	2009
	E.Balagurusamy,"Programming in ANSI C",McGraw Hill	6th	2015
	Reference Books		
1.	Steve Oualline, "Practical C programming", Orielly Publishers, 2011.	3rd	2011
2.	Brian W Kernighan, Dennis M Ritcie, "The C Programming Language", Prentice Hall, 1988. R3. Herbert Schildt," C: The Complete Reference", 4thEdition.TMH, 2000.	2nd	2000
3.	Yashwant Kanetkar,"Let Us C",BPB Publication	8th	2007

12	2. Mode of Evalua	ion Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid Term Exam / End Term
		Exam / Lab Exam

SEMESTER II

Name of Department: - Computer Science and Engineering **TCS 201** Subject Code: 1. Course Title: **Programming for Problem Solving** 2. Contact Hours: T: L: Ρ 3 0 0 **Practical** Examination Duration (Hrs): 0 3. **Theory** 3 SEE 50 CIE **MSE** 4. Relative Weight: 25 25 5. Credits: 3 Ш 6. Semester: Category of Course: 7. DC Pre- requisite: Basic Knowledge of Mathematics and Computer Fundamentals, TCS 8. 101

9. Course	CO1: Learn and apply concepts of strings and multi-dimensional
Outcome**:	array for providing solutions to homogenous collection of data types
	CO2: Propose solution to problem by using tools like algorithm and flowcharts.
	CO3: Apply the concept of pointers to optimize memory management by overcoming the limitations of arrays. CO4: Process and analyze problems based on heterogeneous
	collection of data using structures.
	CO5: Apply concepts of file handling to implement data storage and retrieval tasks.
	CO6: Implement the basic real life problems using python.

^{**} Describe the specific knowledge, skills, or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate.

SI. No.	Contents					
1	UNIT- I					
	Multi-Dimensional Arrays- Initializing arrays, row major and column major form of an array, character strings and arrays, Strings – Declaration of strings, Initialization of strings using arrays and pointers, Standard library functions of string.					
2	UNIT- 2	10				

	Pointers –Basic of pointers and addresses, Pointers and arrays, Pointer arithmetic, passing pointers to functions, call by reference. Accessing string through pointers.	
	Dynamic memory management in C - malloc(), calloc(), realloc(), free(), memory leak, Dangling, Void, Null and Wild pointers	
	Structures - Structures, array of structures, structure within structure, union, typedef, self-referential structure, pointer to structure	
3	UNIT- III	8
	File Handling - Opening or creating a file, closing a file, File modes, Reading and writing a text file using getc(), putc(), fprintf(), fscanf(),fgets(), fputs(), Reading and writing in a binary file, counting lines in a text file, Search in a text file, Random file accessing methods- feof(), fseek(), ftell() and rewind() functions.	
4	UNIT- IV Introduction to Python-	10
	History of Python, Need of Python Programming, Python features, First Python Program, Running python Scripts, Variables, Reserved words, Lines and indentation, Quotations, Comments, Input output.	
	Data Types, Operators and Expressions: Standard Data Types – Numbers, strings, Boolean, Operators – Arithmetic Operators, comparison Operators, assignment Operators, logical Operators, Bitwise Operators.	
5	UNIT- V Control flow – if, if-elif-else, for, while, break, continue, pass, range(), nested loops.	10
	Functions – Handling functions in Python	
	File Handling – Reading text file, writing text file, copying one file to another	
	Total	44

SL.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Edition	Year of
No.			Publication /Reprint
	Text Books		
1.	 Peter Prinz, Tony Crawford,"C in a Nutshell", Oreilly Publishers, 	1st	2011

2.	Yashwant Kanetkar,"Let Us C",BPB Publication	8th	2007
	Reference Books		
1.	Steve Oualline, "Practical C programming", Orielly Publishers, 2011.	3rd	2011
2.	Brian W Kernighan, Dennis M Ritcie,"The C Programming Language",Prentice Hall, 1988. R3. Herbert Schildt," C: The Complete Reference", 4thEdition.TMH, 2000.	2nd	2000
3.	E.Balagurusamy,"Programming in ANSI C", McGraw Hill	6th	2015

12.	Mode of Evaluation	Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid Term Exam / End Term
		Exam / Lab Exam

SEMESTER III

Name of Department: - Computer Science and Engineering

1.	Subject Code:	TCS-308			Cours	se Titl	le: Lo	ogic Desig	n & Comp	uter Organization
2.	Contact Hours:	L: 3		T: 0		P:	0			
3.	Examination Du	ration (Hrs	s):	Theor	у з		Pr	actical	0	
4.	Relative Weight	: CIE	25	MSE	25		_		SEE	50
5.	Credits:		3							
6.	Semester:		3							
7.	Category of Cou	ırse:	DC							
		_	•	-		•				

8.	Pre-requisite:	Basic Electronics Engineering (TEC 101/201)
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9. Course	After completion of the course the students will be able to:		
Outcome:	CO1: Understand the process of minimizing Boolean function and		
	obtaining the combinational logic circuits from Boolean functions.		
	CO2: Analyze the basic storage elements in digital circuits and develop		
	sequential circuits by applying them.		
	CO3: Evaluate the design of different types of register, counter, and		
	programmable logic devices.		
	CO4: Apply the concept of digital logic circuits in computer organization		
& architecture and evaluate the computer performance.			
	CO5: Create the arithmetic logic used in computer and describe the machine		
	instruction execution.		
	CO6: Understand the memory hierarchy of computer and how different I/O		
	devices interact with the processing unit.		

^{**} Describe the specific knowledge, skills or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate.

SI. No.	Contents	Contact Hours
1	Unit 1: Simplification of Boolean Function using K-map method (upto 5 variables) and Quine-Mc Clusky method. Nand and Nor Implementation. Combinational Logic: Introduction, Analysis & Design Procedure, Binary Adder & Subtractor, Decimal Adder, Binary Multiplier, Magnitude Comparator, Decoders, Encoders, Multiplexers, Demultiplexers, code conversion. Introduction to HDL description of combinational logic circuits.	10
2	Unit 2: Sequential Logic: Introduction, Types of Sequential circuits, Basic storage elements (Latch and Flip-flops), Characteristic equations & tables, excitation	8

	table, Flip-flop conversion, Analysis and design of synchronous sequential circuits.	
3	Unit 3: Registers, Shift register, Universal shift register, Counters (Ripple & Synchronous): Introduction & Design, Introduction to memory, types of memory, PLD: PAL, PLA, ROM Introduction to Computer Organization & Architecture, Von Neumann and Harvard Architecture, RISC and CISC machines, Evolution of Intel x86 and ARM architecture, Basic measures of computer performance, Amdahl's Law, Little's Law.	10
4	Unit 4: Computer Arithmetic (Integer and Floating Point): Representation, Addition, Subtraction, Multiplication and Division. Machine Instruction characteristics, Addressing Modes, Processor structure and operation, Instruction Cycle, Instruction Pipelining: Strategy, performance, Hazards. Control unit operation and microprogrammed control.	10
5	Unit 5: Memory hierarchy: Locality and performance, Cache memory: Principles and elements of design, Internal memory, External memory, I/O interface: External devices, I/O modules, Programmed I/O, Interrupt driven I/O, Direct Memory Access. Introduction to alternative architectures.	10
	Total	48

S.No	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Edition	Year of Publication / Reprint
	Textbooks		
1.	M. Morris Mano, Digital Logic and Computer Design, Pearson	1 st	2016
2.	W. Stalling, Computer Organization and Architecture, Pearson	11 th	2022
	Reference Books		
1.	Charles H. Roth Jr., Fundamentals of Logic Design, Wadsworth Publishing	5 th	2005
2.	John P Hayes, Computer Architecture and Organization, McGraw Hill	3 rd	2017

12.	Mode of Evaluation	Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid Term Exam / End Term
		Exam

SEMESTER III

Name of Department: - Computer Science and Engineering					Data st	ructures with
1.	Subject Code: TCS 302	2	Cours	se Title:	C	Z GOOGLOS WIGH
2.	Contact Hours: L:	3	T: 0	P: 0		
3.	Examination Duration (Hr	s):	Theory 3	F	Practical	0
4.	Relative Weight: CIE	25	25			SEE 50
5.	Credits:	3				
6.	Semester:	III				
7.	Category of Course:	DC				
8.	Pre-requisite:				I	

9. Course	After completion of the course the students will be able to:
Outcome**:	CO1: Describe the concept of Data Structures and assess how the choice of data structures impacts the performance of programs
	CO2: Compare and contrast merits and demerits of various data structures in terms of time and memory complexity.
	CO3: Identify and propose appropriate data structure for providing the solution to the real world problems.
	CO4: Implement operations like searching, insertion, deletion, traversing mechanism etc. on various data structures
	CO5: Be familiar with advanced data structures such as balanced search trees, hash tables, AVL trees, priority queues, ADT etc.
	CO6: To augment merits of particular data structures on other data structure to develop innovation in subject of study.

^{**} Describe the specific knowledge, skills or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate.

SL. NO.	Contents			
1	Unit 1:			
•	Introduction: Basic Terminology, Pointer and dynamic memory allocation,	10		
	Elementary Data Organization, Data Structure operations, Algorithm			

	Total	46
5	Unit 5: File Structures: Physical Storage Media File Organization, Organization of records into Blocks, Sequential Files, Indexing and Hashing, Primary indices, Secondary indices, B+ Tree index Files, B Tree index Files, Indexing and Hashing Comparisons, Graph, Traversal(DFS,BFS), Minimum spanning tree	8
4	 Unit 4: Sorting: Insertion Sort, Bubble Sorting, Quick Sort, Two Way Merge Sort, Heap Sort, Sorting on Different Keys, Practical consideration for Internal Sorting. Binary Search Trees: Binary Search Tree (BST), Insertion and Deletion in BST, Complexity of Search Algorithm, Path Length, AVL Trees 	9
3	 Unit 3: Trees: Basic terminology, Binary Trees, Binary tree representation, algebraic Expressions, Complete Binary Tree. Extended Binary Trees, Array and Linked Representation of Binary trees, Traversing Binary trees, Threaded Binary trees. Traversing Threaded Binary trees, Huffman algorithm & Huffman tree. Searching and Hashing: Sequential search, binary search, comparison and analysis, Hash Table, Hash Functions, Collision Resolution Strategies, Hash Table Implementation 	9
2	Queues: Array and linked representation and implementation of queues, Operations on Queue: Create, Add, Delete, Full and Empty. Circular queue, Dequeue, and Priority Queue. Linked list: Representation and Implementation of Singly Linked Lists, Twoway Header List, Traversing and Searching of Linked List, Overflow and Underflow, Insertion and deletion to/from Linked Lists, Insertion and deletion Algorithms, Doubly linked list, Linked List in Array, Polynomial representation and addition, Generalized linked list.	10
	Complexity and Time-Space trade-off Arrays: Array Definition, Representation and Analysis, Single and Multidimensional Arrays, address calculation, application of arrays, Array as Parameters, Ordered List, Sparse Matrices. Stacks:Array. Representation and Implementation of stack, Operations on Stacks: Push & Pop, Array Representation of Stack, Linked Representation of Stack, Operations Associated with Stacks, Application of stack: Conversion of Infix to Prefix and Postfix Expressions, Evaluation of postfix expression using stack. Recursion: Recursive definition and processes, recursion in C, example of recursion, Tower of Hanoi Problem, tail recursion. Unit 2:	

SL.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Edition	Year of Publication
No.			/ Reprint

	Textbooks		
1.	Horowitz and Sahani, "Fundamentals of data Structures", Galgotia Publication Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.	2 nd	2008
2	R. Kruse etal, "Data Structures and Program Design in C", Pearson Education Asia,	2 nd	2006
3	A. M. Tenenbaum, "Data Structures using C & C++", Prentice-Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.	2 nd	2014
4	K Loudon, "Mastering Algorithms with C", Shroff Publisher & Distributors Pvt. Ltd.	1 st	2000
5	Bruno R Preiss, "Data Structures and Algorithms with Object Oriented Design Pattern in C++", Jhon Wiley & Sons, Inc.	1 st	1998
6	Adam Drozdek, "Data Structures and Algorithms in C++", Thomson Asia Pvt	4 th	2013

•	12.	Mode of Evaluation	Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid Term Exam / End Term Exam
			1

SEMESTER III

Name	of Department: - Compute	Object Oriented			
1.	Subject Code: TCS 307	7	Cours	e Title:	Programming with C++
2.	Contact Hours: L: 3	3	T: 0	P: 0	
3.	Examination Duration (Hr	s):	Theory 3	P	Practical 0
4.	Relative Weight: CIE	25	MSE 25		SEE 50
5.	Credits:	3			
6.	Semester:	III			
7.	Category of Course:	DC			
8.	Pre-requisite: Subje	ect Nar	ne with Code		

9.	Course	After completion of the course the students will be able to:			
Outcome**:					
		CO1: Demonstrate the C++ Program uses data types, operators, expressions, array, strings and functions.			
	CO2: Implement Constructors (Parameterized, Copy), this pointer, friend function, dynamic objects, arrays of objects.				
		CO3: Illustrate the Operator Overloading of +, -, preincrement, postincrement, << and >>.			
	CO4: Implement the single, multiple, multilevel and hybrid inheritance in C++.				
		CO5: Illustrate function overloading, Overriding and virtual functions.			
		CO6: Carry out exception handling techniques and provide solutions to			
		storage related problems using STL.			

^{**} Describe the specific knowledge, skills or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate.

SI. No.	Contents	Contact Hours
1	Unit 1: Introduction: Need of object-oriented programming, Overview of C++, Header Files and Namespaces, Sample C++ program, Different data types, operators, expressions, and statements, arrays and strings, pointers & user- defined types function components, argument passing, inline functions, recursive functions.	10

2	Unit 2: Classes & Objects: Class Specification, Objects, Scope resolution operator, Access members, defining member functions, Data hiding, Constructors, Parameterized constructors, Destructors, Static data members, Friend functions, passing objects as arguments, Returning objects, Arrays of objects, Dynamic objects, Pointers to objects, Copy constructors, This Pointer. Operator overloading: Fundamentals of Operator Overloading, Overloading Binary Operators and unary operators, Operator overloading using friend functions such as +, -, pre-increment, post-increment, overloading of << and >>>.	9
3	Unit 3: Inheritance: Necessity of inheritance, Types of inheritance with examples, Base Class and Derived class, Public, private and protected access modifiers, inheriting multiple base classes, working of Constructors and Destructors in Inheritance, Passing parameters to base class constructors, Virtual base classes	9
4	Unit 4: Virtual functions and Polymorphism: Polymorphism, function overloading, Overriding Methods, Virtual function, Calling a Virtual function through a base class reference, Pure virtual functions, Abstract classes, Virtual Destructors, Early and late binding	
5	 Unit 5: I/O System Basics and STL: C++ stream classes, I/O manipulators, fstream and the File classes, basic file operations, function templates Exception Handling: Exception handling fundamentals, Throwing an Exception, Catching an Exception, Re-throwing an Exception, An exception example. STL: An overview, containers, vectors, lists, maps, Algorithms 	
	Total	46

SL.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Edition	Year of Publication
No.			/ Reprint
	Textbooks		
1.	Herbert Schildt, The Complete Reference C++, McGraw Hill	4 th	2017
2	Balagurusamy E,Object oriented Programming with C++	8 th	2020
	Reference Books		
1.	Paul Deitel and Harvey Deitel, C++: How to Program, Pearson	10 th	2016

12.	Mode of Evaluation	Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid Term Exam / End Term Exam

SEMESTER III

Name of Department: - Computer Science and Engineering						
1.		WA 316	Discrete Structures and Course Title: Combinatorics			
2.	Contact Hours:	L: 3	T: 1 P: 0			
3.	Examination Durati	on (Hrs):	Theory 3 Practical 0			
4.	Relative Weight:	CIE 25	MSE 25 ESE 50			
5.	Credits:	4				
6.	Semester:	III				
7.	Category of Course	e: DC				
8.	Pre-requisite:	TMA101	Engineering Mathematics-I			
		TMA201	Engineering Mathematics-II			

9.Course	After completion of the course the students will be able to:
Outcome**:	CO1: Be able to specify and manipulate basic mathematical objects such as sets, functions, and relations. Demonstrate an understanding of partial order relations and Lattices.
	CO2: Understand the basics of discrete probability and number theory, and be able to apply the methods from these subjects in problem solving.
	CO3: Produce convincing arguments, conceive and/or analyze basic mathematical proofs and discriminate between valid and unreliable arguments.
	CO4: Discriminate, identify and prove the properties of groups and subgroups
	CO5: Be able to apply basic counting techniques to solve combinatorial problems
	CO6: Demonstrate different traversal methods for trees and graphs. Model problems in Computer Science using graphs and trees.

^{**} Describe the specific knowledge, skills or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate.

SL. NO.	Contents	Contact Hours
	Unit 1:	
1	Relations and Functions:	11
	Review of Sets,	

	Relations - properties, equivalence relation, matrix and Graph representation,				
	Closure operations Functions, Types of functions, Invertability, Composition of				
	functions and Inverse functions, Partially ordered Sets and Lattices. Lattice				
	Properties, Lattices as Boolean Algebra Unit 2:				
2	Probability Theory				
	Basics of Probability, Conditional Probability; Random Variables, probability	_			
	mass and density function, commutative distribution function, expected values,	9			
	mean, variance and standard deviation, Distributions: Binomial. Poisson, normal,				
	uniform,, exponential,				
	Unit 3:				
	Fundamentals of Logic: Basic Connectives and Truth Tables, Logical				
3	Equivalence – The Laws of Logic, Logical Implication – Rules of Inference. The				
	Use of Quantifiers,				
	Methods of Proof: Different methods of proof – Direct Proof, Indirect Proof,				
	Counter examples, Principle of Induction.				
	Unit 4: Groups: Definitions, Examples, and Elementary Properties, Homomorphism,				
	Isomorphism, permutation groups and cyclic Groups, subgroups, cosets, and				
	Lagrange's Theorem	4.0			
4	Counting:	10			
	Set cardinality and counting, Sum and Product Rules, Inclusion Exclusion				
	Principles, Pigeonhole principle, permutations and combinations, Basics of				
	recurrence relations and, generating Functions				
	Unit 5:				
_	Graphs and Trees	9			
5	Fundamentals of Graphs Graph types – undirected, directed, weighted; -				
	Representing graphs and graph isomorphism -connectivity-Euler and Hamilton paths, Isomorphism Tree properties, traversal techniques;				
	48				
	Total	40			

SL.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Edition	Year of Publication
No.			/ Reprint
	Textbooks		
1.	Kenneth H. Rosen:" Discrete Mathematics and its	6 th	2007
	Applications", , McGraw Hill,.	Edition	
2	JayantGanguly: "A Treatise on Discrete Mathematical	2 nd	2011
	Structures", Sanguine-Pearson,.		
	Reference Books		
1.	D.S. Malik and M.K. Sen: "Discrete Mathematical	2 nd	2004
	Structures: Theory and Applications", Thomson,.		
2	Thomas Koshy:" Discrete Mathematics with Applications",	1 st	2005, Reprint 2008
	Elsevier,.		
3	Ralph P. Grimaldi:" Discrete and Combinatorial	5 th	2004
	Mathematics" Pearson Education,.		

4	S.B.Singh, Jaikishor and Ekata, "Discrete Mathematics",	3 rd	2011
	Khanna Publication,.		

12.	Mode of Evaluation	Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid Term Exam / End Term Exam
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SEMESTER III

ivame	ot Departme	int: - Compute	er Scien	ice and Engine	ering ,			
1.	Subject Cod	de: PCS-30	8	Cours	e Title:	Logic Desig	gn & Compute on Lab	er
2.	Contact Hou	urs: L: ()	T: 1	P: 2			
3.	Examination	n Duration (Hr	s):	Theory 0	P	Practical	3	
4.	Relative We	eight: CIE	25	MSE	25		SEE	50
5.	Credits:		2					
6.	Semester:		3					
7.	Category of	Course:	DC					
8.	Pre-requisite	e: Basic	Electro	nics Lab				
9.	Course	After comple	etion of t	the course the st	udents w	ill be able to	:	
Outc	ome:			rious logic gates	_			
			•	s digital ICs and		-		
		CO3: Design	elementa	ary digital circui	its under r	real and simu	ılated envir	ronment.
	ļ	CO4: Simulat	te varior	is logic circuits	using sin	nulation tool		

SI.	List of problems for which student should develop program and execute	Contact
No.	in the Laboratory	Hours
1.	To realize two and three variable Boolean functions using basic gates and	2
• •	universal gates digital IC.	
2.	To design and test a half/full adder circuit using digital IC gates.	2
3.	To design and test a half/full subtractor circuit using IC gates.	2
4.	To design, implement and test the function $F(A,B,C,D) = m(1,3,5,7,9,15) +$	2
4.	d(4,6,12,13) using a NOR-OR implementation.	<i>L</i>
5.	To design and test RS, JK, D and T flip flops using logic gates.	2
6.	To design and test shift registers using flip-flops.	2
7.	To design and test an asynchronous up/down counter.	2
8.	To design, implement and test Boolean functions using a multiplexer.	2
9.	To design and simulate the implementation of Binary to Gray code conversion	2
9.	and vice versa using OrCAD/PSPICE.	<i>L</i>
10.	To design and simulate the implementation of 4-bit binary adder-subtractor	2
10.	circuit using OrCAD/PSPICE.	<i>L</i>

11.	To design and simulate the implementation of 2-bit binary multiplier circuit using OrCAD/PSPICE.	2
12.	To design and simulate the implementation of Ring and Johnson counter using OrCAD/PSPICE.	2
13.	To design and simulate Booths Algorithm using Verilog HDL.	2
14.	To design and simulate 32-bit Floating-Point multiplier using Verilog HDL.	2
15.	To design and simulate 8-bit ALU using Verilog HDL.	2
	Total	30

SL.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Edition		of
No.			Publication	/
			Reprint	
	Textbooks			
1.	M. Morris Mano, Michael D. Ciletti, Digital Design:	6 th	2018	
	With an Introduction to the Verilog HDL, VHDL, and			
	System Verilog, Pearson			
	Reference Books			
1.	John P Hayes, Computer Architecture and Organization,	3rd	2017	
	McGraw Hill			

12.	Mode of Evaluation	Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid Term Exam / End Term Exam

SEMESTER III

Name of De		\sim	\sim .			
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1.	Subject Code:	PCS 302	2		Course Ti	tle:	Data structures Lab
2.	Contact Hours:	L: ()	T: 1	P :	2	
3.	Examination Du	ration (Hr	s):	Theory	0	F	Practical 3
4.	Relative Weight	: CIE	25	MSE	25	_	SEE 50
5.	Credits:		2	_			
6.	Semester:		3				
7.	Category of Cou	ırse:	DC				
8.	Pre-requisite:	TCS1	└── 101, TC	S 201			

9. Course	After completion of the course the students will be able to:
Outcome**:	CO1: Implement Stack, Queues using array in C programming language.
	CO2: Create Linked lists (single, double, circular) and perform various
	operations on Linked lists and implement Stack, Queue using Linked list
	in C programming language.
	CO3: Create Binary Search tree and perform operations such as traversal, deletion and execute Linear, Binary search, hashing and simple graph structure.
	CO4: Implement the sorting algorithm (Bubble, insertion, selection, merge, quick) and compare the performance of these algorithms

^{**} Describe the specific knowledge, skills or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate.

SI. No.	List of problems for which student should develop program and execute in the Laboratory	Contact Hours
16.	 Array: a) Write a C program to find out the sum all even elements from an array. b) Write a C program to find out union of two given arrays. c) Write a C program to find out intersection of two given arrays. d) Write a C program to store N elements into the array and the reverse the contents of that array. 	
17.	a. Write a C program to find element with maximum value from an array.	

	b. Write a C program to create a dynamic array.	
	c. Write a C program to Implementation Stack Using Array.	
	a. Write a C program to Implementation queue Using Array.	
	b. Write a C program to convert infix expression into postfix expression.	
18.	c. Write a C program to evaluate any postfix expression.	
	e. Write a c program to evaluate any postative expression.	
	a. Link list:	
	b. Create a Single Linked List with pointers left & right where new nodes	
	are always added after the right. Then user will input a key that should be	
19.	searched in the linked list & the element having the key value should be	
	deleted & linked list should be updated. If elements is not found then a	
	message "Unsuccessful Search" should be displayed.	
	a. Write a program to insert string in linked list in alphabetical order.	
	b. Write a program to search a node from a linked list.	
20.	c. Doubly Linked List: Write a C program to implement doubly linked list with following operations.	
	i)Insert ii) delete ii) display.	
	i)insert ii) delete ii) display.	
21.	a) Circular linked list: Write a C program to implement Circular.	
۷۱.	b) linked list with following operations.	
	i)Insert ii) delete ii) display.	
	a. Write a C program to implement Stack Using inked List.	
22.	b. Write a program to implement queue using double pointers.	
	c. Write a C program to implement Queue Using Linked List.	
	Tree and Graphs:	
	a) Write a C program to create Binary search tree and perform following	
23.	operations on it.	
	i)Insert node ii) Delete node iii) Search node.	
	Execute simple graph traversals algorithms (DFS and BFS).	
	SORTING TECHNIQUES and SEARCHING TECHNIQUES	
	a) Write a C program to sort an array using Bubble Sort technique.	
24.	b) Write a C program to sort an array using selection sort technique.	
	b) Write a c program to soft an array using selection soft technique.	
	c) Write a C program to sort an array using Insertion sort technique.	
	d) Write a C program to sort an array using Merge Sort technique.	
	e) Write a C program to sort an array using Quick Sort technique.	
25.	f) Write a C program to implement Linear Search.	
	g) Write a C program to implement Binary Search.	
	h) Write a C program to implement Hashing.	
	Total	
	10111	

SL.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Edition	Year of Publication
No.			/ Reprint

	Textbooks		
1.	Ellis Horowitz and Sartaj Sahni, Fundamentals of Data Structures in C, Universities Press	2nd	2014
2.	Data Structures Through C, Yashavant Kanetkar	3 rd	2019
	Reference Books		
1.	Seymour Lipschutz, Data Structures Schaum's Outlines, McGraw Hill	1 st	2014
2.			2021
	Data Structures Using C A Practical Approach for Beginers		

12. Mode of Evaluation Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid Term Exam / End Term E	xam
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SEMESTER III

Name of Department: - Computer Science and Engineering

1.	Subject Code: PCS 30	7	Cour	se Title:	OOP WIT	H C++ L	AB
2.	Contact Hours: L: ()	T: 1	P: 2			
3.	Examination Duration (Hr	s):	Theory	F	ractical		
4.	Relative Weight: CIE	50	MSE	25		SEE	50
5.	Credits:	2					
6.	Semester:	III					
7.	Category of Course:	DC					
8.	Pre-requisite: PCS	101, PO	CS 102				

9. Course	After completion of the course the students will be able to:
Outcome**:	CO1: Evaluate the basic difference between object-oriented programming
	and procedural language and their data types.
	CO2: Implement the programs using C++ features such as object
	creation, compile time polymorphism, inheritance, abstraction,
	encapsulation etc.
	CO3: Design and solve programs that incorporates the use of object-
	oriented techniques such as abstract classes, pure virtual functions,
	and constructors.
	CO4: Create programs based on the concepts of virtual base
	CO4. Create programs based on the concepts of virtual base
	classes, virtual functions and STL to solve real time problems

^{**} Describe the specific knowledge, skills or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate.

SI.	List of problems for which student should develop program and execute in the	Contact
No.	Laboratory	Hours
1.	An electricity board charges the following rates to domestic users to discourage large consumption of energy. For the first 100 units: - 60 P per unit For the next 200 units: -80 P per unit Beyond 300 units: -90 P per unit All users are charged a minimum of Rs 50 if the total amount is more than Rs 300 then an additional surcharge of 15% is added.	

	~					
		ad the names of users and number of units consumed				
	and display the charges with na					
	Construct a C++ program that removes a specific character from a given string and					
2.	return the updated string.					
۷.		science is the future				
	Typical Output: compuer s	science is he fuure				
		ind the non-repeating characters in string.				
3.	Typical Input: graphic era unive	•				
	Typical Output: c g h n p s t					
	You are given an array of elem-	ents. Now you need to choose the best index of this				
	array. An index of the array is ca	alled best if the special sum of this index is maximum				
	across the special sum of all the	e other indices. To calculate the special sum for any				
	index you pick the first elemen	at that is and add it to your sum. Now you pick next				
	1	both of them to your sum. Now you will pick the				
		tes till the index for which it is possible to pick the				
		2				
		nd in the output print its corresponding special sum.				
		han one best index, but you need to only print the				
	maximum special sum.					
	Input					
	First line contains an integer as	s input. Next line contains space separated integers				
1	denoting the	elements of the array				
4.		elements of the array				
4.	Output					
4.	Output	an integer that denotes the maximum special sum				
4.	Output In the output you have to print a					
4.	Output	an integer that denotes the maximum special sum				
4.	Output In the output you have to print a					
4.	Output In the output you have to print a Input/Output Format	an integer that denotes the maximum special sum				
4.	Output In the output you have to print a Input/Output Format	an integer that denotes the maximum special sum				
4.	Output In the output you have to print a Input/Output Format Typical Input	an integer that denotes the maximum special sum Expected Output				
4.	Output In the output you have to print a Input/Output Format Typical Input 5 1 3 1 2 5	an integer that denotes the maximum special sum Expected Output 8				
4.	Output In the output you have to print a Input/Output Format Typical Input 5 1 3 1 2 5 10	an integer that denotes the maximum special sum Expected Output				
4.	Output In the output you have to print a Input/Output Format Typical Input 5 1 3 1 2 5	an integer that denotes the maximum special sum Expected Output 8				
4.	Output In the output you have to print a Input/Output Format Typical Input 5 1 3 1 2 5 10	an integer that denotes the maximum special sum Expected Output 8				
4.	Output In the output you have to print a Input/Output Format Typical Input 5 1 3 1 2 5 10	an integer that denotes the maximum special sum Expected Output 8				
	Output In the output you have to print a Input/Output Format Typical Input 5 1 3 1 2 5 10 2 1 3 9 2 4 -10 -9 1 3	an integer that denotes the maximum special sum Expected Output 8				
5.	Output In the output you have to print a Input/Output Format Typical Input 5 1 3 1 2 5 10 2 1 3 9 2 4 -10 -9 1 3	an integer that denotes the maximum special sum Expected Output 8 9				
	Output In the output you have to print a Input/Output Format Typical Input 5 1 3 1 2 5 10 2 1 3 9 2 4 -10 -9 1 3 Implement a C++ program to define the content of the c	an integer that denotes the maximum special sum Expected Output 8 9				
	Output In the output you have to print a Input/Output Format Typical Input 5 1 3 1 2 5 10 2 1 3 9 2 4 -10 -9 1 3 Implement a C++ program to define the content of the c	an integer that denotes the maximum special sum Expected Output 8 9				
	In the output you have to print a Input/Output Format Typical Input 5 1 3 1 2 5 10 2 1 3 9 2 4 -10 -9 1 3 Implement a C++ program to deconcept of Class and Objects	an integer that denotes the maximum special sum Expected Output 8 9				
	In the output you have to print a Input/Output Format Typical Input 5 1 3 1 2 5 10 2 1 3 9 2 4 -10 -9 1 3 Implement a C++ program to deconcept of Class and Objects Define a class Hotel in	an integer that denotes the maximum special sum Expected Output				
	In the output you have to print a Input/Output Format Typical Input 5 1 3 1 2 5 10 2 1 3 9 2 4 -10 -9 1 3 Implement a C++ program to deconcept of Class and Objects Define a class Hotel in Private	emonstrate the concept of data abstraction using the n C++ with the following specifications members				
	In the output you have to print a Input/Output Format Typical Input 5 1 3 1 2 5 10 2 1 3 9 2 4 -10 -9 1 3 Implement a C++ program to deconcept of Class and Objects Define a class Hotel in Private Rno Data me	emonstrate the concept of data abstraction using the n C++ with the following specifications members ember to store room number				
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	then total amount is 1.05* days*Tariff.
	Public members
	 Checkin() Function to enter the content Rno, Name, Tariff and NOD Checkout() Function to display Rno, Name, Tariff,
	• Checkout() Function to display Rno, Name, Tariff, NOD and Amount (amount to be displayed by calling function) CALC()
	the same through the state of the same terms of
	Implement a Program in C++ by defining a class to represent a bank account.
	Include the following:
	Data Members
	Name of the depositor
	• Account number
7.	• Type of account (Saving, Current etc.)
	Balance amount in the account
	Member Functions
	• To assign initial values
	• To deposit an amount
	 To withdraw an amount after checking the balance To display name and balance
	Anna is a contender for valedictorian of her high school. She wants to know how many students (if any) have scored higher than her in the exams given during this semester.
	Create a class named Student with the following specifications:
	An instance variable named scores holds a student's 5 exam scores.
	 A void input () function reads 5 integers and saves them to scores. An int calculateTotalScore() function that returns the sum of the student's
	scores.
	Input Format
8.	In the void Student::input() function, you must read 5 scores from standard input and save them to your scores instance variable.
	Output Format
	In the int Student::calculateTotalScore() function, you must return the student's total grade (the sum of the values in scores).
	The code in the editor will determine how many scores are larger than Anna's and print that number to the console.
	Sample Input
	The first line contains n, the number of students in Anna's class. The n subsequent lines contain each student's 5 exam grades for this semester.
	3
	30 40 45 10 10
<u> </u>	

	40.40.40.10.10	
	40 40 40 10 10	
	50 20 30 10 10	
	Sample Output	
	1	
9.	Construct a Program in C++ to show the working of function overloading(compile time polymorphism) by using a function named calculate Area () to calculate area of square, rectangle and triangle using different signatures as required.	
	Create a class called Invoice that a hardware store might use to represent an invoice for an item sold at the store. An Invoice should include four pieces of information as instance.	
	Data Members -	
10	 partNumber (type String) partDescription (type String) quantity of the item being purchased (type int) price_per_item (type double) 	
	Your class should have a constructor that initializes the four instance variables. Provide a set and a get method for each instance variable. In addition, provide a method named getInvoiceAmount() that calculates the invoice amount (i.e., multiplies the quantity by the price per item), then returns the amount as a double value. If the quantity is not positive, it should be set to 0. If the price per item is not positive, it should be set to 0.0. Write a test application named invoiceTest that demonstrates class Invoice's capabilities.	
11	Imagine a tollbooth with a class called TollBooth. The two data items are of type unsigned int and double to hold the total number of cars and total amount of money collected. A constructor initializes both of these data members to 0. A member function called payingCar() increments the car total and adds 0.5 to the cash total. Another function called nonPayCar() increments the car total but adds nothing to the cash total. Finally a member function called display() shows the two totals. Include a program to test this class. This program should allow the user to push one key to count a paying car and another to count a non paying car. Pushing the ESC key should cause the program to print out the total number of cars and total cash and then exit.	
12	Create a class called Time that has separate int member data for hours, minutes and seconds. One constructor should initialize this data to 0, and another should initialize it to fixed values. A member function should display it in 11:59:59 format. A member function named add() should add two objects of type time passed as arguments. A main () program should create two initialized values together, leaving the result in the third time variable. Finally it should display the value of this third variable.	

13	Create class SavingsAccount. Use a static variable annualInterestRate to store the annual interest rate for all account holders. Each object of the class contains a private instance variable savingsBalance indicating the amount the saver currently has on deposit. Provide method calculateMonthlyInterest() to calculate the monthly interest by multiplying the savingsBalance by annualInterestRate divided by 12. This interest should be added tosavingsBalance. Provide a static method modifyInterestRate() that sets the annualInterestRate to a new value. Write a program to test class SavingsAccount. Instantiate two savingsAccount objects, saver1 and saver2, with balances of Rs2000.00 and Rs3000.00, respectively. Set annualInterestRate to 4%, then calculate the monthly interest and print the new balances for both savers. Then set the annualInterestRate to 5%, calculate the next month's interest and print the new balances for both savers	
14	Create a class Complex having two int type variable named real & img denoting real and imaginary part respectively of a complex number. Overload +, - , == operator to add, to subtract and to compare two complex numbers being denoted by the two complex type objects	
15	Using the concept of operator overloading. Implement a program to overload the following: a. Unary — b. Unary ++ preincrement, postincrement c. Unary predecrement, postdecrement	
16	Using the concept of operator overloading. Implement a program to overload the following: With the help of friend function a. Unary — b. Unary ++ preincrement, postincrement c. Unary predecrement, postdecrement	
17	Create a Base class that consists of private, protected and public data members and member functions. Try using different access modifiers for inheriting Base class to the Derived class and create a table that summarizes the above three modes (when derived in public, protected and private modes) and shows the access specifier of the members of base class in the Derived class.	
18	You are given three classes A, B and C. All three classes implement their own version of func. In class A, func multiplies the value passed as a parameter by 2. In class B, func multiplies the value passed as a parameter by 3. In class C, func multiplies the value passed as a parameter by 5. You are given class D such that You need to modify the class D and implement the function update_val which sets D's val to new_val by manipulating the value by only calling the func defined in classes A, B and C.It is guaranteed that new_val has only 2, 3 and 5 as its prime factors. Implement class D's function update_val. This function should update D's val only by calling A, B and C's func.	

	Sample Input	
	new_val = 30	
	Sample Output	
	A's func called 1 times	
	B's func called 1 times	
	C's func called 1 times	
19	Create a class called Student that contains the data members like age, name, enroll_no, marks. Create another class called Faculty that contains data members like facultyName, facultyCode, salary,deptt, age, experience, gender. Create the function display() in both the classes to display the respective information. The derived Class Person demonstrates multiple inheritance. The program should be able to call both the base classes and displays their information. Remove the ambiguity (When we have exactly same variables or same methods in both the base classes, which one will becalled?) by proper mechanism	
20	Implement a real case scenario by a proper C++ code to provide the solution to Diamond Problem in C++	
21	Create a base class called shape. Use this class to store two double type values that could be used to compute the area of figures. Derive two specific classes called triangle and rectangle from base shape. Add to the base class, a member function get_data() to initialize base class data members and another member function display_area() to compute and display the area of figures. Make display_area() as a virtual function and redefine this function in the derived class to suit their requirements. Using these three classes, design a program that will accept dimensions of a triangle or a rectangle interactively and display the area. Remember the two values given as input will be treated as lengths of two sides in the case of rectangles and as base and height in the case of triangle and used as follows: Area of rectangle = $x * y$ Area of triangle = $\frac{1}{2} * x*y$	
21.	Create a base class called CAL_AREA(Abstract). Use this class to store float type values that could be used to compute the volume of figures. Derive two specific classes called cone, hemisphere and cylinder from the base CAL_AREA. Add to the base class, a member function getdata () to initialize base class data members and another member function display volume() to compute and display the volume of figures. Make display volume () as a pure virtual function and redefine this function in the derived classes to suit their requirements. Using these three classes, design a program that will accept dimensions of a cone, cylinder and hemisphere interactively and display the volumes. Remember values given as input will be and used as follows:	

Volume of conc = (1/3)π ² Volume of hemisphere = (2/3)π ³ Volume of cylinder = π ² h The task is to debug the existing code to successfully execute all provided test files. You are required to extend the existing code so that it handles the std::invalid, argument exception properly. More specifically, you have to extend the implementation of the process_input function. It takes integer n as an argument and has to work as follows: 1.1t calls function largest_proper_divisor(n). 2.1f this call returns a value without raising an exception, it should print in a single line result=d where d is the returned value. 3. Otherwise, if the call raises an invalid_argument exception, it has to print in a single line the string representation of the raised exception, i.e., its message. 4. Finally, no matter if the exception is raised or not, it should print in a single line returning control flow to the caller after any other previously printed output. Input Format The input is read by the provided locked code template. In the only line of the input, there is a single integer n, which is going to be the argument passed to function process input. 22. Output Format The output should be produced by the function process_input as described in the statement. Sample Input 0 Sample Output the largest proper divisor is not defined for n=0 returning control flow to the caller Explanation 1 In the first sample, n = 0, so the call largest_proper_divisor(0) raises an exception. In this case, the function process_input prints two lines. In the first of them, it prints the string representation of the raised exception, and in the second line, it prints returning control flow to the caller. Sample Input 9 Sample Output result=3 Templates are the foundation of generic programming, which involves writing code in a way that is independent of any particular type. Write a program that can create a list (create a class list) of given type (int, float, char etc.) and perform insertion and deletion on list object.			
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Sample Output result=3 Templates are the foundation of generic programming, which involves writing code in a way that is independent of any particular type. Write a program that can create a list (create a class list) of given type (int, float, char etc.) and perform insertion and deletion on list object. Construct a C++ program to demonstrate different methods of List, Vector and Map			
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Construct a C++ program to demonstrate different methods of List, Vector and Map	23.	a list (create a class list) of given type (int, float, char etc.) and perform insertion	
	24.	Construct a C++ program to demonstrate different methods of List, Vector and Map	

You are provided with a vector of N integers. Then, you are given 2 queries. For the first query, you are provided with 1 integer, which denotes a position in the vector. The value at this position in the vector needs to be erased. The next query consists of 2 integers denoting a range of the positions in the vector. The elements which fall under that range should be removed. The second query is performed on the updated vector which we get after performing the first query. Input Format The first line of the input contains an integer N. The next line contains N spaceseparated integers (1-based index). The third line contains a single integer x, denoting the position of an element that should be removed from the vector. The fourth line contains two integers a and b denoting the range that should be erased from the vector inclusive of a and exclusive of b. **Output Format** Print the size of the vector in the first line and the elements of the vector after the 25. two erase operations in the second line separated by space. Sample Input 6 146289 2 24 Sample Output 3 189 **Explanation** The first query is to erase the 2nd element in the vector, which is 4. Then, a modified vector is {1 6 2 8 9}, we want to remove the range of 2~4, which means the 2nd and 3rd elements should be removed. Then 6 and 2 in the modified vector are removed and we finally get {1 8 9}

11. Suggested Books:

Total

SL. No.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Edition	Year of Publication / Reprint
	Textbooks		
1.	Herbert Schildt, "The Complete Reference C++", 4 th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2003.	4 th	2003
2.	Balagurusamy." Object Oriented Programming with C++",8th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill,2020	8 th	2020
	Reference Books		
1.	Paul Deitel and Harvey Deitel," C++: How to Program",10 Edition, Pearson	10 th	2016

12.	Mode of Evaluation	Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid Term Exam / End Term Exam

SEMESTER III

Name	of Department: - Comp	uter Scier	nce and Engineering	Fundamental of Cloud	
1.	Subject Code: TCS	351	Course Title	Computing and Bigdata	
2.	Contact Hours: L:	3	T: P:		
3.	Examination Duration	(Hrs):	Theory	Practical	
4.	Relative Weight: CI	E 25	MSE 25	SEE 50	
5.	Credits:	3			
6.	Semester:	III			
7.	Category of Course:	DE			
8.	Pre-requisite: NA				

9. Course	After completion of the course the students will be able to:
Outcome**:	CO1: Identify the importance of cloud computing services for the digital ag technologies.
	CO2: Differentiate the services and deployment models of cloud computing.
	CO3: Evaluate the case studies of the different types of cloud computing applications.
	CO4: Analyze the cloud computing services management techniques, providers, and standards.
	CO5: Distinguish the cloud computing services using Bigdata and big data analytics CO6: Design and deploy a cloud based web application.
	CO5: Distinguish the cloud computing services using Bigdata and big data and

^{**} Describe the specific knowledge, skills or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate.

SI. No	Contents	Contact Hours
	Unit 1:	
1	Introduction to Cloud Computing, Vision, History, Evolution, and Characteristics of	9
	Cloud Computing (NIST), Characteristic, Advantages and Disadvantages of Cloud	

	Computing, Cloud computing vs. Cluster computing vs. Grid computing, Importanc of Open Standards for digital age technologies.	
2	Unit 2: Working of Cloud Computing, Cloud Computing comparison with traditional computing architecture (client/server), Impact of Networks, Web Development and User Interface (UI) on Cloud computing. Cloud Deployment Models: Public cloud, Private cloud, Hybrid cloud, Communit cloud.	9
3	Unit 3: Cloud Service Models: Infrastructure as a Service (IaaS), Platform as a Service (PaaS), Software as a Service (SaaS). Infrastructure as a Service (IaaS): IaaS definition, Virtualization, Hypervisors Machine Image, Virtual Machine (VM), Resource Virtualization, Server, Storage Networking, Virtual Machine (resource) provisioning and manageability, Dat centre physical plant/building, Networking firewalls/security, Data storage in clou computing (storage as a service), Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud (EC2), Eucalyptus Open Stack, Case Study of IaaS. Platform as a Service (PaaS): PaaS definition, Service Oriented Architecture (SOA Cloud Platform and Management, Development tools, database management, busines analytics, Operating systems, Google App Engine, Microsoft Azure, and Salesforce Case Study of PaaS. Software as a Service (SaaS): SaaS definition, Web services, Web 2.0, Case Study of SaaS.	9
4	Unit 4: Introduction to Big Data, Characteristics, Architectures, Technologies, Applications Advantages and Disadvantages of Big Data, Tools and Techniques applied in Big Data Association rule learning, Classification tree analysis, Genetic algorithms, Machin learning, Regression analysis, Sentiment analysis, Social network analysis, Differenc between big data and big data analytics. Introduction to Big Data analytics, Data Analysis Techniques: A/B testing, Data fusio and data integration, Data mining, Machine learning, Natural language processin (NLP), Statistics. Case study of Big Data.	9
5	Unit 5: Foundations Services of AWS: Savings, Security, Compliance and DRaa Development Operations. AWS Services: Amazon Lambda, Amazon Relationa Database Service (Amazon RDS), Amazon S3, Amazon CloudFront, Amazon Glacier and Amazon SNS. Service Management in Cloud Computing: Service Level Agreements (SLAs), Billin & Accounting. Economics of Cloud Computing: SWOT Analysis and Value Proposition, General Cloud Computing Risks, (Performance, Network Dependence, Reliability, Outages Safety Critical Processing Compliance and Information Security. Design and Deploy an Online Video Subscription Application on the Cloud.	9
	Total	45

SL.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Edition	Year of Publication
No.			Reprint
	Textbooks		
1.	Rajkumar Buyya, Cloud Computing Principles and Paradigms Wiley,	1 st	2013
2	Kannammal, Fundamentals of Cloud Computing, Cengag Learning,	1 st	2015
3	Cloud Computing Bible, Barrie Sosinsky, Wiley-India,	1 st	2011
	Reference Books		
1.	Jared Dean, Bigdata Data Mining and Machine Learning Wiley,	1 st	2014
2	Vince Reynolds, Bigdata for Beginners, Create spac Independent Publishing Platform,	1 st	2016

12.	Mode of Evaluation	Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid Term Exam / End Term Exam
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SEMESTER III

Name	of Department: - Comp	uter Scien	ice and Engi	neerina _		
1.	Subject Code: TCS		1	rse Title:	Introductio	on to Cryptography
2.	Contact Hours: L:	3	T:	P:		
3.	Examination Duration	Hrs):	Theory	F	Practical	
4.	Relative Weight: CI	E 25	MSE [25		SEE 50
5.	Credits:	3				
6.	Semester:	III				
7.	Category of Course:	DE				
8.	Pre-requisite: NA					

9. Course	After completion of the course the students will be able to:
Outcome**:	CO1:Classify security vulnerabilities involved in data communication over Internet and makeuse of classical algorithms to address the vulnerabilities. CO2: Apply symmetric block ciphers to secure data transmission and storage CO3: Analyze the various public key cryptographic systems and usage of hashing CO4 Appreciate the design of Public Key algorithms, mathematical background and make useof the same for data communication and message authentication CO5: Categorize types of viruses, worms, intrusion and decide measures to counter thethreats. CO6: Understand the legal aspects related to Cybercrime, Intellectual Property, Privacy, Ethical Issues.

^{**} Describe the specific knowledge, skills or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate.

SI. No.	Contents	Contact Hours
1	Unit – 1: Introduction: Computer Security Concepts: The OSI SecurityArchitecture, Security Attacks, Security Services, Security Mechanisms, a Model for Network Security, Standards Cryptography fundamentals and terminology; Cryptanalysis and Brute-Force Attack, Fundamental techniques of cryptography Substitution and Transposition; Classical Ciphers; Basics of Steganography.	8
2	Unit – 2: Modern Cryptography: Symmetric Encryption and MessageConfidentiality:	9

	Total	44
5	 Unit 5: System Security: Intruders, Intrusion Detection, Password Management, Types of Malicious Software, Viruses, Virus Countermeasures, Worms and Principles of Firewalls Legal and Ethical Aspects: Cybercrime and Computer Crime, Intellectual Property, Privacy, Ethical Issues. 	8
4	Unit 4: Public-Key Cryptography: Public-Key Encryption Structure, Applications for Public-Key Cryptosystems, Requirements for Public-Key Cryptography, The RSA Public-Key Encryption Algorithm. Message Authentication: Approaches to Message Authentication, Authentication Using Conventional Encryption, Message Authentication without Message Encryption, MD5 Hash Algorithm.	9
3	Unit – 3: Symmetric key distribution using symmetric encryption: A Key Distribution Scenario, Session Key Lifetime, A Transparent Key Control Scheme, Decentralized Key Control, Controlling Key UsageMathematical Background for cryptography: prime number, Euclidean algorithm for GCD, Extended Euclidean algorithm for multiplicative inverse, Euler's totient function, their programming implementation.	10
	Symmetric Encryption Principles, Fiestal structure. Symmetric Block Encryption Algorithms, Simple DES, double DES, Stream Ciphers and RC4, Random and Pseudorandom Numbers.	

SL. No.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Edition	Year of Publication / Reprint
	Textbooks		•
1.	William Stallings, Network Security Essentials Applications and Standards, ,Pearson Education,	6 th	2018
2	William Stallings , Cryptography and Network Security, Pearson Education,	7 th	2017
	Reference Books		
1.	Behrouz Forouzan , Cryptography and Network Security, McGraw Hill,	3 rd	2015
2	Atul Kahate, "Cryptography and Network Security", McGraw Hill Education,,	3 rd	2017

12.	Mode of Evaluation	Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid Term Exam / End Term Exam

SEMESTER III

Name of Department: - Computer Science and Engineering

1.	Subject Code:	TCS 33 ²	1	Course Title	e: Fundamental of IoT
2.	Contact Hours:	L: [3	3	T: 0 P:	0
3.	Examination Du	ration (Hr	s):	Theory 3	Practical 0
4.	Relative Weight:	CIE	25	MSE 25	SEE 50
5.	Credits:		3		
6.	Semester:		III		
7.	Category of Cou	ırse:	DE		
8.	Pre-requisite:	NA			

9.Course	After completion of the course the students will be able to:			
Outcome**:	CO1: Explain the terms used in IoT.			
	CO2: Describe key technologies in Internet of Things.			
	CO3: Identify components needed to provide a solution for certain applications.			
	CO4: Analyze security requirements in an IoT system.			
	CO5: Design wireless sensor network architecture and its framework along with			
	WSN applications.			
	CO6: Understand business models for the Internet of Things.			

^{**} Describe the specific knowledge, skills or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate.

SL. NO.	Contents	
1	Unit 1: INTRODUCTION Introduction to Internet of Things: History of IoT, About IoT, Overview and Motivations, Examples of Applications, Internet of Things Definitions and Frameworks: IoT Definitions, IoT Architecture, General Observations, ITU-T Views, Working Definition, IoT Frameworks, Basic Nodal Capabilities.	
2	Unit 2: FUNDAMENTAL IoT MECHANISMS AND KEY TECHNOLOGIES Identification of IoT Objects and Services, Structural Aspects of the IoT, Environment Characteristics, Traffic Characteristics, Scalability, Interoperability, Security and Privacy, Open Architecture, Key IoT Technologies, Device Intelligence, Communication Capabilities, Mobility Support, Device Power, Sensor Technology, RFID Technology, Satellite Technology.	

3	Unit 3: RADIO FREQUENCY IDENTIFICATION TECHNOLOGY RFID: Introduction, Principle of RFID, Components of an RFID system, Issues EPCGlobal Architecture Framework: EPCIS & ONS, Design issues, Technological challenges, Security challenges, IP for IoT, Web of Things. Wireless Sensor Networks: History and context, WSN Architecture, the node, Connecting nodes, Networking Nodes, Securing Communication WSN specific IoT applications, challenges: Security, QoS, Configuration, Various integration approaches, Data link layer protocols, routing protocols and infrastructure establishment.	10
4	Unit 4: RESOURCE MANAGEMENT IN THE INTERNET OF THINGS Clustering, Software Agents, Clustering Principles in an Internet of Things Architecture, Design Guidelines, and Software Agents for Object Representation, Data Synchronization. Identity portrayal, Identity management, various identity management models: Local, Network, Federated and global web identity, user-centric identity management, device centric identity management and hybrid-identity management, Identity and trust.	10
5	Unit 5: INTERNET OF THINGS PRIVACY, SECURITY AND GOVERNANCE Vulnerabilities of IoT, Security requirements, Threat analysis, Use cases and misuse cases, IoT security tomography and layered attacker model, Identity establishment, Access control, Message integrity, Non-repudiation and availability, Security model for IoT. Internet of Things Application: Smart Metering Advanced Metering Infrastructure, e-Health Body Area Networks, City Automation, Automotive Applications, Home Automation, Smart Cards.	10
	Total	48

SL.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Edition	Year of Publication	
No.			/ Reprint	
	Textbooks			
1.	Daniel Minoli, "Building the Internet of Things with IPv6 and MIPv6: The Evolving World of M2M Communications", ISBN: 978-1-118-47347-4, Willy Publications	1 st	2013	
2	Bernd Scholz-Reiter, Florian Michahelles, "Architecting the Internet of Things", ISBN 978-3-642-19156-5 e-ISBN 978-3-642-19157-2, Springer	1 st	2011	
3	Parikshit N. Mahalle&Poonam N. Railkar, "Identity Management for Internet of Things", River Publishers, ISBN: 978-87-93102-90-3 (Hard Copy), 978-87-93102-91-0 (ebook).	1 st	2015	

	Reference Books		
1.	HakimaChaouchi, "The Internet of Things Connecting	1 st	2010
	Objects to the Web" ISBN: 978-1- 84821-140-7, Willy		
	Publications		
2	Olivier Hersent, David Boswarthick, Omar Elloumi, The	1 st	2015
	Internet of Things: Key Applications and Protocols, ISBN:		
	978-1-119-99435-0, 2 nd Edition, Willy Publications		
3	Daniel Kellmereit, Daniel Obodovski, "The Silent	1 st	2014
	Intelligence: The Internet of Things",. Publisher: Lightning		
	Source Inc; ISBN-10: 0989973700, ISBN-13: 978-		
	0989973700.		
4	Fang Zhaho, Leonidas Guibas, "Wireless Sensor Network:	1 st	2055
	An information processing approach", Elsevier, ISBN: 978-		
	81-8147-642-5.		

12.	Mode of Evaluation	Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid Term Exam / End Term Exam

SEMESTER III

Name of Department: - Computer Science and Engineering								
1.	Subject Code: TCS- 34				Python Programming Computing			
2.	Contact Hours: L:		T: 0	P :	0			
3.	Examination Duration (Hr	s):	Theory	3	Pr	actical	0	
4.	Relative Weight: CIE	25	MSE 25		•	SEE	50	
5.	Credits:	4						
6.	Semester:	3rd						
7.	Category of Course:	DE						
8 Pre	Pre-requisite: TCS 101 TCS 201							

9. Course Outcome**:	After completion of the course the students will be able to: CO1: Describe the principles of structured programming and be able to describe, design, implement, and test structured programs using currently accepted methodology.
	CO2: Explain what an algorithm is and its importance in computer programming.
	CO3: Recognize and construct common programming idioms: variables, loop, branch, subroutine, and input/output.
	CO4: Define and demonstrate the use of the built-in data structures 'list' and 'dictionary'.
	CO5: Apply idioms to common problems such as text manipulation, web page building, and working with large sets of numbers.
	CO6: Design and implement a program to solve a real-world problem using the language idioms, data structures, and standard library.

^{**} Describe the specific knowledge, skills or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate.

SI. No.	Contents	Contact Hours
1	Unit 1: Introduction: Introduction to Python: Importance of Python, Installing and working with Python in Windows, Linux and Mac, Using Python as calculator, Comments, how to define main function in Python. The concept of data types - Variables, Arithmetic Operators and Expressions String manipulations - Subscript Operator, Indexing, slicing a string, Converting strings to numbers and vice versa, split function. Control flow - if statements, for and while loops, nested loops, Short-	9

	circuit (lazy evaluation), range () function, break and continue statements, pass	
	statements Unit 2:	
2	Data Structures: Lists - Basic list operations, Replacing, inserting, removing an element; Searching and sorting a list, Methods of list objects, using lists as Stacks and Queues, List, and nested list Comprehensions. Tuple, Sets, Difference between list and tuple Dictionary - adding and removing keys, accessing, and replacing values, traversing dictionaries	9
3	Unit 3 File and Exception Handling in Python Reading config files in python, Writing log files in python, Understanding read functions, read (), readline() and readlines(), Understanding write functions, write() and writelines(), Manipulating file pointer using seek, Programming using file operations Exception Handling - Exceptions, why use exceptions, raising an exception, try and except, try, except and else clause; try and finally	11
4	Unit 4: Regular Expressions and Python Packages Regular Expressions - re module, searching a string (match and search), Finding a string (findall), Break string into substrings (split), Replace part of a string (sub) Python packages: Simple programs using the built-in functions of packages matplotlib, NumPy, Pandas	9
5	Unit 5: Python Functions and OOP Concepts Python functions and modules - OS and SYS modules, defining python functions, calling a function, function arguments, Lambda, and map function, Importing python module. Classes and OOP - Class definition syntax, objects, class, and instance variables, Inheritance and multiple inheritance, Polymorphism, Overloading, Overriding, Data Hiding	10
	Total	48

SL.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Edition	Year of Publication
No.			/ Reprint
	Textbooks		
1.	Kenneth A. Lambert, "The Fundamentals of Python: First Programs", Cengage Learning.,	1 st	2011
2.	Think Python: How to think like a Computer Scientist	2 nd	2015
3.	Python Programming using Problem Solving Approach	1 st	2017

12.	Mode of Evaluation	Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid Term Exam / End Term Exam

SEMESTER III

Name	of Department: -	Compi	iter Scier	nce and	Engineer	ina 🗀			
1 101110	or Dopartinont.				Liigiiilooi	9	Fundamen	tal of Infor	mation
1.	Subject Code:	TCS 3	32		Course 7	Γitle:		and Blockchain	
2.	Contact Hours:	L:	3	T:	P:				
3.	Examination Du	ration (I	Hrs):	Theory	/	Р	ractical		
4.	Relative Weight:	CIE	25	М	SE 25			SEE	50
5.	Credits:		4						
6.	Semester:		III						
7.	Category of Cou	rse:	DE						
8.	Pre-requisite:	ΝĀ							

9. Course	After completion of the course the students will be able to:
Outcome**:	CO1: Explain information security and blockchain
	CO2: Know the working of information security techniques
	CO3: Analyze the different information security protocols
	CO4 Use Blockchain to implement information security protocols
	CO5 Apply information security techniques in different applications
	CO6: Develop blockchain enabled information security protocols

^{**} Describe the specific knowledge, skills or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate.

SI. No.	Contents	Contact Hours
1	Unit – 1: Introduction to information security What is information security, why we need information security, the zero trust model, overview of ethical hacking Protection against- unauthorised modification, unauthorised deletion and unauthorised access, different types of user authentication techniques, access control techniques Pillars of information security - confidentiality, availability and integrity Steps to fix a cyber crime - Identify cyber threats, analyse and evaluate threat, treatment Type of hackers - white hat, grey hat, black hat Penetration testing and its phases - reconnaissance, scanning, gaining access, maintaining access, covering tracks	9
2	Unit – 2: Linux Basics and Scripting for Information Security	8

	Total	45
5	Unit 5: Blockchain mechanisms: Details of distributed ledger, smart contracts, bitcoins networks, mining process, consensus algorithms, proof of work, proof of stake, proof of weight, proof of capacity.	8
4	Unit 4: Overview of blockchain- Overview of blockchain, structure of a block, block header, block identifiers: block header hash and block height, genesis block, linking of blocks, merkle trees, and use of merkle root in payment verification	10
3	Unit – 3: Basics of Network and Web Security TCP 3-way handshake, netcat - The Swiss Army Knife of TCP/IP Connections, use netcat to Listen on a port, pushing a command shell back to listener, transfer files, ICMP and Ping command Cross site scripting (XSS) attack, Phishing, Spear Phishing, Sql Injection Attack, Wireshark - A Packet Sniffing Tool	10
	Bash, linux commands, man page, adding and deleting, users and adding them to sudo group, switching users, creating, copying, moving and removing file, writing and appending text to a file, file permissions, working with editors, grep, cut command, starting and stopping services Introduction to bash scripting-basics of bash or shell scripting, conditional statements, loops, manipulating files Introduction to python - Basics of python, conditional statements, loops, list, tuple, dictionary, functions	

SL.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Edition	Year of Publication
No.			/ Reprint
	Textbooks		
1.	Georgia Weidman, "Penetration Testing: A Hands- on Introduction to Hacking", No Starch Press,	1 st	2020
2	George Icahn, "Blockchain: the complete guide to understanding blockchain technology",	1 st	2020
3	Antony lewis, "The basics of bitcoins and blockchains: an introduction to cryptocurrencies and the technology that powers them"	3 rd	2020
	Reference Books		
1.	Andreas M. Antonopoulos, "Mastering Bitcoin: unlocking digital cryptocurrencies", O'Reilly Media,	2 nd	2017
2	Roger Wattenhofer, "Distributed Ledger Tehnology, The science of the Blockchain", Inverted Forest Publishing,	2 nd	2017
	Antonopoulos, Andreas M. and Wood, Gavin. Mastering Ethereum. O'Reilly Media,.	2 nd	2018

12.	Mode of Evaluation	Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid Term Exam / End Term Exam	
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SEMESTER III

Name of Department: - Computer Science and Engineering							ematical	Foundations
1.	Subject Code:	TCS-343		Course T	itle:	for Art	ificial In	itelligence
2.	Contact Hours: L:	3		1		0		
3.	Examination Duration (F	Irs): T	Γheor	у	3	tical		0
4.	Relative Weight: CIE	2	25	MSE	25	<u> </u>	50	
5.	Credits:	4						
6.	Semester:	III						
7.	Category of Course:	DC						

8. Pre-requisite: TMA 101 Engineering Mathemaics I, TMA 201 Engineering Mathemaics II

9. Course	After completion of the course the students will be able to:						
Outcome**:	CO1: Understand the basic concepts of Linear Algebra such as System						
	of Linear Equation, Matrices, Vector Space, Rank, etc.						
	CO2: Understand the basic principles of probability, Bayes theorem,						
	understand the definitions of discrete, continuous, and joint random						
	variables, compute the mean, variance and covariance of random						
	variables.						
	CO3: Solve problems on matrix decompositions such as Choleskey						
	Decomposition, Eigen Decomposition and Diagonalization, Singular						
	Value Decomposition						
	CO4: Describe the vector calculus concepts such as differentiation of						
	Univariate Function, Partial Differentiation and Gradients.						
	CO5: Analyze various mathematical concepts, that are required to build						
	AI & ML models.						
	CO6: Create an AI & ML models by applying the concepts of						
	mathematics such as Linear Algebra, Analytical Geometry, Matrix,						
	Calculus, Probability, etc.						

^{**} Describe the specific knowledge, skills or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate

SI. No.	Contents	Contact Hours
1	Unit 1: Linear Algebra: System of Linear Equation, Matrices, Solving system of Linear Equation, Vector Spaces, Linear Independences, Basis and Rank, Linear Mappings, Affine Space.	10

2	Unit 2: Analytic Geometry: Norms, Inner Products, Lengths and Distances, Angles and Orthogonality, Orthonormal basis, Orthogonal Compliment, Inner Product of Function, Orthogonal Projections, Rotations.	10
3	Unit 3: Matrix Decomposition Determinant and Trace, Eigen Values and Eigen Vectors, Choleskey Decomposition, Eigen Decomposition and Diagonalization, Singular Value Decomposition, Matrix Approximation, Matrix Pylogency	10
4	Unit 4: Vector Calculus Differentiation of Univariate Function, Partial Differentiation and Gradients, Gradients of Vector-Valued Functions, Gradients of Matrices, Linearization and Multivariate Taylor Series	10
5	Unit 5: Probability and Distribution Discrete and Continuous Probability, Sum Rule, Product Rule, Bayes' Theorem, Gaussian Distribution, Change of Variables/Inverse Transform	10
	Total	50

SL.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Edition	Year of
No.			Publication /
			Reprint
	Textbooks		
1.	Marc Peter Deisenroth, A. Aldo Faisal, Cheng Soon Ong,	1 st	2020
	MATHEMATICS FOR MACHINE LEARNING, Cambridge		
	University Press		
2.	Jay Dawani, Hands-On Mathematics for Deep Learning: Build	1 st	2020
	a solid mathematical foundation for training efficient deep		
	neural networks, Packt Publishing Limited		
	Reference Books		
1.	Tamoghna Ghosh, Shravan Kumar Belagal Math, Practical	1 st	2022
	Mathematics for AI and Deep Learning, BPB Publications		

12.	Mode of	Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid Term Exam / End Term Exam
	Evaluation	

SEMESTER III

Name of Department: - Computer Science and Engineering

1.	Subject Code:	TCS 344	•	Co	urse Tit	tle:	Probability and Random Processes		_
2.	Contact Hours:	L: 3		T: 0	P:	0			
3.	Examination Dur	ration (Hrs	s):	Theory	3	Prac	ctical	0	
4.	Relative Weight:	CIE	25	MSE	25	S	EE	50	
5.	Credits:		3	0					
6.	Semester:		3		•				
7.	Category of Cou	rse:	DE						

8. Pre-requisite: TMA 101 Engineering Mathematics I, TMA 102 Engineering Mathematics II

9. Course	After completion of the course the students will be able to:						
Outcome**:	CO1: To provide necessary basic concepts in probability and random processes						
	for applications such as random signals, linear systems in communication						
	engineering.						
	CO2: To understand the basic concepts of probability, one-dimensional and two-						
	dimensional random variables and to introduce some standard distributions						
	applicable to engineering which can describe real life phenomenon.						
	CO3: To understand the basic concepts of random processes which are widely						
	used in IT fields.						
	CO4: To understand the concept of correlation and spectral densities.						
	CO5: To understand the significance of linear systems with random inputs.						

^{**} Describe the specific knowledge, skills or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate

SI. No.	Contents	Contact Hours
1	Unit 1: PROBABILITY AND RANDOM VARIABLES Probability – Axioms of probability – Conditional probability – Baye's theorem - Discrete and continuous random variables – Moments – Moment generating functions – Binomial, Poisson, Geometric, Uniform, Exponential and Normal distributions.	9
2	Unit 2: TWO - DIMENSIONAL RANDOM VARIABLES distributions - Marginal and conditional distributions - Covariance - Correlation and linear regression - Transformation of random	9

	variables – Central limit theorem (for independent and identically distributed random variables).	
3	Unit 3: RANDOM PROCESSES Classification Stationary process – Markov process - Markov chain - Poisson process – Random telegraph process.	9
4	Unit 4: CORRELATION AND SPECTRAL DENSITIES Auto correlation functions – Cross correlation functions – Properties – Power spectral density – Cross spectral density – Properties.	9
5	Unit 5: LINEAR SYSTEMS WITH RANDOM INPUTS Linear time invariant system – System transfer function – Linear systems with random inputs – Auto correlation and cross correlation functions of input and output.	9
	Total	45

SL. No.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Edition	Year of Publication / Reprint
	Textbooks		-
1.	Oliver C. Ibe, "Fundamentals of Applied Probability and Random Processes", Elsevier, Indian Reprint	1 st	2007
2	Peebles. P.Z., "Probability, Random Variables and Random Signal Principles", Tata McGraw Hill	4th	2017
	Reference Books		
1.	Yates. R.D. and Goodman. D.J., "Probability and Stochastic Processes", Wiley India	3 rd	2021
2.	Stark. H., and Woods. J.W., "Probability and Random Processes with Applications to Signal Processing", Pearson Education	3 rd	2002

12. Mode of Evaluation Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid Term Exam / End Term	Exam
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SEMESTER III

Name	of Department: - Compute	r Scien	ice and Engineer	Information Security
1.	Subject Code: TCS-324		Course T	Foundations
2.	Contact Hours: L: 3		T: 0 P:	0
3.	Examination Duration (Hrs	s):	TI 3	P o al
4.	Relative Weight: CIE	25	MSE 25 SE	E 50
5.	Credits:	3		
6.	Semester:	3		
7.	Category of Course:	DE		
8	Pre-requisite: Fundamen	tal of C	Computers (TCS	101). Programming for problem

8. Pre-requisite: Fundamental of Computers (TCS 101), Programming for problem solving (TCS 201)

9. Course Outcome:	After completion of the course the students will be able to:				
Outcome.	CO1: Explain symmetric and asymmetric key cryptosystems.				
	CO2: Know the working of cryptography techniques.				
	CO3: Analyze the different types of cryptosystems.				
	CO4: Use cryptographic techniques to implement information security protocols.				
	CO5: Apply cryptographic techniques in different applications.				
	CO6: Develop symmetric and asymmetric key cryptosystems.				

^{**} Describe the specific knowledge, skills or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate

SI. No.	Contents	Contact Hours
1	Unit 1: Introduction to information security What is information security, why we need information security, the zero trust model, overview of ethical hacking Protection against- unauthorized modification, unauthorized deletion and	10

unauthorized access, different types of use access control techniques Pillars of information security - confidentiality, to fix a cybercrime - Identify cyber threats treatment Type of hackers - white hat, grey hat, black hat Penetration testing and its phases - recon access, maintaining access, covering track security.	availability and integrity Steps s, analyze and evaluatethreat, at naissance, scanning, gaining	
Unit 2: Basics of cryptography What is cryptography, what is confidentiality, and nonrepudiation, applications of cryptog cards, digital currencies, computer passwer plaintext, cipher-text, cipher - characteristics decryption, Key - significance of key length, so cryptography, cryptanalysis, OSI security as security services, security mechanisms	graphy - chip based payment ords, digital communications, of a good cipher, encryption, symmetric and asymmetric key	10
Unit 3: Mathematics applied in information security Concept of divisibility, prime numbers, important cryptography, euclid theorem for GCD, extended and arithmetic, random number generated totient theorem, chinese remainder theorem.	ortance of prime numbers in tended euclidean algorithm, nerators, deterministic and ors, XOR, bit shifts, euler's	8
4 Unit 4: Symmetric key cryptosystem Secret Key (symmetric) cryptography - additive and multiplicative ciphers, rail fence hill cipher, vernam cipher, Vigenère Cip 2DES, 2-3DES, 3DES, AES, block cipher r	ce technique, playfair cipher, bher, RC4 algorithm, DES,	10
Unit 5: Asymmetric key cryptosystem, digital integrity 5 RSA, Diffie Hellman key exchange protoco (ECC), ElGamal encryption system. DSS a ECDSA algorithm, Message integrity, hash HMAC	II, Elliptic curve cryptography algorithm, RSADS algorithm, in functions, MAC functions,	8
	Total	46

S.No	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Edition	Year of Publication / Reprint
	Textbooks		
1.	William Stallings, "Cryptography and Network Security: Principles and Practice", Pearson publication, 2020.	8th	2020
	Reference Books		

1.	Charles P. Pfleeger, Shari Lawrence Pfleeger, Jonathan Margulies, "Security in Computing", 5th Edition, Prentice Hall.	5th	2015
2.	William Stallings, "Network Security Essentials: Applications and Standards", Prentice Hall.	6 th	2016

12.	Mode of Evaluation	Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid Term Exam / End Term
		Exam

SEMESTER III

Name of Department: - Computer Scie			ce and Engineering Introduction to Statistical
1.	Subject Code: TCS-342	2	Course Title: Data Science
2.	Contact Hours: L: 3	3	T: 0 P: 0
3.	Examination Duration (Hrs	s):	Theory 3 Practical 0
4.	Relative Weight: CIE	25	MSE 25 SEE 25
5.	Credits:	3	
6.	Semester:	3	
7.	Category of Course:	DE	
8.	Pre-requisite: Primary kn	owledge	e of statistics and statistical tools

9. Course	After completion of the course the students will be able to:
Outcome**:	CO1: Critically analyze statistical methodologies in order to assess best
	practice guidance when applied to real-world problems in specific contexts
	CO2: Investigate and evaluate key concepts of statistics and data
	science techniques and assess when to apply such techniques in
	1 '''
	practical situations
	CO3: Contextualize, implement statistical models using different
	statistical tools
	CO4: Develop the ability to build and assess data-based models.
	CO5: Understand fundamental principles of statistics and data science
	· ·
	applications and technologies in order to provide strategies to address
	processing of datasets with a variety of characteristics.
	, ,
	CO6: Apply knowledge about algorithms for statistical analysis, machine

learning or data extraction in new areas within data science.

** Describe the specific knowledge, skills or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate.

SI. No.	. Contents		
1	Unit 1: Introduction to data science: Introduction to modern data analysis, Data science components, Data Science Applications. Fundamental Statistics- Probability Distribution: Introduction to Probability, Probability Distribution (Continuous and discrete- Normal, Bernoulli, Binomial, Negative Binomial, Geometric and Poisson distribution)	10	

2	Unit 2: Discrete random variables, Continuous random variable, Markov-chain Monte Carlo, Descriptive Statistics- Sample covariance, Sample covariance matrix, Outlier.	10
3	Unit 3: Concepts of Correlation, Regression, Linear square estimation, Simple Linear Regression, Multiple Regression	9
4	Unit 4: Naïve Bayes' Theorem, Bayesian classification, Central Limit theorem, Data Exploration & preparation, Confidence Interval, The hypothesis- testing, Z-Score.	8
5	Unit 5: Parametric Testing: t-Test and Z-Test, Non-parametric Testing: ANOVA and chi-Square	10
	Total	47

SL. No.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Edition	Year of Publication / Reprint
	Textbooks		•
1.	<u>Douglas C. Montgomery</u> , <u>George C. Runger</u> , Applied Statistics and Probability for Engineers, Wiley	6 th	2016
2.	M. Ross, Introduction to Probability and Statistics for Engineers and Scientists, Academic Press	4 th	2009
3.	James D. Miller , Statistics for Data Science, Packt Publishing Limited	1 st	2017
	Reference Books		
1.	Dr. D.C. Agarwal & Dr. Pradeep K. Joshi, Probability & Statistics for Data Science, Shree Sai Prakashan	1 st	2022
2.	Dr. Mark Gardener, "Beginning R: The Statistical Programming Language", John willey& Sons	1 st	2012

12. Mode of Evaluation Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid Term Exam / End Term Exam	m
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SEMESTER IV

Name of Department: - Computer Science and Engineering **Programming in Java** Subject Code: **TCS-408** 1. Course Title: L: | 3 P: T: | 0 0 2. **Contact Hours:** Practical Theory 3. Examination Duration (Hrs): MSE 25 Relative Weight: CIE. 25 4. **SEE 50** 5. Credits: 3 Semester: IV 6. Category of Course: DC 7.

8. Pre-requisite: TCS 307 Object oriented Programming with C++

9. Course	CO1. Explain the Java programming features and develop programs to
Outcome**:	demonstrate the same.
	CO2. Make use of object-oriented concepts to develop applications CO3.
	Classify exceptions and demonstrate applications for file handling
	and multithreading.
	CO4. Analyze collection framework and develop applications using GUI.
	CO5. Compare and utilize collection framework for programming
	applications.
	CO6. Design applications for event handling and accessing databases
	using Java features.

^{**} Describe the specific knowledge, skills or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate.

SI. No.	Contents	Contact Hours
1	Unit 1: Introduction to Java: Importance and features of Java, Concepts of Java Virtual machine (JVM) Keywords, Constants, Variables and data types, operators and expressions, Control statements, Conditional statements, loops and iterations, Wrapper classes, Scanner Class: Scanner class methods (next(),nextLine() etc. Concept of class: Class definition, adding variables and methods, creating objects, constructors, defining methods, calling methods, Arrays,String Handling in java(String, StringBuffer classes)	10
2	Unit 2: Object Oriented Programming concepts: Inheritance, super classes, multilevel hierarchy, abstract and final classes, overloading and overriding Packages and interfaces: Packages, Defining Packages, Using Packages, import and static import. Access protection.	9

	Interface: Defining Interfaces, abstract methods declarations,	
3	 Implementing interfaces, extended interfaces, interface references. Unit 3: Exception handling: Exception Types, Exception class, RuntimeException Class, Error Class, Checked and uncheced Exceptions, Defining new exceptions; Handling: try, catch and finally; throw statement, throws clause. Input/Output:Basics, Byte and Character Streams, reading and writing from console and file. Multithreaded programming: Java thread model, synchronization, messaging, thread class, Runnable interface, inter thread communication, Producer/ consumer problems, Wait () and notify (). 	9
4	Unit 4: Collection and Generic Framework: Introduction to Collection and Generic Framework: Object class and typesafety, Generics, Interfaces Iterator, List, Set, ArrayList, LinkedList HashSet and ArrayDeque classes AWT & Swing: Introduction to AWT and Swings, Swings advantages over AWT, Swing applications, Swing Controls: JButton, JLabel, JCheckBox, JRadioButton, JList, JComboBox, JTextFiled, JTextArea, JScrollBar, JTable, Graphics in swing	9
5	Unit 5: Event Handling: Event delegation model, classes, Event Listener Interfaces, Adapter classes. Java Database Connectivity (JDBC): The Concept of JDBC, JBDC drivers (Type1 Driver, Type4 Driver), Connection interface, Statement interface, ResultSet interface, Creating and executing SQL statements.	9
	Total	46

SL. No.			Year of Publication / Reprint	
	Textbooks			
1.	Patrick Naughton and Herbert Schildt, "Java 2 The Complete Reference", , McGraw Hill Education	9th	2017	
2	E. Balaguruswamy, "Programming with Java a Primer",	6th	2019	
	Tata McGraw Hill			
	Reference Books			
1.	Core Java-Head First Publication	3rd	2018	
2.	Cay S Horstmann and Gary Cornell, "Core Java		2019	
	Volume –I and II", Sun Microsystems,			

12.	Mode	of	Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid Term Exam / End Term Exam
	Evaluation		

SEMESTER IV

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Name of De	nartmant: _	Comp	utor 🔾	CIANCA	and	L nain	AArına
Name of De	varincii	COILID	นเษา 🔾		anu	LHUIH	CCIIIIU

1.	Subject Code: To	CS-402 Course Tit	le: Finite Automata and Formal Languages
2.	Contact Hours:	_: 3 T: 1 P:	0
3.	Examination Duration	n (Hrs): Theory 3	Practical 0
4.	Relative Weight: CIE	25 MSE 25	SEE 50
5.	Credits:	4	
6.	Semester:	IV	
7.	Category of Course:	DC	
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8. Pre-requisite: TMA 101 / 201 Engineering Mathematics

9. Course	CO1. Understand the concept of abstract machines and their power to
Outcome**:	recognize languages.
	CO2. Formulate DFA, RE and FA with output.
	CO3. Design CFG and check the language is not CFL.
	CO4. Design PDA and convert n-PDA into D-PDA.
	CO5. Design and be familiar with Turing machines and computability.
	CO6: Formulate finite machines, push down automata and Turing machines
	for automated functioning of devices.

^{**} Describe the specific knowledge, skills or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate.

10. Detailed Syllabus

UNIT	CONTENTS	Contact Hrs
Unit - I	Introduction; Alphabets, Strings and Languages; Automata and Grammars, Deterministic finite Automata (DFA)-Formal Definition, Simplified notation: State transition graph, Transition table, Language of DFA, Nondeterministic finite Automata (NFA), NFA with epsilon transition, Language of NFA, Equivalence of NFA and DFA, Minimization of Finite Automata, Myhill-Nerode Theorem.	10
Unit - II	Regular expression (RE), Definition, Operators of regular expression and their precedence, Algebraic laws for Regular expressions, Regular expression to FA, DFA to Regular expression, Arden Theorem, Non Regular Languages, Pumping Lemma for regular Languages. Application of Pumping Lemma, Closure properties of	10

	Regular Languages, Decision properties of Regular Languages, FA with output: Moore and Mealy machine, Equivalence of Moore and Mealy Machine, Applications and Limitation of FA.	
Unit – III	Context free grammar (CFG) and Context Free Languages (CFL): Definition, Examples, Derivation, Derivation trees, Ambiguity in Grammar, Useless symbols, Simplification of CFGs, Normal forms for CFGs: CNF and GNF, Closure proper ties of CFLs, Decision Properties of CFLs, Pumping lemma for CFLs, Applications and Limitation of CFL and CFG.	9
Unit – IV	Push Down Automata (PDA): Description and definition, Instantaneous Description, Language of PDA, Acceptance by Final state, Acceptance by empty stack, Deterministic PDA, Equivalence of PDA and CFG, CFG to PDA and PDA to CFG, Two stack PDA.	10
Unit – V	Turing machines (TM): Basic model, definition and representation, Instantaneous Description, Language acceptance by TM, Variants of Turing Machine, TM as Computer of Integer functions, Universal TM, Church's Thesis, Recursive and recursively enumerable languages, Halting problem, Introduction to Undecidability, Undecidable problems about TMs. Post correspondence problem (PCP), Modified PCP, Introduction to recursive function theory.	8
	Total	47

SL.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Edition	Year of
No.			Publication /
			Reprint
	Textbooks		
1.	J. Hopcroft, R. Motwani, and J. Ullman. Introduction to	3rd	2007
	Automata Theory, Languages, and Computation, 3rd		
	edition, 2007, Pearson/Addison-Wesley.		
2	KLP Mishra and N. Chandrasekaran, "Theory of	3rd	2006
	Computer Science: Automata, Languages and		
	Computation", PHI Learning Private Limited, Delhi		
	India.		
	Reference Books		
1.	Michael Sipser, Introduction to the Theory of	1 st	2013
	Computation, 3rd edition (or 1st edition), 2013, Cengage		
	Learning		
2.	P. Linz. Introduction to Formal Languages and	6 th	2017
	Automata, 6th edition, 2017, Jones and Barlett.		

12.	Mode	of	Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid Term Exam / End Term Exam
	Evaluation		

SEMESTER IV

Name of Department: - Computer Science and Engineering

1.	. Subject Code: TCS-40)3	Course Title:		Microprocessors			
2.	Contact Hours:	L:	3		0		0		
3.	Examination Dur	ation (Hr	s):	Theory	3	Prac	ctical	0	
4.	Relative Weight:	CIE	25	MSE	25	SE	E 5	50	
5.	Credits:		3						
6.	Semester:		IV						
7.	Category of Cou	rse:	DC						

8. Pre-requisite: TEC-101 Basic Electronics, TCS-301-Logic design

9. Course	After completion of the course the students will be able to:							
Outcome**:	CO1 : Remember the concept of microcomputer system.							
	CO2: Understand microprocessor 8085, 8086 and microcontroller 8051 hardware.							
	CO3 : Apply the concepts of assembly language programming of 8085 and 8086 to							
	fulfil different tasks.							
	CO4: Examine the application of 8085 and 8086 microprocessor with interrupt							
	system, real time timer and counter.							
	CO5: Test different interfacing ICs and memory for defined tasks with 8085 and							
	8086 microprocessor.							
	CO6: Integrate the knowledge of 8085, 8086and 8051 in various embedded							
	systems.							

^{**} Describe the specific knowledge, skills or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate.

Sl. No.	Contents					
1	Unit1: Microprocessor Architecture: Introduction to Microprocessor and Microcomputer Architecture, Brief Evolution of Microprocessor, 8085 Register Organization, Internal architecture, Pins & Signals, 8085 Interrupts.	10				
2	Unit 2: Programming with 8085: Programming model of 8085, 8085 instructions set, Addressing modes, Instruction Timing & Execution, Assembly language Programs using Instruction of 8085. Stack and subroutine.	10				
3	Unit 3: Interfacing with 8085, Memory Interfacing: Interfacing EPROM&RAM memories. Address Decoding, Memory & I/O mapped I/O,	10				

	Programmable Interfaces: - 8255, 8251, 8253, 8259, Overview of DMA &	
	DMA controller, ADC and DAC interfacing.	
4	Unit 4: Intel 8086 (16 bit processor): 8086 Architecture, Physical address, segmentation, memory organization, Instruction set of 8086, Addressing Modes, Pins & Signals, 8086 Interrupts. Simple Assembly Language Programs using Instruction of 8086.	10
5	Unit 5: 8051 Microcontroller: Microprocessor Vs Microcontroller, Embedded Systems, 8051 Architecture- Registers, Pin diagram, I/O ports functions, Memory organization. Interrupts of 8051.	08
	Total	48

SL. No.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Edition	Year of Publication / Reprint
	Taratha also		
1.	Textbooks Ramesh Gaonkar, Microprocessor Architecture, Programming, and Applications with the 8085, Penram International Publication (India) Pvt. Ltd	6 th	2013
2	A. K. Ray & K. M. Bhurchandi, Advanced Microprocessors and peripherals, Tata McGraw Hill	3 rd	2012
3.	Muhammad Ali Mazidi, Janice Gillispie Mazidi, The 8051 Microcontroller & Embedded System, Pearson / PHI publication	2 nd	2007
	Reference Books		
1.	Douglas V. Hall, Microprocessors and Interfacing, Tata McGraw Hill	3 rd	2012
2.	Barry B. Brey, The Intel Microprocessors Architecture Programming and interfacing, Pearson	8 th	2012

12.	Mode of Evaluation	Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid Term Exam / End Term
		Exam

SEMESTER IV

Name of Department: - Computer Science and Engineering						
1.		TCS 409	\neg	Course Title:		nd Analysis of ns
2.	Contact Hours:	L: 3	T: 0	P: 0		
3.	Examination Dura	ation (Hrs):	Theory 3	F	Practical	0
4.Re	elative Weight: CIE	25	MSE 25		SEE	50
5.	Credits:	3			_	
6.	Semester:	IV				
7.	Category of Cour	rse: DC				
Q	Pro-requisite: TO	 S-302 Data ?	— Structures with (Δny nr	oarammino	a language

9. Course Outcome**:	After completion of the course the students will be able to: CO1: Understand various asymptotic notations to analyze time and space complexity of algorithms.
	CO2: Analyze the various paradigms for designing efficient algorithms using concepts of design and conquer, greedy and dynamic programming techniques.
	CO3: Provide solutions to complex problems using the concept of back tracking and branch and bound techniques.
	CO4: Apply algorithm design techniques to predict the complexity of certain NP complete problems.
	CO5: Implement Dijkstra's, Bellman-ford, Prims, Kruskal's algorithms to solve the real world problems like traveling salesman problem, job sequencing, packet routing etc
	CO6: Apply pattern matching algorithms like Rabin Karp Algorithm, Brute-force techniques etc to find a particular pattern.

^{**} Describe the specific knowledge, skills or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate.

SL. NO.	Contents	Contact Hours
1	Unit 1: Asymptotic Notations and Searching Algorithms Introduction to Algorithms - What is an Algorithm, Rate of growth, Commonly used rate of growths, Types of analysis, Asymptotic Notations, Master theorem	8

	Searching - Linear search (sorted and unsorted), Iterative and recursive binary	
	search, Tower of Hanoi and solving its recursion, Fibonacci and solving its	
	recursion	
2	Unit 2:	
	Sorting Algorithms Sep Sorting - Bubble sort, Insertion sort, selection sort, quick	
	sort, randomized quick sort, merge sort, heap sort, counting sort, External sorting	10
	Divide sorting algorithms into following types - online sort, stable sort, in place	
	sort, Comparison of sorting algorithms on the basis of number of swaps, by number	
	of comparisons, recursive or iterative nature, time and space complexity	
	Unit 3:	
	Graph Algorithms Department of Court o	
	Representation of Graphs, Breadth-first search (BFS), depth-first search (DFS), topological sort, Difference between BFS and DFS Data structures for disjoint	
3	sets - Finding cycle in a graph, Finding strongly connected components	12
3	Minimum spanning trees - Kruskal and Prim algorithms (Greedy	12
	Algorithms) Single source shortest paths - Dijkstra (Greedy Approach) and	
	Bellman ford (Dynamic Programming) algorithms All pair shortest paths - The	
	Floyd Warshall algorithm	
	Unit 4:	
	Algorithm Design Techniques - Greedy and Dynamic Programming	
4	Greedy algorithms - Activity selection problem, Job sequencing problem,	
•	Huffman codes, fractional knapsack problem	10
	Dynamic Programming - Overlapping substructure property, Optimal	
	substructure property, Tabulation vs Memoization, Fibonacci numbers, 0/1	
	Knapsack problem, Longest common subsequence, Matrix chain multiplication	
	Unit 5:	
	Hashing, String Matching and NP-Completeness Hashing Data Structure, June duction to Hashing Hash function Callisian and	
	Hashing Data Structure - Introduction to Hashing, Hash function, Collision and collision handling, Collision handling - Chaining, Open addressing	
5	String Matching - Naive string-matching algorithm, The Rabin-Karp algorithm,	10
	The Knuth-Morris-Pratt algorithm	10
	NP-Completeness - Importance of NP-completeness, P, NP, NP Complete and NP	
	hard problems, Polynomial time and polynomial time verification, The subset-sum problem, The traveling salesman problem	
	Total	50
	Total	

SL.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Edition	Year of
No.	No.		Publication /
			Reprint
	Textbooks		
1.	Thomas H. Cormen, Charles E. Leiserson, Ronal L. Rivest,	2nd	2006.
	Clifford Stein:" Introduction to Algorithms", 2nd Edition,		
	PHI,		
	Reference Books		
1.	Donald E.Knuth:"The Art of Computer Programming: Volume	3rd	1998
	1: Fundamental Algorithms",3 rd Edition		

2	Ellis Horowitz, Sartaj Sahni, SanguthevarRajasekaran:"		2007
	Fundamentals of Computer Algorithms", 2nd Edition,		
	University press,.		
3	Anany Levitin: "Introduction to the Design & Analysis of	2nd	2007
	Algorithms", 2nd Edition, Pearson Education,.		

12.	Mode of Evaluation	Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid Term Exam / End Term Exam

SEMESTER IV

Nar	Name of Department: - Computer Science and Engineering				
1.	Subject Code: T	CS 451] c	ourse Title:	Virtualization and Cloud Computing
2.	Contact Hours:	L: 3	T: 0	P :	0
3.	Examination Durat	ion (Hrs):	Theory	3	Practical 0
4.	Relative Weight:	CIE 25	MSE	25	SEE 50
5.	Credits:	3			
6.	Semester:	IV			
7.	Category of Cours	DE			

8. Pre-requisite: TCS-351 Fundamental of Cloud Computing and Big data

9. Course	After completion of the course the students will be able to:		
Outcome**:	CO1: Identify the concept of virtualization technique in cloud computing		
	platform.		
	CO2: Demonstrate the use case of the virtual machines.		
	CO3: Analyze the use case of parallel and distributed computing.		
	CO4: Evaluate the architectures of cloud computing.		
	 CO5: Assess the viability of developing, deploying, maintaining and securing cloud computing solutions using a variety of resiliency virtualization testing tools. CO6:Create cloud-computing virtualization strategies using virtualization tools to solve identified business needs on behalf of a client. 		

^{**} Describe the specific knowledge, skills or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate.

SL. NO	Contents	Contact Hours
	Unit 1:	
	Virtualization	
1	Introduction, Characteristics of Virtualized Environments, Taxonomy of	9
1	Virtualization Techniques, Execution Virtualization, Types of hardware	
	virtualization: Full virtualization - partial virtualization - para	
	virtualization	

	Application Virtualization, Network Virtualization, Desktop Virtualization, Storage Virtualization, Server Virtualization, Data Virtualization. Virtualization Solution Providers: V2 Cloud, VMware, Citrix, Microsoft, Oracle VM VirtualBox. Advantages and Disadvantages of Virtualization, Examples, Xen: Para virtualization, VMware: Full Virtualization, Microsoft Hyper-V, Case study of Virtualization Technique		
2	Unit 2: Virtual Machines Virtual machines basics, Process virtual machines: Memory architecture emulation, Instruction emulation, Operating system emulation, Dynamic binary optimization, High level VN architecture, System virtual machines: Resource virtualization (Processors, Memory, Input/Output), Case Study of Intel VT-x		
3	Parallel and Distributed Computing Eras of Computing, Parallel vs. Distributed Computing, Architectural Styles for Distributed Computing, Models for Inter-Process Communication, Technologies for Distributed Computing, Remote Procedure Call, Distributed Object Frameworks, Service Oriented Computing, Parallel programming, from laptops to supercomputers to the cloud, Parallel architectures and programming languages and models, including shared memory (eg OpenMP on your multicore laptop), distributed memory (MPI and UPC on a supercomputer), GPUs (CUDA and OpenCL), and cloud (MapReduce, Hadoop and Spark). Parallel algorithms and software tools for common computations (eg dense and sparse linear algebra, graphs, structured grids). Tools for load balancing, performance analysis, debugging. How high level applications are built (eg climate modeling). Case study of Parallel and Distributed Computing.	9	
4	Unit 4: Cloud Computing Architecture Fundamental Cloud Architectures, Workload Distribution Architecture, Resource Pooling Architecture, Dynamic Scalability Architecture, Elastic Resource Capacity Architecture, Service Load Balancing Architecture, Cloud Bursting Architecture, Elastic Disk Provisioning Architecture, Redundant Storage Architecture. Cloud Computing Reference Architecture (CCRA): Introduction, Benefits of CCRA, Migrating into a Cloud: Introduction, Challenges while migrating to Cloud, Broad approaches to migrating into the cloud, Seven- step model of migration into a cloud, Migration Risks and Mitigation. Case study of Cloud Computing Architecture.	9	
5	Unit 5: Virtualization Tools and Techniques Parasoft Virtualize, Mountebank, Hoverfly cloud, MicroFocus Data Simulation Software, CA service Virtualization, Mocklab, Rational Test Virtualization Server, Tricentis Tosca, Docker, Kubernetes, OpenShift, and Istio. Assess the viability of developing, deploying, maintaining and securing cloud computing solutions using a variety of resiliency virtualization testing tools, Create cloud-computing virtualization	9	

Design and Deploy an Online Healthcare Application on the Cloud. Total	45 Hrs.
strategies using virtualization tools to solve identified business needs on behalf of a client, Case study of Virtualization Tools and Techniques.	

SL. No.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Edition	Year of Publica tion / Reprint
	Textbooks		
1.	Mastering Cloud Computing by Rajkumar Buyya etc., Published by McGraw Hill,	1 st	2017
2	Virtual Machines by James E. Smith, Ravi Nair, Published by MK Publishers,	1 st	2005
3	V K Pachghare, Cloud Computing, PHI,		2016
	Reference Books		
1.	Barrie Sosinsky, Cloud Computing Bible, Wiley Publishing Inc.,	1 st	2011

12.	Mode of Evaluation	Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid Term Exam / End
		Term Exam

SEMESTER IV

Nai	Name of Department: - Computer Science and Engineering				
1.	Subject Code: TCS 471	Course Title: Statistical Data Analysis with R			
2.	Contact Hours: L: 3	T: 0 P: 0			
3.	Examination Duration (Hrs):	Theory 3 Practical 0			
4.	Relative Weight: CIE 25	MSE 25 SEE 50			
5.	Credits: 3				
6.	Semester: IV				
7.	Category of Course: DE				

8. Pre-requisite: TMA101-Engineering Mathematics, TCS-201 Programming for problem solving, TCS 351 Fundamental of Cloud Computing and Big data

9. Course	After completion of the course the students will be able to:				
Outcome**:	CO1: Define the concepts of statistics.				
0 00000	CO2: Understand the probability distribution techniques in different applications.				
	CO3: Identify the needs of data preprocessing.				
	CO4: Implement the manipulation and processing of data in R				
	CO5: Apply the concepts of functions in R				
	CO6: Evaluate the use of R in data analytics				

^{**} Describe the specific knowledge, skills or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate.

SI. No.	Contents			
1	Unit 1: Statistics: Introduction to Statistics- Descriptive Statistics, Summary Statistics, Basic probability theory, Statistical Concepts (uni-variate and bi-variate sampling, distributions, re-sampling, statistical Inference, prediction error)	9		
2	Unit 2: Probability Distribution: Introduction to Probability, Probability Distribution (Continuous and discrete- Normal, Bernoulli, Binomial, Negative Binomial, Geometric and Poisson distribution), Bayes' Theorem, Central Limit theorem, Data Exploration & preparation, Concepts of Correlation, Regression, Covariance, Outliers.	10		

3	Unit 3: Introduction to R and Data Preprocessing: Introduction & Installation of R, R Basics, Finding Help, Code Editors for R, Command Packages, Manipulating and Processing Data in R, Reading and Getting Data into R, Exporting Data from R	10
4	Unit 4: Data Objects-Data Types & Data Structure. Viewing Named Objects, Structure of Data Items, Manipulating and Processing Data in R (Creating, Accessing, Sorting data frames, Extracting, Combining, Merging, reshaping data frames), Control Structures	8
5	Unit 5: Functions in R (numeric, character, statistical), working with objects, Viewing Objects within Objects, Constructing Data Objects, Building R Packages, Running and Manipulating Packages, Non parametric Tests- ANOVA, chi-Square, t-Test, U-Test, Introduction to Graphical Analysis, Using Plots(Box Plots, Scatter plot, Pie Charts, Bar charts, Line Chart), Plotting variables, Designing Special Plots, Simple Liner Regression, Multiple Regression	10
	Total	47

SL. No.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers		Year of Publication / Reprint
	Textbooks		
1.	Dr. Mark Gardener, "Beginning R: The Statistical Programming Language", John willey& Sons, 2012	1 st	2012
2.	Gareth James, Daniela Witten, Trevor Hastie and Robert Tibshirani, "An Introduction to Statistical Learning with Applications in R," Springer, Germany,	2 nd	2021
	Reference Books		
1.	N.G Das, "Statistical Methods (Combined edition volume 1 & 2)," Mc Graw Hill	1 st	2017

12.	Mode	of	Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid Term Exam / End Term Exam
	Evaluation		

SEMESTER IV

Nai	me of Department:	- Computer Scient	ence and Enginee	ering	
1.	Subject Code:	TCS 431	Course Tit	tle:	Microcontroller and Its Interfacing
2.	Contact Hours:	L: 3	T: 0 P:	0	
3.	Examination Dura	ation (Hrs):	Theory 3	Pra	ctical 0
4.	Relative Weight:	CIE 25	MSE 25	SEE 5	50
5.	Credits:	3			
6.	Semester:	IV			
7.	Category of Cour	se: DE			
8.	. Pre-requisite: TEC101/201 Basic Electronics Engineering, TCS-308Logic Design and				

9. Course	After completion of the course the students will be able to:			
Outcome**:	CO1: Understanding the concept of embedded system.			
	CO2: Assembly language programming of 8051			
	CO3: Study of Arduino.			
	CO4: Interfacing of different IC with 8051.			
	CO5: Design and develop systems based on 8051 microcontroller and its interfaces.			
	CO6: Understand the working of interrupts			

^{**} Describe the specific knowledge, skills or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate.

10. Details of the Course:

Computer Organization

S.NO.	Contents	
1	Unit 1: MICROCONTROLLER: Difference between Microprocessors and Microcontrollers, Types of Micro-controllers, Memory structure of 8051, Processor Architecture – Harvard v/s Von Neumann, CISC v/s RISC, 8051 Architecture ,Micro-controller Memory types – control storage, variable area, stack, hardware register space, SFR,8051 pin diagram.	10
2	Unit 2: 8051 Instruction Set:	9

	Addressing modes, external addressing, Instruction execution, Instruction set – data movement, arithmetic, bit operators, branch, Software development tools like assemblers, simulators, O/P file formats. Assembling and running an 8051 program, 8051 data types, 8051 flag bits and the PSW register, 8051 register	
3	banks and stack Unit 3: PROGRAMMING OF 8051 and INTERRUPTS: Programming of 8051, I/O bit manipulation. Timer, counter, programming of timer, 8051 interrupts, Interrupts priority in the 8051, and interrupts programming.	9
4	Unit 4: INTRODUCTION TO ARDUINO IDE PLATFORM Introduction to ATMEGA328 microcontroller and to Arduino IDE, Hardware, Characteristics, Interfacing with different peripheral devices, Debugging hardware errors, Using PWM I/O pins, Interfacing Arduino hardware with Internet of Things	9
5	Unit 5: INTERFACING: Interfacing with 8051: LCD, Keyboard, ADC, DAC interfacing, Sensor interfacing and Signal Conditioning, Stepper motor and DC motor, Basics of serial communications, 8051 connection to RS-232, 8051 serial port programming assembly.	8
	Total	45

SL.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Editio	Year of Publication
No.		n	/ Reprint
	Textbooks		
1.	Mazidi,"The 8051 Microcontrollers & Embedded Systems", Pearson Education,	1st	2007
	MykePredko ,"Programming and Customizing the 8051 Micro-controller",Tata McGraw-Hill edition	1st	, 2003
	Brad Kendall,"Arduino Make use of:A complete beginner guide",	3rd	2013
	zegimer ganze ,		
	Reference Books		
1.	Kenneth Ayala, "The 8051 Microcontroller", West	1 st	1993
	Publishing Company,		
	Julien Bayle,"C-Programming for Arduino" ,	2nd	2013

12.	Mode of Evaluation	Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid Term Exam / End Term			
		Exam			

SEMESTER IV

Name of Department: - Computer Science and Engineering					
Name	or Department. Con		Ticc and Engli	lecting	Fundamental of Cyber
1.	Subject Code: TCS	492	Cour	se Title:	Security
2.	Contact Hours: L	. 3 T:	0 P: (0	
3.	Examination Duration	(Hrs): The	eory 3	Practi	cal 0
4.	Relative Weight: 0	CIE 25	MSE 25	s	SEE 50
5.	Credits:	3			
6.	Semester:	IV			
7.	Category of Course:	DE			

8. Pre-requisite: TCS-332 Fundamentals of Information Security and Block Chain, TCS-392 Introduction to Cryptography

9. Course	After completion of the course the students will be able to:			
Outcome**:	CO1: Explain the three pillars of cyber security, types of hackers and penetration			
	testing.			
	CO2: . Implement the scripting concepts used in cyber security.			
	CO3: Use the netcat, ping and wireshark tools to analyze the security of network.			
	CO4: Use the Javascript, php, sql to analyze the web security.			
	CO5: Explain the use of cyber security protocols for cyber threats.			
	CO6: Analyze the security level of web applications.			

^{**} Describe the specific knowledge, skills or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate.

SL. NO.	Contents	Contact Hours
1	Unit 1: Introduction to Cyber Security What is Cyber security, Why we need Cyber security, The Zero Trust Model, Ethical Hacking Protect Against - Unauthorised Modification, Unauthorised Deletion and Unauthorised Access Three pillars of Cyber Security - Confidentiality, Availability and Integrity Steps to fix a crime - Identify Cyber Threats, Analyse and Evaluate Threat, Treatment Type of Hackers - White Hat, Great Hat, Black Hat Penetration Testing and its Phases - Reconnaissance, Scanning, Gaining Access, Maintaining Access, Covering Tracks	9
	Unit 2: Linux Basics and Scripting for Ethical Hacking	9

2	Bash, Linux commands, man page, Adding and deleting, users and adding them to sudo group, switching users, creating, copying, moving and removing file, Writing and appending text to a file, File permissions, working with editors, grep, cut command, Starting and stopping services, Automating tasks with cron jobs Introduction to Bash Scripting - Basics of Bash or Shell Scripting, conditional statements, loops, Manipulating files Introduction to Python - Basics of Python, conditional statements, loops, list,	
3	Unit 3: Networking Basics for Ethical Hacking Virtualization - Installing and configuring virtual machine, Configuration of network - NAT, Bridged and Host only, Dual boot system TCP/IP - IPv4 and IPv6, IP Address, Mac Address, Subnets, TCP 3-way handshake, DNS Communication between VMs or Setting up network between machines, netcat - The Swiss Army Knife of TCP/IP Connections, use netcat to Listen on a port, pushing a command shell back to listener, transfer files, Ping command Wireshark - A Packet Sniffing Tool	10
4	Unit 4: Basics of Web and Web Security Introduction to Java Script - Basics of Javascript, Input validation, Cross site scripting (XSS) attack Introduction to PHP and SQL - Basics of PHP, Input Validation, Phishing, Spear Phishing, Sql Injection Attack	9
5	Unit 5: Introduction to Cyber Threats and System Hacking Cyber Threats - Malware, password attacks, Distributed denial-of-service (DDos), Ransomware attack, Eavesdropping attack (man in the middle attack), Birthday attack, buffer overflow attack, IP and Mac address spoofing, Steganography, Anonymous browsing, Introduction to tor browser, Introduction to VPN, Secure Sockets Layer (SSL), Secure Shell (SSH) Total	10

SL. No.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Edition	Year of Publication / Reprint
	Textbooks		
1.	Georgia Weidman, "Penetration Testing: A Hands-On Introduction to Hacking," No Starch Press Inc.,	1 st	2014.
2	Nina Godbole ,SunitBelapure, "Cyber	1 st	2011
	Security:Understanding Cyber Crimes, Cyber Forensics		
	and Legal Perspectives," Wiley India,.		

SEMESTER IV

Name of Department: - Computer Science and Engineering				
1.	Subject Code: To	CS 421	Course Title	Fundamental of Statistics and Al
2.	Contact Hours: L:	3 T: 0	P: 0	
3.	Examination Durati	on (Hrs):	Theory 3	Practical 0
4.	Relative Weight:	CIE 25	MSE 25 SE	E 50
5.	Credits:	3		
6.	Semester:	IV		
7.	Category of Course	e: DE		
8.	Pre-requisite: TMA	101/TMA Engin	eering Mathematic	s, TCS-341 Python
Prog	ramming for Compu	iting		

9. Course	After completion of the course the students will be able to:			
Outcome**:				
	analysis techniques utilized in decision making.			
	CO2: Apply principles of Data Science to the analysis of business problems.			
	CO3: To use Machine Learning Algorithms to solve real-world problems.			
	CO4: To provide data science solution to business problems and visualization.			
	CO5: To learn the basic concepts and techniques of AI and machine learning			
	CO6: To explore the various mechanism of Knowledge and Reasoning used for			
	building expert system			

^{**} Describe the specific knowledge, skills or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate.

SL. NO.	Contents	Contact Hours
	Unit 1:	
	Introduction to AI	
1	Definition, Problem, State space representation. Intelligent Systems: Categorization of Intelligent System, Components of AI Program, Foundations of AI, Applications of AI, Current trends in AI, Intelligent Agents: Anatomy, structure, Types	10

	Unit 2: Problem solving			
2	Solving problem by Searching: Problem Solving Agent, Formulating Problems. Uninformed Search Methods: Breadth First Search (BFS), Depth First Search (DFS), Depth Limited Search, Depth First Iterative Deepening (DFID), Informed Search Methods: Greedy best first Search, A* Search, Memory bounded heuristic Search. Local Search Algorithms and Optimization Problems: Hill climbing search Simulated annealing, Local beam search.	9		
	Unit 3:			
	An Introduction to Data Science, Data Processing and Visualization			
3	Definition, working, benefits and uses of Data Science, Data science vs. Business Intelligence, The data science process, Role of a Data Scientist.			
	Data Processing and Visualization: Data Formatting, Exploratory Data Analysis,			
	Filtering, and hierarchical indexing using Pandas. Data Visualization: Basic			
	Visualization Tools, Specialized Visualization Tools, Seaborn Creating and			
	Plotting Maps.			
	Unit 4: Statistical Data Analysis & Inference			
4	Populations and samples, Statistical modelling, probability distributions, fittings a model, Statistical methods for evaluation, Exploratory Data Analysis, Getting	9		
	started with R, Manipulating and Processing data in R, working with function in R, working with descriptive Statistics, Working with graph plot in R.			
	Unit 5:			
8	Statistical Applications			
	Basic Statistical operations, Linear Regression Analysis, Logistic and Exponential Regression, Time Series Analysis, Probability Distribution,	8		
	ANOVA, Correlation and Covariance. Total	45		

SL.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Edition	Year of
No.			Publication /
			Reprint
	Textbooks		
1.	Tom M. Mitchell. "Machine Learning" McGraw-Hill,.	1 st	2017
2	"Statistical programming in R", Oxford University Press	1 st	2017

12.	Mode of Evaluation	Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid Term Exam / End Term
		Exam

SEMESTER IV

Name of Department: - Computer Science and Engineering						
1.	Subject Code: TCS 462		1	rse Title:	Introduc	ction to Big Data
2.	Contact Hours: L:	3	T: 0	P: 0		
3.	Examination Duration (Hr	s):	Theory 3	F	Practical	0
4.	Relative Weight: CIE	25		MSE 2	5 SEE	50
5.	Credits:	4				
6.	Semester:	IV				
7.	Category of Course:	DE				
8	Pre-requisite:	TCS-3	42 TCS-302)		

9. Course	After completion of the course the students will be able to:		
Outcome**:	CO1: Outline the theory of big data, and explain challenges of big data CO2: Understand the types of Big data and its characteristics CO3: Compare Business Intelligence vs Big Data CO4: Get the idea of NoSQL databases, different types of NoSQL/NewSQL datastores CO5: Discuss various types of Big Data analytics CO6: Elaborate a Big Data management architecture		

^{**} Describe the specific knowledge, skills or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate.

SI. No.	Contents	Contact Hours	
1	Unit 1: Big Data and its Challenges Defining Big Data, Characteristics of Big Data, Evolution of Big Data, Traditional Business Intelligence vs Big Data, The Evolution of Data Management, Understanding the Waves of Managing Data, creating manageable data structures, Web and content management, Managing big data. Building a Successful Big Data Management Architecture, beginning with capture, organize, integrate, analyze, and act, Setting the architectural foundation, Performance matters, Traditional and advanced analytics.		
2	Unit 2: Big Data Types and its Sources Defining Structured Data Exploring sources of big structured data, Understanding the role of relational databases in big data Defining Unstructured Data, exploring sources of unstructured data, Understanding the role of a CMS in big data management. Looking at Real-Time and Non Real-Time Requirements, Putting Big Data Together, managing different	8	

	data types, integrating data types into a big data environment.	
3	Unit 3: Technology Foundations of Big Data Exploring the Big Data Stack: - Layer 0: Redundant Physical Infrastructure - Physical redundant networks, Managing hardware: Storage and servers, Infrastructure operations - Layer 1: Security Infrastructure, Interfaces and Feeds to and from Applications and the Internet- Layer 2: Operational Databases. Layer 3: Organizing Data Services and Tools. Layer 4: Analytical Data Warehouses, Big Data Analytics, Big Data Applications.	9
4	Unit 4: Introduction to NoSQL and NewSQL Introduction to NoSQL, Uses, Features and Types, Need, Advantages, Disadvantages and Application of NoSQL, Overview of NewSQL. RDBMSs Are Important in a Big Data Environment. PostgreSQL relational database. Nonrelational Databases. Key-Value Pair Databases - Riak keyvalue database. Document Databases MongoDB, CouchDB . Columnar Databases, HBase columnar database. Graph Databases- Neo4J graph database.	8
5	Unit 5: Big Data Analytics Basic analytics, Advanced analytics, Operationalized analytics, Monetizing analytics. Modifying Business Intelligence Products to Handle Big Data, Studying Big Data Analytics Examples, Terminologies used in Big Data environment.	8
	Total	42

SL.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Edition	Year of Publication
No.			/ Reprint
	Textbooks		
1.	Judith Hurwitz, Alan Nugent, Fern Halper,	1 st	2013
	Marcia Kaufman, Big Data for Dummies, Wiley		
2.	Subhashini Chellappan Seema Acharya, Big Data	2 nd	2019
	and Analytics, Wiley		
3.	Big Data, Black Book, Dreamtech Press	1 st	2016
	Reference Books		
1.	Michele Chambers, Michael Minelli , Ambiga	1 st	2013
	Dhiraj Big Data, Big Analytics: Emerging Business		
	Intelligence and Analytic Trends for Today's		
	Businesses, Wiley		

12.	Mode of Evaluation	Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid Term Exam / End Term Exam
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SEMESTER IV

Name of Department: - Computer Science and Engineering

Java Programming Lab Course Title: 1. Subject Code: **PCS-408** 2 2. Contact Hours: L: 0 T: | P: 1 Theory 0 3. Examination Duration (Hrs): **Practical** 25 4. Relative Weight: CIE **MSE** 25 SEE 50 2 5. Credits: I۷ 6. Semester: 7. Category of Course: DC

8. Pre-requisite: PCS-307 OOPS with C++ Lab, TCS 307 Object oriented Programming with C++

9. Course	After completion of the course the students will be able to:
Outcome**:	CO1: Understand the object-oriented approach in programming along with the purpose and usage principles of inheritance, polymorphism, encapsulation, and method overloading etc.
	CO2: Demonstrate ability to test and debug Java programs using IDE.
	CO3: Analyze, design, and develop small to medium sized application programs that demonstrate professionally acceptable programming standards.
	CO4: Demonstrate skills of developing event-driven programs using graphical user interfaces.
	CO5: Demonstrate skills of developing event-driven programs using graphical user interfaces.

^{**} Describe the specific knowledge, skills or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate.

10. Details of the Course:

SI.	List of problems for which student should develop program and execute	Contact
No.	in the Laboratory	Hours
	Taking input from Command line and convert objects into primitivedata	
22	type: Write a java program to take input as a command line argument. Your name, course, universityrollno and semester. Display the information.	2
	Name: UniversityRollNo:Course:	

	Semester:	
	Concepts of Java Control statements, Conditional statements, loops and iterations, Wrapper classes, Scanner Class:	
	Using the switch statement, write a menu-driven program to calculate the maturity amount of a bank deposit. The user is given the following options: (i) Term Deposit (ii) Recurring Deposit	
23	For option (i) accept Principal (p), rate of interest (r) and time period in years (n). Calculate and output the maturity amount (a) receivable using the formula $a = p[1 + r / 100]n$.	2
	For option (ii) accept monthly installment (p), rate of interest (r) and time period in months (n). Calculate and output the maturity amount (a) receivable using the formula $a = p * n + p * n(n + 1) / 2 * r / 100 * 1 / 12$. For an incorrect option, an appropriate error message should be displayed. [Use Scanner Class to take input]	
	Program to find if the given numbers are Friendly pair or not (Amicable or not). Friendly Pair are two or morenumbers with a common abundance.	
24	 Input the numbers num1 and num2. Initialize sum1 = sum2 = 0. sum1 = sum of all divisors of num1. sum2 = sum of all divisors of num2. If (sum1 == num1) and (sum2 == num2), then print "Abundant Numbers". Else, print "Not Abundant Numbers". 	2
25	Program to check whether the given numbers are friendly pair or not Program to replace all 0's with 1 in a given integer. Given an integer as an input, all the 0's in the number has to be replaced with 1. For example, consider the following number Input: 102405 Output: 112415 Input: 56004 Output: 56114 Steps to replace all 0's with 1 in a given integer	2

	 Input the integer from the user. Traverse the integer digit by digit. If a '0' is encountered, replace it by '1'. Print the integer. 	
	Array in Java:	
	Printing an array into Zigzag fashion. Suppose youwere given an array of integers, and you are told to sort the integers in a zigzag pattern. In general, in a zigzag pattern, the first integer is less than the second	
	integer, which is greater than the third integer, which is less than the fourth integer, and so on. Hence, the converted array should be in the form of $e1 < e2 > e3 < e4 > e5 < e6$.	
	Test cases: Input 1:	
	7	
	4 3 7 8 6 2 1	
26		2
	Output 1:	
	3748261	
	Input 2:	
	4	
	1 4 3 2	
	Output 2:	
	1 4 2 3	
	The problem to rearrange positive and negative numbers in an array .	
	Method: This approach moves all negative numbers to the beginning and positive numbers to the end butchanges the order of appearance of the elements of the array.	
	Steps:	
27	 Declare an array and input the array elements. Start traversing the array and if the current element is negative, swap the current elementwith the first positive element and continue traversing until all the elements have been encountered. Print the rearranged array. 	2
	Test case:	
	. Input: 1 1 2 2 2 2	
	• Input: 1 -1 2 -2 3 -3 Output: -1 -2 -3 1 3 2	
	Output: -1 -2 -3 1 3 2 Program to find the saddle point coordinates in a given matrix. A saddle point	
28	is an element of the matrix, which is the minimum element in its row and the	2
	maximum in its column.	

	For example, consider the matrix given belowMat [3][3]	
	1 2 3	
	4 5 6	
	789	
	Here, 7 is the saddle point because it is the minimum element in its row and maximum element in its column.	
	Steps to find the saddle point coordinates in a givenmatrix.	
	 Input the matrix from the user. Use two loops, one for traversing the row andthe other for traversing the column. If the current element is the minimum element inits row and maximum element in its column, then return its coordinates. 	
	Else, continue traversing.	
	String Handling in Java (using String and StringBuffer class): Program to find all the patterns of $0(1+)0$ in the given string. Given a string containing 0's and 1's, find the total number of $0(1+)0$ patterns in the string and output it.	
29	0(1+)0 - There should be at least one '1' between the two 0's.	2
	For example, consider the following string.	
	Input: 01101111010	
	Output: 3	
	Explanation: 0110 1111010 - count = 1	
30	Write a java program to delete vowels from given string using StringBuffer class	2
	Class definition, creating objects and constructors:	
	Write a java program to create a class named 'Bank' with the following data members:	
	Name of depositor	
	 Address of depositor 	
	Account Number	
	Balance in account	
31	Class 'Bank' has a method for each of the following:	2
	1. Generate a unique account number for each depositor.	
	2. For first depositor, account number will be 1001, for second depositor	
	it will be 1002 and so on3. Display information and balance of depositor	
	4. Deposit more amount in balance of any depositor	
	5. Withdraw some amount from balance deposited.	
	6. Change address of depositor	

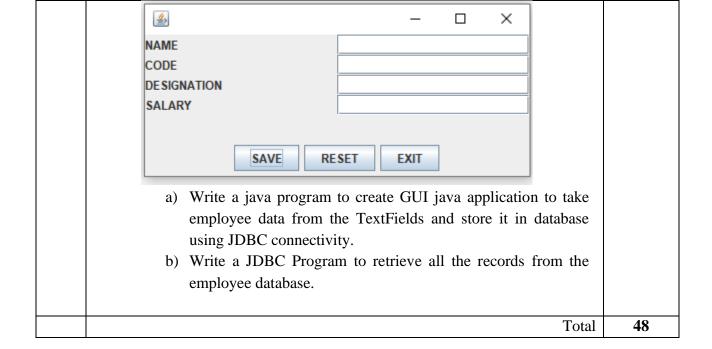
Enter the information (name, address, account number, balance) of depositors. Number of depositors is to be entered by the user.	the
2. Print the information of any depositor.3. Add some amount to the account of any depositor and then disp	lav
final information of that depositor.	lay
4. Remove some amount from the account of any.	
depositor and then display final information of that depositor.	
5. Change the address of any depositor and then display the fi	nal
information of that depositor.	
6. Randomly repeat these processes for some other bank accounts.	
Define a class Word Example having the following description:	
Data members/instance variables:	
private String strdata: to store a sentence.	
private String structa. to store a sentence.	
Parameterized Constructor WordExample(String) : Accept a	
sentence which	
may be terminated by either'.', '?' 'or'!' only. The wordsmay be separated by	by 2
more than one blank space and are in UPPER CASE.	
Member Methods:	
void countWord(): Find the number of wordsbeginning and	
ending with a vowel.	
void placeWord(): Place the words which begin andend with a vowel at	the
beginning, followed by the remaining words as they occur in the sentence	
Method overloading (Compile time Polymorphism):	
Write a Java program to create a class called	
ArrayDemo and overload arrayFunc() function.	
void arrayFunc(int [], int) □ To find all pairs of elements in an	
Array whose sum is equal to a givennumber:	
Array numbers= [4, 6, 5, -10, 8, 5, 20], target=10	
Output:	
Pairs of elements whose sum is 10 are $:4 + 6 = 10$	
Pairs of elements whose sum is 10 are :4 + 6 = 10 5 + 5 = 10	2
-10 + 20 = 10	
void arrayFunc(int A[], int p, int B[], int q) □ Giventwo sorted arrays A	
and B of size p and q, Overload method arrayFunc() to merge elements of	
A with B bymaintaining the sorted order i.e. fill A with first p smallest	
elements and fill B with remaining elements.	
Example:	
Input:	

	int[] A = { 1, 5, 6, 7, 8, 10 } int[] B = { 2, 4, 9 } Output: Sorted Arrays: A: [1, 2, 4, 5, 6, 7]	
	B: [8, 9, 10] (Use Compile time Polymorphism MethodOverloading)	
	Method overriding (Runtime Polymorphism), Abstract class and Abstract method, Inheritance, interfaces:	
34	Write a java program to calculate the area of a rectangle, a square and a circle. Create an abstract class 'Shape' with three abstract methods namely rectangleArea() taking two parameters, squareArea() and circleArea() taking one parameter each.	2
	Now create another class 'Area' containing all the three methods rectangleArea(), squareArea() and circleArea() for printing the area of rectangle, square and circle respectively. Create an object of class Area and call all the three methods.	
	(Use Runtime Polymorphism) Write a java program to implement abstract class and abstract method with	
	following details: Create a abstract Base Class TemperatureData members: double temp; Method members: void setTempData(double) abstact void changeTemp()	
	Sub Class Fahrenheit (subclass of Temperature) Data members:	
	double ctemp;	
	method member:	
35	Override abstract method change Temp() to convert Fahrenheit temperature into degree Celsius by using formula $C=5/9*(F-32)$ and display converted temperature	2
	Sub Class Celsius (subclass of Temperature)	
	Data member:	
	double ftemp;	
	Method member:	
	Override abstract method change Temp() to convert degree Celsius into Fahrenheit temperature by using formula $F=9/5*c+32$ and display converted temperature	
36	Write a java program to create an interface that consists of a method to display volume () as an abstract method and redefine this method in the derived	2

	classes to suit their requirements. Create classes called Cone , Hemisphere and Cylinder that implements the interface. Using these three classes, design a program that will accept dimensions of a cone, cylinder and hemisphere interactively and display the volumes. Volume of cone = $(1/3)\pi r^2h$ Volume of hemisphere = $(2/3)\pi r^3$ Volume of cylinder = πr^2h	
37	Write a java program to accept and print the employee details during runtime. The details will include employee id, name, dept_ Id. The program should raise an exception if user inputs incomplete or incorrect data. The entered value should meet the following conditions: a. First Letter of employee name should be in capital letter. b. Employee id should be between 2001 and 5001 c. Department id should be an integer between 1 and 5.	2
	If the above conditions are not met, then the application should raise specific exception else should complete normal execution.	
	Create a class MyCalculator which consists of a single method power (int, int). This method takes two integers, n and p, as parameters and finds np. If either n or p is negative, then the method must throw an exception which says, "n and p should be non- negative". Input Format Each line of the input contains two integers, n and p. Output Format Each line of the output contains the result, if neither of n and p is negative.	
	Otherwise, the output contains "n and p should be non- negative".	
38	0 0 -1 -2 -1 3	2
	Sample Output 243 16 java.lang.Exception: n and p should not be zero. java.lang.Exception: n or p should not be negative. java. lang. Exception: n or p should not be negative.	
	Explanation In the first two cases, both n and p are positive. So, the power function returns the answer correctly.	

	In the third case, both n and p are zero. So, the exception, "n and p should not		
	be zero." is printed.		
	In the last two cases, at least one out of n and p is negative. So, the exception, "n or p should not be negative." is printed for these two cases.		
	File Handling in Java:		
	Write a java file handling program to count and display the number of		
0.0	palindromes present in a text file "myfile.txt".	2	
39	Example: If the file "myfile.txt" contains the following lines,	2	
	My name is NITIN		
	Hello aaa and bbb wordHow are You ARORA is my friendOutput will be => 4		
	Multithreaded programming:		
	Write a program MultiThreads that creates two threads-one thread with the		
	name CSthread and the other thread named ITthread.		
4.0			
40	Each thread should		
	display its respective name and execute after a gap of 500 milliseconds. Each		
	thread should also display a number indicating the number of times it got a		
	chance to execute.		
	Write a java program for to solve producer consumer problem in which a		
41.	producer produces a value and consumer consume the value before producer	2	
	generate the next value		
	Collection and Generic Framework:		
42	Write a method removeEvenLength that takes an ArrayList of Strings as a		
	parameter and that removesall the strings of even length from the list. (Use ArrayList)		
	Write a method swapPairs that switches the order of values in an ArrayList of		
	Strings in a pairwise fashion. Your method should switch the order of the first		
	two values, then switch the order of the next two, switch the order of the next		
	two, and so on.		
	two, and so on.		
	For example, if the list initially stores these values: {"four", "score", "and",		
	"seven", "years",		
	"ago"} your method should switch the first pair, "four", "score", the second		
43	pair, "and", "seven", and the third pair, "years", "ago", to yield this list:	2	
	{"score", "four", "seven", "and", "ago", "years"}		
	If there are an odd number of values in the list, the final element is not moved.		
	For example, if the original list had been: {"to", "be", "or", "not", "to", "be",		
	"hamlet"} It would again switch pairs of values, but the final value, "hamlet"		
	would not be moved, yielding this list: {"be", "to", "not", "or", "be", "to",		
	"hamlet"}		

	Write a method called alternate that accepts two Listsof integers as its		
	parameters and returns a		
	new List containing alternating elements from the twolists, in the		
	following order:		
	• First element from first list		
	First element from second list Second element from first list		
	 Second element from first list Second element from second list 		
44	Third element from first list	2	
	Third element from second list	2	
	Time clement from second list		
	If the lists do not contain the same number of elements, the remaining elements from the longer list should be placed consecutively at the end. For example, for a first list of (1, 2, 3, 4, 5) and a second list of (6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12), a call of alternate (list1, list2) should return a list containing (1, 6, 2, 7, 3, 8, 4, 9, 5, 10, 11, 12). Do not modify the parameter lists passed in.		
	AWT & Swing, Event Handling:		
	Write a GUI program to develop an application that receives a string in one text field, and count number of vowels in a string and returns it in		
	another text field, when the button named "CountVowel" is clicked.		
	When the button named "Reset" is clicked it will resetthe value of textfield one and Textfield two.		
	When the button named "Exit" is clicked it will closed the application.		
	men and cauted named. Each is encircle to will elected the appropriate		
45	Enter String Result CountVowel Reset Exit	2	
	CountVowel Reset Exit		
	Java Database Connectivity (JDBC):		
	Create a database of employee with the following fields.		
46	• Name	2	
	• Code		
	• Designation		
	• Salary		



11. Suggested Books:

SL. No.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Edition	Year of Publication / Reprint
	Textbooks		
1.	Patrick Naughton and Herbert Schildt, "Java 2 The Complete Reference", McGraw Hill Education	9th	2017
	E. Balaguruswamy, "Programming with Java a Primer", Tata McGraw Hill	6th	2019
	Reference Books		
1.	Core Java-Head First Publication	3rd	2018
	Cay S Horstmann and Gary Cornell, "Core Java Volume –I and II", Sun Microsystems,	Standard edition	2019

12.	Mode of Evaluation	Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid Term Exam / End Term
		Exam

SEMESTER IV

Name of Department: - Computer Science and Engineering

1. Subject Code:	PCS-403	Course ⁻	Fitle: Microprocessors lab
2. Contact Hours:	L: 0	T: 1 P	2
3. Examination Du	ration (Hrs):	Theory 0	Practical 3
4. Relative Weight	:: CIE 25	MSE 25	SEE 50
5. Credits:	2		
6. Semester:	4		
7. Category of Cou	urse: DC		

8. Pre-requisite: PEC151/251 Basic Electronics Engineering Lab, PCS 308 Logic design lab

9. Course	After completion of the course the students will be able to:					
Outcome**:	CO1: Remember 8085 and 8086 instruction set.					
	CO2: Understand different assembly language programs on					
	microprocessor-based microcomputer kit.					
	CO3: Apply the programming concepts to test and debug assembly					
	language programs in the laboratory.					
	CO4: Assemble various devices and memories with microprocessor for any					
	defined task.					

^{**} Describe the specific knowledge, skills or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate

10. Details of the Course:

Sl.	List of problems for which student should develop program and execute	
No.	in the Laboratory	Hours
1.	Write program in 8085 to swap two 8-bit numbers.	2
2.	Write a program in 8085 to move a block of data bytes from one location to another location.	1
3.	Write programs in 8085 to perform addition & subtraction of 8-bit number with carry / borrow.	1
4.	Write a program in 8085 for addition of 16 bits numbers with carry.	1
5.	Write a program for multiplication of two 8-bit numbers in 8085.	1
6.	Write an ALP in 8085 to add two 8-bit BCD data.	1
7.	(a) Write an ALP in 8085 to find larger number between two numbers.(b) Write an ALP in 8085 to find smaller number between two numbers.	2
8.	Write an ALP in 8085 to find largest /smallest in a series of n number.	1
9.	Write a program to find square root of a number in 8085.	1
10.	Write a program for division of two 8 bit numbers in 8085.	1

11.	Write a program in 8085 to count number of ones in an 8 bit number.	1
12.	Write a program in 8085 to find sum of digits of an 8 bit number.	1
13.	(a) Write a program in 8086 to add two 16-bit numbers given by the user.	2
	(b) Write a program in 8086 to subtract two 16-bit numbers given by the user.	
14.	(a) Write a program in 8086 to multiply two 8-bit data.	2
	(b) Write a program in 8086 to divide: 8-bit data by 8-bit data.	
15.	Write a program in 8086 to find the largest no. from an array of n numbers stored in an array.	1
16.	Write a program in 8086 to add and subtract two 8-bit BCD numbers.	1
17.	Write a program in 8086 to convert a BCD number to its Binary code equivalent.	1
18.	Write a program in 8086 to perform sorting of given set of numbers.	1
19.	Write a program in 8086 to convert a Binary number to its gray code equivalent.	1
20.	Write a program in 8086 to convert a BCD number to its ASCII code equivalent.	1
	Total	24

11. Suggested Books:

SL. No.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Edition	Year of Publica tion / Reprint
	Textbooks		
1.	Ramesh Gaonkar, Microprocessor Architecture, Programming, and Applications with the 8085, Penram International Publication (India) Pvt. Ltd	6 th	2013
2.	A. K. Ray & K. M. Bhurchandi, Advanced Microprocessors and peripherals, Tata McGraw Hill	3 rd	2012
	Reference Books		
1.	Douglas V. Hall, Microprocessors and Interfacing, Tata McGraw Hill	3rd	2012
2.	Barry B. Brey, The Intel Microprocessors Architecture Programming and interfacing, Pearson	8th	2012

Ī	12.	Mode of Evaluation	Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid Term Exam / End Term
			Exam

SEMESTER IV

Name of De	partment: -	Computer	Science	and	Engine	ering

1. Subject Code:	PCS-409	9]	Course 7	Γitle:	Design and Analysis of Algorithms Lab
2. Contact Hours:	L: ()	T: 1	P:	2	
3. Examination Du	ration (Hr	s): The	eory 1		Praction	cal 2
4. Relative Weight	: CIE	25	MSE	25		SEE 50
5. Credits:		2				
6. Semester:		IV				
7. Category of Cou	ırse:	DC				

8. Pre-requisite: PCS-302 Data Structures Lab, Any programming language

9. Course	After completion of the course the students will be able to:
Outcome**:	CO1: Analyze algorithmic time and space complexity using asymptotic notations.
	CO2: Design efficient algorithms utilizing techniques such as divide and conquer, greedy, and dynamic programming.
	CO3: Solve complex problems using backtracking and branch-and-bound techniques.
	CO4: Predict the complexity of NP-complete problems and propose algorithmic approaches.
	CO5: Apply Dijkstra's, Bellman-Ford, Prim's, and Kruskal's algorithms to real-world problems.
	CO6: Implement pattern matching algorithms like Rabin-Karp and brute-force techniques for pattern identification.:

^{**} Describe the specific knowledge, skills or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate.

10. Details of the Course:

SI. No.	List of problems for which student should develop program and execute in the Laboratory	Contact Hours
1	Week 1: Note: Input, output format for problem I, II and III is same and is given at the end of this exercise.	2

I. Given an array of nonnegative integers, design a linear algorithm and implement it using a program to find whether given key element is present in the array or not. Also, find total number of comparisons for each input case. (Time Complexity = O(n), where n is the size of input)

```
Sample I/O Problem - 1:
Input: Output:
3     Present 6
8     Present 3
34 35 65 31 25 89 64 30     Not Present 6
89
5
977 354 244 546 355
244
6
```

- II. Given an already sorted array of positive integers, design an algorithm and implement it using a program to find whether given key element is present in the array or not. Also, find total number of comparisons for each input case. (Time Complexity = O(nlogn), where n is the size of input).
- III. Given an already sorted array of positive integers, design an algorithm and implement it using a program to find whether a given key element is present in the sorted array or not. For an array arr[n], search at the indexes arr[0], arr[2], arr[4], ., arr[2k] and so on. Once the interval (arr[2k] <

key < arr[2k+1]) is found, perform a linear search operation from the index 2k to find the element key. (Complexity < O(n), where n is the number of elements need to be scanned for searching): Jump Search

Input format:

23 64 13 67 43 56

63

The first line contains number of test cases, T. For each test case, there will be three input lines. First line contains n (the size of array).

Second line contains n space-separated integers describing array.

Third line contains the key element that need to be searched in the array.

Output format:

The output will have T number of lines.

For each test case, output will be "Present" if the key element is found in the array, otherwise "Not Present".

Also for each test case output the number of comparisons required to search the key.

Sample I/O Problem - 2, 3:

Input: Output:

3 Present 3	
5 Not Present 4	
12 23 36 39 41 Present 3	
41	
8	
21 39 40 45 51 54 68 72	
69	
10	
101 246 438 561 796 896 899 4644 7999 8545	
7999	

Week 2:

I. Given a sorted array of positive integers containing few duplicate elements, design an algorithm and implement it using a program to find whether the given key element is present in the array or not. If present, then also find the number of copies of given key. (Time Complexity = $O(\log n)$)

Input format:

The first line contains number of test cases, T. For each test case, there will be three input lines. First line contains n (the size of array).

Second line contains space-separated integers describing array.

Third line contains the key element that need to be searched in the array.

Output format:

The output will have T number of lines.

For each test case T, output will be the key element and its number of copies in the array if the key element is present in the array otherwise print "Key not present".

2 Sample I/O Problem I:

```
Input: Output: 2 981 - 2
```

10 75 - 3

235 235 278 278 763 764 790 853 981 981

981

15

1 2 2 3 3 5 5 5 25 75 75 75 97 97 97

75

II. Given a sorted array of positive integers, design an algorithm and implement it using a program to find three indices i, j, k such that arr[i] + arr[j] = arr[k].

Input format:

The first line contains number of test cases, T. For each test case, there will be two input lines. First line contains n (the size of array).

Second line contains space-separated integers describing array.

Output: The output will have T number of lines. For each test case T, print the value of i, j and k, if found else print "No sequence found". Sample I/O Problem II: Input: Output: No sequence found. 5 2, 7, 8 1 5 84 209 341 1, 6, 9 24 28 48 71 86 89 92 120 194 201 15 64 69 82 95 99 107 113 141 171 350 369 400 511 590 666 III. Given an array of nonnegative integers, design an algorithm and a program to count the number of pairs of integers such that their difference is equal to a given key, K. Input format: The first line contains number of test cases, T. For each test case, there will be three input lines. First line contains n (the size of array). Second line contains space-separated integers describing array. Third line contains the key element. Output format: The output will have T number of lines. For each test case T, output will be the total count i.e. number of times such pair exists. Sample I/O Problem III: Input: Output: 2 2 5 4 1 51 84 21 31 20 10 24 71 16 92 12 28 48 14 20 22 4 Week 3: I. Given an unsorted array of integers, design an algorithm and a program to sort the array using insertion sort. Your program should be able to find 1 number of comparisons and shifts (shifts - total number of times the array elements are shifted from their place) required for sorting the array. Input Format:

The first line contains number of test cases, T. For each test case, there will be two input lines. First line contains n (the size of array).

Second line contains space-separated integers describing array.

Output Format:

The output will have T number of lines.

For each test case T, there will be three output lines. First line will give the sorted array.

Second line will give total number of comparisons.

Third line will give total number of shift operations required.

Sample I/O Problem I:

```
Input: Output:
3
       -31 -23 32 45 46 65 76 89
8
       comparisons = 13
-23 65 -31 76 46 89 45 32
                            shifts = 20
10
       21 32 34 46 51 54 65 76 78 97
54 65 34 76 78 97 46 32 51 21
                                   comparisons = 28
15
       shifts = 37
63 42 223 645 652 31 324 22 553 -12 54 65 86 46 325
                                                         -12 22 31 42 46 54
63 65 86 223 324 325 553 645 652
       comparisons = 54
       shifts = 68
```

II. Given an unsorted array of integers, design an algorithm and implement a program to sort this array using selection sort. Your program should also find number of comparisons and number of swaps required.

Input Format:

The first line contains number of test cases, T. For each test case, there will be two input lines. First line contains n (the size of array).

Second line contains space-separated integers describing array.

Output Format:

The output will have T number of lines.

For each test case T, there will be three output lines. First line will give the sorted array.

Second line will give total number of comparisons. Third line will give total number of swaps required.

Sample I/O Problem II:

63 42 223 645 652 31 324 22 553 12 54 65 86 46 325 12 22 31 42 46 54 63 65 86 223 324 325 553 645 652 comparisons = 105swaps = 14Given an unsorted array of positive integers, design an algorithm and implement it using a program to find whether there are any duplicate elements in the array or not. (use sorting) (Time Complexity = $O(n \log n)$) Input Format: The first line contains number of test cases, T. For each test case, there will be two input lines. First line contains n (the size of array). Second line contains space-separated integers describing array. Output Format: The output will have T number of lines. For each test case, output will be 'YES' if duplicates are present otherwise 'NO'. Sample I/O Problem III: Input: Output: 3 NO 5 YES 28 52 83 14 75 NO 10 75 65 1 65 2 6 86 2 75 8 75 35 86 57 98 23 73 1 64 8 11 90 61 19 20 Week 4: Given an unsorted array of integers, design an algorithm and implement it using a program to sort an array of elements by dividing the array into two subarrays and combining these subarrays after sorting each one of them. Your program should also find number of comparisons and inversions during sorting the array. **Input Format:** The first line contains number of test cases, T. For each test case, there will be two input lines. First line contains n (the size of array). 1 Second line contains space-separated integers describing array. Output Format: The output will have T number of lines. For each test case T, there will be three output lines. First line will give the sorted array. Second line will give total number of comparisons. Third line will give total number of inversions required. Sample I/O Problem I: Input: Output:

21 23 32 45 46 65 76 89

II. Given an unsorted array of integers, design an algorithm and implement it using a program to sort an array of elements by partitioning the array into two subarrays based on a pivot element such that one of the sub array holds values smaller than the pivot element while another sub array holds values greater than the pivot element. Pivot element should be selected randomly from the array. Your program should also find number of comparisons and swaps required for sorting the array.

Input Format:

The first line contains number of test cases, T. For each test case, there will be two input lines. First line contains n (the size of array).

Second line contains space-separated integers describing array.

Output Format:

The output will have T number of lines.

For each test case T, there will be three output lines. First line will give the sorted array.

Second line will give total number of comparisons. Third line will give total number of swaps required.

```
Sample I/O Problem II:
```

```
Input: Output:
3
      21 23 32 45 46 65 76 89
8
      comparisons = 14
23 65 21 76 46 89 45 32
                           swaps = 10
      21 32 34 46 51 54 65 76 78 97
54 65 34 76 78 97 46 32 51 21
                                  comparisons = 29
      swaps = 21
63 42 223 645 652 31 324 22 553 12 54 65 86 46 325
                                                       12 22 31 42 46 54
63 65 86 223 324 325 553 645 652
      comparisons = 45
       swaps = 39
```

III. Given an unsorted array of integers, design an algorithm and implement it using a program to find Kth smallest or largest element in the array. (Worst case Time Complexity = O(n))

Input Format:

The first line contains number of test cases, T. For each test case, there will be three input lines. First line contains n (the size of array).

Second line contains space-separated integers describing array. Third line contains K.

	Output Format:	
	The output will have T number of lines.	
	For each test case, output will be the Kth smallest or largest array element. If no Kth element is present, output should be "not present".	
	Sample for Kth smallest:	
	Input: Output:	
	3 123 10 78	
	123 656 54 765 344 514 765 34 765 234	
	3	
	15 43 64 13 78 864 346 786 456 21 19 8 434 76 270 601 8	
	Week 5:	
	I. Given an unsorted array of alphabets containing duplicate elements. Design an algorithm and implement it using a program to find which alphabet has maximum number of occurrences and	
	print it. (Time Complexity = $O(n)$) (Hint: Use counting sort)	
	Input Format:	
	The first line contains number of test cases, T. For each test case, there will be two input lines. First line contains n (the size of array).	
	Second line contains space-separated integers describing array.	
_	Output:	0
5	The output will have T number of lines.	2
	For each test case, output will be the array element which has maximum occurrences and its total number of occurrences.	
	If no duplicates are present (i.e. all the elements occur only once), output should be "No Duplicates Present".	
	Sample I/O Problem I:	
	Input: Output:	
	$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 3 & a-3 \end{bmatrix}$	
	10 No Duplicates Present	
	aedwadqafp 1-4	
	15	
	r k p g v y u m q a d j c z e	
	20	
	L	

gtlltcwawglcwdsaavcl

II. Given an unsorted array of integers, design an algorithm and implement it using a program to find whether two elements exist such that their sum is equal to the given key element. (Time Complexity = $O(n \log n)$)

Input Format:

The first line contains number of test cases, T. For each test case, there will be two input lines. First line contains n (the size of array).

Second line contains space-separated integers describing array. Third line contains key

Output Format:

The output will have T number of lines.

For each test case, output will be the elements arr[i] and arr[j] such that arr[i]+arr[j] = key if exist otherwise print 'No Such Elements Exist'.

Sample I/O Problem II:

Input: Output:

2 10 40

10 No Such Element Exist

64 28 97 40 12 72 84 24 38 10

50

15

56 10 72 91 29 3 41 45 61 20 11 39 9 12 94

302

III. You have been given two sorted integer arrays of size m and n. Design an algorithm and implement it using a program to find list of elements which are common to both. (Time Complexity = O(m+n))

Input Format:

First line contains m (the size of first array).

Second line contains m space-separated integers describing first array. Third line contains n (the size of second array).

Fourth line contains n space-separated integers describing second array.

Output Format:

Output will be the list of elements which are common to both.

Sample I/O Problem III:

Input: Output:

7 10 10 34 55

34 76 10 39 85 10 55

12

30 55 34 72 10 34 10 89 11 30 69 51

Note: Consider the following input format in the form of adjacency matrix for graph based questions (directed/undirected/weighted/unweighted graph).

Input Format: Consider example of below given graph in Figure (a).

A boolean matrix AdjM of size V X V is defined to represent edges of the graph. Each edge of graph is represented by two vertices (start vertex u, end vertex v). That means, an edge from u to v is represented by making AdjM[u,v] and AdjM[v,u] = 1. If there is no edge between u and v then it is represented by making AdjM[u,v] = 0. Adjacency matrix representation of below given graph is shown in Figure (b). Hence edges are taken in the form of adjacency matrix from input. In case of weighted graph, an edge from u to v having weight w is represented by making AdjM[u,v] and AdjM[v,u] = w.

Input format for this graph is shown in Figure (c).

First input line will obtain number of vertices V present in graph.

After first line, V input lines are obtained. For each line i in V, it contains V space separated boolean integers representing whether an edge is present between i and all V.

6

Figure (a) Figure (b) Figure (c)

Week 6:

I. Given a (directed/undirected) graph, design an algorithm and implement it using a program to find if a path exists between two given vertices or not. (Hint: use DFS)

Input Format:

Input will be the graph in the form of adjacency matrix or adjacency list. Source vertex number and destination vertex number is also provided as an input.

Output Format:

Output will be 'Yes Path Exists' if path exists, otherwise print 'No Such Path Exists'. Sample I/O Problem I:

II. Given a graph, design an algorithm and implement it using a program to find if a graph is bipartite or not. (Hint: use BFS)

Input Format:

Input will be the graph in the form of adjacency matrix or adjacency list.

Output Format:

Output will be 'Yes Bipartite' if graph is bipartite, otherwise print 'Not Bipartite'. Sample I/O Problem II:

III. Given a directed graph, design an algorithm and implement it using a program to find whether cycle exists in the graph or not.

Input Format:

Input will be the graph in the form of adjacency matrix or adjacency list.

Output Format:

Output will be 'Yes Cycle Exists' if cycle exists otherwise print 'No Cycle Exists'. Sample I/O Problem III:

Week 7:

Note: Input, output format along with sample input output for problem I and II is same and is provided at the end of problem II.

- I. After end term examination, Akshay wants to party with his friends. All his friends are living as paying guest and it has been decided to first gather at Akshay's house and then move towards party location. The problem is that no one knows the exact address of his house in the city. Akshay as a computer science wizard knows how to apply his theory subjects in his real life and came up with an amazing idea to help his friends. He draws a graph by looking in to location of his house and his friends' location (as a node in the graph) on a map. He wishes to find out shortest distance and path covering that distance from each of his friend's location to his house and then whatsapp them this path so that they can reach his house in minimum time. Akshay has developed the program that implements Dijkstra's algorithm but not sure about correctness of results. Can you also implement the same algorithm and verify the correctness of Akshay's results? (Hint: Print shortest path and distance from friends' location to Akshay's house)
- II. Design an algorithm and implement it using a program to solve previous question's problem using Bellman- Ford's shortest path algorithm.

Input Format:

Input will be the graph in the form of adjacency matrix or adjacency list. Source vertex number is also provided as an input.

Output Format:

Output will contain V lines.

Each line will represent the whole path from destination vertex number to source vertex number along with minimum path weigth.

Sample I/O Problem I and II:

```
Input: Output: 5 1:0 04100 231:3 00004 31:1 02040 431:3 00004 5231:7 00000 1
```

III. Given a directed graph with two vertices (source and destination). Design an algorithm and implement it using a program to find the weight of the shortest path from source to destination with exactly k edges on the path.

Input Format:

First input line will obtain number of vertices V present in the graph.

Graph in the form of adjacency matrix or adjacency list is taken as an input in next V lines.

Next input line will obtain source and destination vertex number. Last input line will obtain value k.

Output Format:

Output will be the weigth of shortest path from source to destination having exactly k edges. If no path is available then print "no path of length k is available".

Sample I/O Problem III:

```
Input: Output:
```

Weight of shortest path from (1,4) with 2 edges : 9

0 10 3 2

0007

0006

0000

14

2

Week 8:

Note: Input, output format along with sample input output for problem I and II is same and is provided at the end of problem II.

I. Assume that a project of road construction to connect some cities is given to your friend. Map of these cities and roads which will connect them (after construction) is provided to him in the form of a graph. Certain amount of rupees is associated with construction of each road. Your friend has to calculate the minimum budget required for this project. The budget should be designed in such a way that the cost of connecting the cities should be minimum and number of roads required to connect all the cities should be minimum (if

there are N cities then only N-1 roads need to be constructed). He asks you for help. Now, you have to help your friend by designing an algorithm which will find minimum cost required to connect these cities. (use Prim's algorithm)

II. Implement the previous problem using Kruskal's algorithm.

Input Format:

The first line of input takes number of vertices in the graph. Input will be the graph in the form of adjacency matrix or adjacency list.

Output Format:

Output will be minimum spanning weight

Sample I/O Problem I and II:

Input: Output:

7 Minimum Spanning Weight: 39

0075000

0085000

7809700

50901560

05715089

00068011

00009110

III. Assume that same road construction project is given to another person. The amount he will earn from this project is directly proportional to the budget of the project. This person is greedy, so he decided to maximize the budget by constructing those roads who have highest construction cost. Design an algorithm and implement it using a program to find the maximum budget required for the project.

Input Format:

The first line of input takes number of vertices in the graph.

Input will be the graph in the form of adjacency matrix or adjacency list.

Output Format:

Out will be maximum spanning weight.

Sample I/O Problem III:

Input: Output:

7 Maximum Spanning Weight: 59

0075000

0085000

7809700

50901560

05715089

00068011

 $0\,0\,0\,0\,9\,11\,0$

Week 9:

I. Given a graph, Design an algorithm and implement it using a program to implement Floyd- Warshall all pair shortest path algorithm.

Input Format:

The first line of input takes number of vertices in the graph.

Input will be the graph in the form of adjacency matrix or adjacency list. If a direct edge is not present between any pair of vertex (u,v), then this entry is shown as AdjM[u,v] = INF.

Output Format:

Output will be shortest distance matrix in the form of V X V matrix, where each entry (u,v) represents shortest distance between vertex u and vertex v.

Sample I/O Problem I:

Input: Output:

5 Shortest Distance Matrix:

0 10 5 5 INF 0 10 15 5 15

INF 0 5 5 5 INF 0 5 5 5

INF INF 0 INF 10 INF INF 0 15 10 INF INF INF 0 20 INF INF INF 5 0 INF INF INF 5 0

II. Given a knapsack of maximum capacity w. N items are provided, each having its own value and weight. You have to Design an algorithm and implement it using a program to find the list of the selected items such that the final selected content has weight w and has maximum value. You can take fractions of items, i.e. the items can be broken into smaller pieces so that you have to carry

only a fraction xi of item i, where $0 \le xi \le 1$.

Input Format:

First input line will take number of items N which are provided.

Second input line will contain N space-separated array containing weights of all N items. Third input line will contain N space-separated array containing values of all N items.

Last line of the input will take the maximum capacity w of knapsack.

Output Format:

First output line will give maximum value that can be achieved.

Next Line of output will give list of items selected along with their fraction of amount which has been taken.

Sample I/O Problem II:

Input: Output:

6 Maximum value : 22.33 6 10 3 5 1 3 item-weight

621835 5-1

16 6-3

4-5

1-6

3-1

III. Given an array of elements. Assume arr[i] represents the size of file i. Write an algorithm and a program to merge all these files into single file with minimum computation. For given two files A and B with sizes m and n, computation cost of merging them is O(m+n). (Hint: use greedy approach)

Input Format:

First line will take the size n of the array. Second line will take array s an input. **Output Format:** Output will be the minimum computation cost required to merge all the elements of the array. Sample I/O Problem III: Input: Output: 10 960 10 5 100 50 20 15 5 20 100 10 Solved example: Consider $arr[5] = \{10, 5, 100, 50, 20, 15\}$. As per the brute force approach, first of all merge first two files (having 10 and 5 file size). Cost of merging will be = 10+5=15. List will become $\{15, 100, 50, 20, 15\}$. Similarly, again merging first two files (i.e. having 15 and 100 file size). Cost of merging will be = 15+100=115. List will become {115, 50, 20, 15}. For the subsequent steps the list becomes, (165, 20, 15), {185, 15} and {200}. Therefore total cost of merging = 15+115+165+185+200 = 680. But this is not minimum computation cost. To find minimum cost, consider the order $arr[5] = \{5, 10, 15, 20, 50, 100\}$. By applying the same approach, the total cost of merging = 15+30+50+100+200 = 395. Week 10: Given a list of activities with their starting time and finishing time. Your goal is to select maximum number of activities that can be performed by a single person such that selected activities must be non-conflicting. Any activity is said to be non-conflicting if starting time of an activity is greater than or equal to the finishing time of the other activity. Assume that a person can only work on a single activity at a time. Input Format: First line of input will take number of activities N. Second line will take N space-separated values defining starting time for all the N activities. Third line of input will take N space-separated values defining finishing time for all the N activities. Output Format: Output will be the number of non-conflicting activities and the list of selected 2 activities. Sample I/O Problem I: Input: Output: 10 No. of non-conflicting activities: 4 1 3 0 5 3 5 8 8 2 12 List of selected activities: 1, 4, 7, 10 45679911121416

II. Given a long list of tasks. Each task takes specific time to accomplish it and each task has a deadline associated with it. You have to design an algorithm and implement it using a program to find maximum number of tasks that can be completed without crossing their deadlines and also find list of selected tasks.

Input Format:

First line will give total number of tasks n.

Second line of input will give n space-separated elements of array representing time taken by each task.

Third line of input will give n space-separated elements of array representing deadline associated with each task.

Output Format:

Output will be the total number of maximum tasks that can be completed.

Sample I/O Problem II:

Input: Output:

7 Max number of tasks = 4

2 1 3 2 2 2 1 Selected task numbers: 1, 2, 3, 6

2386253

III. Given an unsorted array of elements, design an algorithm and implement it using a program to find whether majority element exists or not. Also find median of the array. A majority element is an element that appears more than n/2 times, where n is the size of array.

Input Format:

First line of input will give size n of array.

Second line of input will take n space-separated elements of array.

Output Format:

First line of output will be 'yes' if majority element exists, otherwise print 'no'. Second line of output will print median of the array.

Sample I/O Problem III:

Input: Output:

9 yes

442322322 2

Week 11:

I.Given a sequence of matrices, write an algorithm to find most efficient way to multiply these matrices together. To find the optimal solution, you need to find the order in which these matrices should be multiplied.

Input Format:

First line of input will take number of matrices n that you need to multiply. For each line i in n, take two inputs which will represent dimensions aXb of matrix i.

Output Format:

Output will be the minimum number of operations that are required to multiply the list of matrices.

Sample I/O Problem I:

Input: Output: 3 4500 10 30 30 5 5 60

Solved Example: Consider a sequence of three matrices A of size 10X30, B of size 30X5, C of size 5X60. Then,

(AB)C = (10*30*5) + (10*5*60) = 4500 operations A(BC) = (30*5*60) + (10*30*60) = 27000 operations. Hence the outut of the program must be 4500

II.Given a set of available types of coins. Let suppose you have infinite supply of each type of coin. For a given value N, you have to Design an algorithm and implement it using a program to find number of ways in which these coins can be added to make sum value equals to N.

Input Format:

First line of input will take number of coins that are available. Second line of input will take the value of each coin.

Third line of input will take the value N for which you need to find sum.

Output Format:

Output will be the number of ways.

Sample I/O Problem II:

Input: Output: 4 5 5 10

Solved Example: Let coin value set is $C = \{2,3,6,5\}$ and the value N = 10. There are five solutions: $\{2,2,2,2,2\}$, $\{2,2,3,3\}$, $\{2,2,6\}$, $\{2,3,5\}$ and $\{5,5\}$. Hence the output is 5.

III.Given a set of elements, you have to partition the set into two subsets such that the sum of elements in both subsets is same. Design an algorithm and implement it using a program to solve this problem.

Input Format:

First line of input will take number of elements n present in the set. Second line of input will take n space-separated elements of the set.

Output Format:

Output will be 'yes' if two such subsets found otherwise print 'no'.

Sample I/O Problem III:

Input: Output: 7 yes 1 5 4 11 5 14 10

Solved Example: Let set is $S = \{1, 5, 4, 11, 5, 14, 10\}$. Sum of the elements = 1+5+4+11+5+14+10 = 50. Now dividing the set into two halves such that sum of elements of both the subsets = (50/2) = 25. Therefore, subsets are $\{1, 5, 5, 14\}$ and $\{4, 11, 10\}$.

Week 12:

I.Given two sequences, Design an algorithm and implement it using a program to find the length of longest subsequence present in both of them. A

subsequence is a sequence that appears in the same relative order, but not necessarily contiguous.

Input Format:

First input line will take character sequence 1. Second input line will take character sequence 2.

Output Format:

Output will be the longest common subsequence along with its length.

Sample I/O Problem I:

Solved Example: Consider two input strings "AGGTAB" and "GXTXAYB. Then the length of longest common subsequence is 4 i.e. for subsequence "GTAB".

II. Given a knapsack of maximum capacity w. N items are provided, each having its own value and weight. Design an algorithm and implement it using a program to find the list of the selected items such that the final selected content has weight <= w and has maximum value. Here, you cannot break an item i.e. either pick the complete item or don't pick it. (0-1 property).

Input Format:

First line of input will provide number of items n.

Second line of input will take n space-separated integers describing weights for all items. Third line of input will take n space-separated integers describing value for each item.

Last line of input will give the knapsack capacity.

Output Format:

Output will be maximum value that can be achieved and list of items selected along with their weight and value.

Sample I/O Problem I:

III.Given a string of characters, design an algorithm and implement it using a program to print all possible permutations of the string in lexicographic order.

Input Format:

String of characters is provided as an input.

Output Format:

Output will be the list of all possible permutations in lexicographic order.

Sample I/O Problem II:

Input: Output: CAB ABC ACB

BAC BCA CAB	
CBA	
Week 13:	
I.Given an array of characters, you have to find distinct characters from this array. Design an algorithm and implement it using a program to solve this problem using hashing. (Time Complexity = $O(n)$)	
Input Format: First line of input will give the size n of the character array. Second line of input will give n space-separated elements to character array.	
Output Format: Output will be the list of characters present in the array in alphabetical order and frequency of each character in the array.	
Sample I/O Problem I:	
II. Given an array of integers of size n , design an algorithm and write a program to check whether this array contains duplicate within a small window of size $k < n$.	
Input Format: First input line contains number of test cases T. For each test case T, there will be three input lines. First line contains size n of array. Second input line contains n space-separated array elements. Third input line contains value k.	2
Output Format: Output will have T number of lines. For each test case, output will be "Duplicate present in window k" if the duplicate element is found in the array, otherwise "Duplicate not present in window k".	
Sample I/O Problem II: Input: Output: Duplicate not present in window 3. Duplicate present in window 4. 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 1 2 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 4	
III.Given an array of nonnegative integers, Design an algorithm and implement it using a program to find two pairs (a,b) and (c,d) such that a*b = c*d, where a, b, c and d are distinct elements of array.	
Input Format: First line of input will give size of array n. Second line of input will give n space-separated array elements.	

Output Format: First line of output will give pair (a,b) Second line of output will give pair	
(c,d).	
Sample I/O Problem III:	
Input: Output: 4 2	
31 23 4 1 39 2 20 27 8 10 1 8	
Week 14:	
I.Given a number n, write an algorithm and a program to find nth ugly number. Ugly numbers are those numbers whose only prime factors are 2, 3 or 5. The sequence 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 10, 12, 15, 16, 18, 20, 24,. is sequence of ugly numbers.	
Input: First line of input will give number of test cases T. For each test case T, enter a number n.	
Output: There will be T output lines. For each test case T, Output will be nth ugly number.	
Sample I/O Problem I:	1
II.Given a directed graph, write an algorithm and a program to find mother vertex in a graph. A mother vertex is a vertex v such that there exists a path from v to all other vertices of the graph.	
Input: Graph in the form of adjacency matrix or adjacency list is provided as an input.	
Output: Output will be the mother vertex number. Solved Example: Consider a directed graph: In this graph, vertex 0 is mother vertex.	
Total	24

11. Suggested Books:

SL. No.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Edition	Year of Publication / Reprint
	Textbooks		
1.	Thomas H. Cormen, Charles E. Leiserson, Ronal L. Rivest, Clifford Stein:" Introduction to Algorithms", 2nd Edition, PHI,	2nd	2006.
	Reference Books		
1.	Donald E.Knuth:"The Art of Computer Programming: Volume 1: Fundamental Algorithms",3 rd Edition	3rd	1997
2	Ellis Horowitz, Sartaj Sahni, SanguthevarRajasekaran:" Fundamentals of Computer Algorithms", 2nd Edition, University press,.	2nd	2007

12.	Mode of	Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid Term Exam / End Term Exam
	Evaluation	

SEMESTER IV

Naı	me of Department: -	 Comput 	er Sci	ence and	Engine	ering	
1.	Subject Code:	TCS 442		Co	ourse Ti	tle:	Automated Reasoning
2.	Contact Hours:L:	3	T: 0	P:	0		
3.	Examination Durat	tion (Hrs)		Theory	3	Pra	ctical 0
4.	Relative Weight:	CIE 2	25		MS	E 25	SEE 50
5.	Credits:	3					
6.	Semester:	4		•			
7.	Category of Course	e: DE					

8. Pre-requisite: TCS 344 Probability and Random Process

9. Course	After completion of the course the students will be able to:				
Outcome**: CO1: represent mathematical and other knowledge using logical formalism					
	CO2: understand the history of formalizing mathematical knowledge				
	CO3: know and understand the advantages and limitations of the main approaches				
	and techniques in automated reasoning of mathematical knowledge				
	CO4: apply different automated reasoning techniques to new problems				

^{**} Describe the specific knowledge, skills or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate

10. Details of the Course:

SI. No.	Contents				
1	Unit 1 : Introduction and motivation: Role of logic in Computer Science, problem representation. Basic notions: language, models, interpretations, validity, proof, decision problems in logic. decidability.	8			
2	Unit 2: Propositional logic: Syntax, semantics, proof systems, Validity, satisfiability and unsatisfiability, soundness and completeness.	8			
3	Unit 3: Mechanization: truth tables, normal forms, semantic tableau, resolution, proof by contradiction, example. First order predicate logic theory: Quantifiers, first order models, validity and satisfiability, semantic tableaux.	8			
4	Unit 4: Normal forms, skolemization: Elimination of quantifiers, unification, resolution and various resolution strategies, equality axioms and para-modulation. Horn formulas and programs.	8			
5	Unit 5: Prolog as a restricted resolution-based theorem prover. Undecidability and incompleteness in logic, compactness Theorem.	8			

Total	40	

11. Suggested Books:

SL. No.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Editio n	Year of Publication / Reprint
110.	Textbooks	••	TOPINE
1	Michael Huth and Mark Ryan, "Logic in Computer Science: Modelling and Reasoning about Systems", Cambridge University Press	2 nd	2005
2	Arindama Singh, "Logics for Computer Science", Prentice Hall of India.	2nd	2020
	Reference Books		
1.	M. Ben-Ari, "Mathematical Logic for Computer Science", Springer	3rd	2012
2	Elliott Mendelson , "Introduction to Mathematical Logic", CRC Press	6 th	2015

12.	Mode	of	Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid Term Exam / End Term Exam
	Evaluation		

SEMESTER IV

Name of Department: - Computer Science and Engineering

1.	Subject Code:	TCS 493		Course Title:	and PKC
2.	Contact Hours:	L: [3	T: 0	P: 0
3.	Examination Du	uration (Hr	s):	Theory 3	Practical 0
4.	Relative Weigh	t: CIE	25	MSE 25	SEE 50
5.	Credits:		3		
6.	Semester:		4 th		
7.	Category of Co	urse:	DE	-	
8.	Pre-requisite:	TCS	332 Fu	undamental of In	formation Security and Blockchain.
9.	Course				dents will be able to:

9. Course	After completion of the course the students will be able to:
Outcome**:	 CO1 Explain symmetric and asymmetric key cryptosystems. CO2: Know the working of cryptography techniques. CO3: Analyze the different types of cryptosystems. CO4: Use cryptographic techniques to implement information security protocols.
	CO5: Apply cryptographic techniques in different applications. CO6: Develop symmetric and asymmetric key cryptosystems.

^{**} Describe the specific knowledge, skills or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate

10.Detailed Syllabus

UNIT	CONTENTS	Contact Hrs
	Unit-I Basics of cryptography	
1	What is cryptography, what is confidentiality, data integrity, authentication, and nonrepudiation, applications of cryptography - chip based payment cards, digital currencies, computer passwords, digital communications, plaintext, cipher-text, cipher - characteristics of a good cipher, encryption, decryption, Key - significance of key length, symmetric and asymmetric key cryptography, cryptanalysis, OSI security architecture- security attacks, security services, security mechanisms	10

2.	Unit-II Mathematics for cryptography Concept of divisibility, prime numbers, importance of prime numbers in	8
	cryptography, euclid theorem for GCD, extended euclidean algorithm,	
	modular arithmetic, random number generators, deterministic and nondeterministic random number generators, XOR, bit shifts, euler's totient theorem, chinese remainder theorem	
3.	Unit-III Symmetric key cryptosystem	10
	Secret Key (symmetric) cryptography - stream and block ciphers, additive and multiplicative ciphers, rail fence technique, playfair cipher, hill cipher, vernam cipher, Vigenère Cipher, RC4 algorithm, DES, 2DES, 2-3DES, 3DES, AES, block cipher modes of op	
4.	Unit-IV Asymmetric key cryptosystem	8
	RSA, Diffie Hellman key exchange protocol, Elliptic curve cryptography (ECC), ElGamal encryption system	
5.	Unit-V Digital signature and message integrity mechanisms	10
	DSS algorithm, RSADS algorithm, ECDSA algorithm, Message integrity, hash functions, MAC functions, HMAC, secure electronic transaction, use of ECDSA in blockchain implementation	
	TOTAL	46

SL. No.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Edition	Year of Publication / Reprint
	Textbooks		
1.	William Stallings, "Cryptography and Network Security: Principles and Practice", Pearson publication, 2020	7 th	2016
	Reference Books		
1.	Charles P. PFleeger, Shari Lawrence Pfleeger, Jonathan Margulies, "Security in Computing", 5 th Edition, Prentice Hall	5 th	2018
2.	Roger Wottenhofer, "Distributed Ledger Technology, The science of Blockchain", Invested Forest Publishing (2e), 2017	2nd	2017

12.	Mode of Evaluation	Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid Term Exam / End Term
		Exam

SEMESTER IV

or demor	•	CO5 Appl application	y informat s. elop inform lge, skills	ion securi	ity risk i	manag	ement tec	•
or demor	nstrate	CO5 Appl application	y informat s. elop inform	ion securi	ity risk :	manag	ement tec	chniques.
	•	CO5 Appl application	y informat s. elop inform	ion securi	ity risk :	manag	ement tec	chniques.
* Describ	na tha speci	CO5 Appl application	y informat s. elop inform	ion securi	ity risk :	manag	ement tec	chniques.
		CO5 Appl application	y informat s.	ion securi	ity risk			•
		CO5 Appl	y informat	·		manage	ment tech	nniques in differer
CO5 Apply information security risk management techniques in different applications.								
		implement	implement informationsystems.					
		CO4: Use		•		nageme	nt techniq	ues to
		techniques.	•					
			•	ferent typ	oes of in	formati	on securit	y risk managemer
		CO2: Infor	rmation Sec	curity and	Risk Ma	anagem	ent	
Outcome		CO1Inforn						
9. Cours	·		oletion of the					
	e-requisite:		DE mation S	ocurity f	oundat	ione a	nd prog	rammina
	tegory of Co	ourco.						
	mester:		4					
	edits:	it. CIL		MSE 25	<u> </u>	JLI	50	
	lative Weigh		·		3	SEE		0
	amination D			heory	L		ctical	
	ntact Hours	TCS 426		-: 0	P:	0	KISK IVI	anagement
. Sub	bject Code:	TOO 400			Course	Title:		ation Security and

Unit-I	Overview of information security and cryptography What is information security, why we need information security, zero trust model Protection against- unauthorised modification, unauthorised deletion and unauthorised access, different types of user authentication techniques, access control techniques Pillars of information security - confidentiality, availability and integrity What is cryptography, what is confidentiality, data integrity, authentication, and nonrepudiation, applications of cryptography, network security model, plaintext, ciphertext, cipher - characteristics of a good cipher, encryption, decryption, Key - significance of key length, symmetric and asymmetric key cryptography, cryptanalysis, OSI security architecture- security attacks, security services, security mechanisms	10
Unit-II	Risk management and analysis Overview of risk management, risk identification, identifying the assets, threats and vulnerabilities, risk control strategies, selection of a risk control strategy, planning for risk analysis, performing risk analysis and assessment	8
Unit-III	Information security planning and implementations Information security policy, standards and practices, information security blueprint, security education, training and awareness program, project management for information security, technical topics of implementation, nontechnical aspects of implementation	
Unit-IV	Disaster recovery and risk monitoring What is disaster in information security, disaster recovery planning, disaster recovery plan, risk monitoring, requirement of risk monitoring, various phases of risk monitoring	
Unit-V	Vulnerabilities and security assessment What is vulnerability, sources of vulnerabilities, vulnerability assessment, system security policy, building a security policy, security requirement specification, threat identification, threat models (Dolev Yao model and CK adversary model), threat analysis, vulnerability identification and assessment, security certification, security monitoring and auditing	
	TOTAL	46

SL.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Edition	Year of Publication /
No.			Reprint
	Textbooks		
1.	William Stallings, "Cryptography and Network Security: Principles and Practice", Pearson publication, 2020	8 th	2020
2	Michael E. Whitman and Herbert J. Mattord, Principles of Information Security, (2e), Thomson Learning, 2007	2nd	2007
3.	NIIT, Introduction to Information Security Risk Management, PHI, 2004	2 nd	2004

4	Joseph Migga Kizza , A Guide to Computer Network	3 rd	2013
	Security, Springer-Verlag London Limited.		
	Reference Books		
1.	Charles P. Pfleeger, Shari Lawrence Pfleeger, Jonathan	5 th	1989
	Margulies, "Security in Computing", 5th Edition, Prentice		
	Hall.		

12.	Mode of Evaluation	Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid Term Exam / End Term Exam
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SEMESTER IV

Name of Department: - Computer Science and Engineering

TCS-484 Biometric Security Subject Code: Course Title: 1. L: T: 0 P: 0 2. **Contact Hours:** Examination Duration (Hrs): Theory 3 **Practical** 3. 0 Relative Weight: MSE 4. CIE 25 SEE 50 25 03 5. Credits: 4 Semester: 6.

8. Pre-requisite: Mathematical Foundations for Artificial Intelligence (TCS343)

DC

0 Course	After a small time of the course the standard will be able to
9. Course	After completion of the course the students will be able to:
Outcome**:	CO1: Basic information on the fundamental physical and organic science.
	CO2: Understand designing standards of biometric frameworks.
	CO3: Understand biometric frameworks and be able to examine and design for essential
	biometric framework applications.
	CO4: Understand various Biometric security issues.
	CO5: Describe Cryptography security
	CO6: Understanding of Fuzzy model

^{**} Describe the specific knowledge, skills or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate

10. Details of the Course:

Category of Course:

7.

SI. No.	Contents	Contact Hours
1	Unit 1: Introduction- Authentication systems, Development of biometric authentication. Basic terms, biometric data, biometric characteristics, biometric features, biometric templates and references. Expected properties of biometric identifiers. Basics in biometric errors estimation. Enrolment, verification and identification. Applications of Biometrics.	09
2	Unit 2: Fingerprints and Hand Geometry: Technical description, Characteristics, Competing technologies, Strengths–Weaknesses, Deployment. Face and Voice Recognition: Technical description, Characteristics, Strengths-Weaknesses, Deployment.	09
3	Unit 3: Biometric System Security: Secure transfer of biometric data. Secure storage, use of smart cards, principles of match-off-card and match-on-card	10

	techniques. Biometrics in the cloud. Points of attack. Privacy models.				
	Spoofing: Static and dynamic liveness features. Liveness detection in				
	biometrics. Selected liveness detection techniques, frequency analysis for				
	paper printouts detection.				
	Unit 4:				
4	Protection: Overview of principles from cryptography to secure fuzzy data.	08			
	Template protection strategies: feature protection, key-binding, key-				
	generating, hybrids.				
	Unit 5:				
5	Overview of fuzzy vaults, fuzzy commitment, fuzzy extractors and revocable	08			
	bio tokens. Bio cryptographic infrastructures for secure template	00			
	management.				
	Total	44			

SL. No.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Edition	Year of Publication /
			Reprint
	Textbooks		
1.	Jiankun Hu, David Chek Ling Ngo, Andrew Beng Jin Teoh, "Biometric Security", Cambridge Scholars Publishing		2015
2.	Khalid Saeed, Jerzy Pejas, Romuald Mosdorf. "Biometrics, Computer Security Systems and Artificial Intelligence Application, Springer.		2010
3.	John D. Woodward, Jr. Nicholas M. Orlans Peter T. Higgins, "Biometrics", dream tech		2003
	Reference Books		
1.	1. John Chirillo and Scott Blaul," Implementing Biometric Security", Wiley Eastern Publications, 2005		2005

12. Mode of Evaluation Test/ Quiz/ Assignment/ Mild Term Exam/ End Term Exam	12.	Mode of Evaluation	Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid Term Exam / End Term Exam
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SEMESTER V

Name of Department: - Computer Science and Engineering

TCS 501 System Software Subject Code: Course Title: 1. L: 3 T: 0 P: 2. **Contact Hours:** 0 Theory **Practical** 3. Examination Duration (Hrs): 3 0 Relative Weight: CIE MSE 25 SEE 25 **50** 4. 3 5. Credits: ٧ Semester: 6. Category of Course: 7. DC

8. Pre-requisite: TCS-402 Finite Automata and Formal Languages

9. Course	After completion of the course the students will be able to:
Outcome**:	CO1: Define system software and differentiate system software with other software's.
	CO2: Assess the working of Assembler, Loader/Linker and Macroprocessor.
	CO3: Understand the concept of passes in translators.
	CO4: Determine the purpose of linking, and types of linking.
	CO5: Develop the system software according to machine limitations.
	CO6: Compare and Contrast the various text editors.

^{**} Describe the specific knowledge, skills or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate.

SL. NO.	Contents	Contact Hours
1	Unit 1: Machine Architecture: Introduction, System Software and its relation to Machine	9
	Architecture, Simplified Instructional Computer (SIC), Architecture of SIC Machine, SIC Programming Examples	
2	Unit 2: Assemblers: Basic Assembler Functions, A Simple SIC Assembler, Algorithm and Data Structures for Assemblers, Machine Dependent Assembler Features - Instruction Formats & Addressing Modes, Program Relocation.	9
	Machine Independent Assembler Features – Literals, Symbol-Definition Statements, Expression, Program Blocks, Control Sections and Programming Linking, Assembler Design Operations - One-Pass Assembler, Multi-Pass Assembler	
3	Unit 3: Loaders and Linkers: Basic Loader Functions - Design of an Absolute Loader, A Simple Bootstrap Loader, Machine-Dependent Loader Features – Relocation,	10

	Program Linking, Algorithm and Data Structures for a Linking Loader; Machine-	
	Independent Loader Features - Automatic Library Search, Loader Options, Loader	
	Design Options - Linkage Editor, Dynamic Linkage, Bootstrap Loaders	
	Editors and Debugging Systems: Text Editors - Overview of Editing Process,	
	User Interface, Editor Structure, Interactive Debugging Systems - Debugging	
	Functions and Capabilities, Relationship With Other Parts Of The System, User-	
	Interface Criteria	
	Unit 4:	
4	Macro Processor: Basic Macro Processor Functions - Macro Definitions and Expansion, Macro Processor Algorithm and Data Structures, Machine-Independent Macro Processor Footures - Congestoration of Macro Percentage - Congestoration of	8
	Macro Processor Features - Concatenation of Macro Parameters, Generation of Unique Labels, Conditional Macro Expansion, Keyword Macro Parameters, Macro Processor Design Options, General-Purpose Macro Processors, Macro Processing Within Language Translators	Ü
	Unit 5:	
5	Lex and Yacc: Lex and Yacc - The Simplest Lex Program, Recognizing Words With LEX, Symbol Tables, Grammars, Parser-Lexer Communication, The Parts of Speech Lexer, A YACC Parser, The Rules Section, Running LEX and YACC, LEX and Hand- Written Lexers, Using LEX - Regular Expression, Examples of Regular Expressions, A Word Counting Program, Parsing a Command Line.	10
	Using YACC – Grammars, Recursive Rules, Shift/Reduce Parsing, What YACC Cannot Parse, A YACC Parser - The Definition Section, The Rules Section, Symbol Values and Actions, The LEXER, Compiling and Running a Simple Parser, Arithmetic Expressions and Ambiguity, Variables and Typed Tokens.	
	Total	46

SL.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Edition	Year of Publication
No.			/ Reprint
	Textbooks/ Reference Books		
1.	Leland.L.Beck: "System Software: an introduction to systems programming", 3 rd Edition, Addison-Wesley,.	3 _{rd}	1997
2	John.R.Levine," Tony Mason and Doug Brown: Lex and Yacc", O'Reilly, SPD,.	1 st	1998

12.	Mode of Evaluation	Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid Term Exam / End Term Exam

SEMESTER V

1.	1. Name of Department: - Computer Science and Engineering				
/	2. Subject Code: TCS	5 502		Course Title:	Operating Systems
3.	Contact Hours: L:	3	T: 0	P: 0	
4.	Examination Duration ((Hrs):	Theory 3	Practical	0
5.	Relative Weight: CIE	25	MSE 25	SEE	50
6.	Credits:	3			
7.	Semester:	4			
8.	Category of Course:	DC			
9.	Pre-requisite: TCS	301, TC	S 302, TCS 404	<u></u> 4	

9. Course	After completion of the course the students will be able to:
Outcome	CO1 Understand the concept and design issues associated with an operating system.
**.	
	CO2: Identify the problems related to process management, synchronization and apply learned methods to solve basic problems.
	CO3. Explain the basics of memory management and the use of virtual memory in modern operating systems.
	CO4. Understand the concept deadlock avoidance, prevention, and detections techniques.
	CO5: Implementation of process management, memory management and file management using system calls.
	CO6: Analyze the data structures and algorithms used for developing an operating system.

^{**} Describe the specific knowledge, skills or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate.

SI. No.	Contents	Contact Hours
1	Introduction to Operating Systems, UNIX: What operating systems do; Operating System structure; Operating System Services; User - Operating System interface; System calls; Types of system calls; Operating System structure; Unix command: Command Structure, Internal and External commands, filters; vi editor.	8
2	Process Management: Process concept; Operations on processes; Multithreading models; Threading issues. Process Scheduling: Basic concepts; Scheduling criteria; Scheduling algorithms; Multiple-Processor scheduling; Thread scheduling. Process Synchronization: Inter-process communication; Synchronization: The Critical section problem; Peterson's solution; Synchronization hardware; Semaphores; Classical problems of synchronization.	10

3	Deadlocks: Deadlocks: System model; Deadlock characterization; Methods for handling deadlocks; Deadlock prevention; Deadlock avoidance; Deadlock detection and recovery from deadlock. Memory Management: Memory Management Strategies: Background; Swapping; Contiguous memory allocation; Paging; Structure of page table; Segmentation. Virtual Memory Management: Background; Demand paging; Page replacement; Allocation of frames; Thrashing	10
4	File System, Implementation of File System: File System: File concept; Access methods; Directory structure; Protection. File system structure; Directory implementation; Allocation methods; Free space management. Secondary Storage Structures: Mass storage structures; Disk structure; Disk scheduling; Disk management; Swap space management. Protection: Goals of protection, Principles of protection, Access matrix.	8
5	File System, Implementation of File System: File System: File concept; Access methods; Directory structure; Protection. File system structure; Directory implementation; Allocation methods; Free space management. Secondary Storage Structures: Mass storage structures; Disk structure; Disk scheduling; Disk management; Swap space management. Protection: Goals of protection, Principles of protection, Access matrix.	8
	Total	44

SL. No.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Edition	Year of Publication / Reprint
	Textbooks		
1.	Abraham Silberschatz, Peter Baer Galvin, Greg Gagne: Operating System Principles, 7th edition, Wiley India, 2006.	7 st	2006
2.	Abraham Silberschatz, Peter Baer Galvin, Greg Gagne: Operating System Principles, 7th edition, Wiley India, 2006.	7th	2006
3.	Unix concepts and applications – Sumitabha Das	1 st	2005
	Reference Books		
1.	Andrew S Tanenbaum: Operating Systems: Design and Implementation, 3rd edition, Prentice Hall, 2006	3 rd	2006
2.	Stuart E. Madnick, John Donovan: Operating Systems, Tata McGraw Hill, 2008		2008

10.

12.	Mode of Evaluation	Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid Term Exam / End Term Exam

SEMESTER V

Name	of Department: - Computer S	Science a	and Engineering		Databasa Managamant
1.	Subject Code: TCS-503		Course	Title:	Database Management System
2.	Contact Hours: L: 3	3	T: 0 P:	0	
3.	3. Examination Duration (Hrs): Theory 3 Practical 0				
4.	Relative Weight: CIE	25 N	1SE 25	SE	E 50
5.	Credits:	3			
6.	Semester:	5th			
7.	7. Category of Course: DC				
8. Pre	8. Pre-requisite: TCS 302, TCS 404				
9. C	9. Course After completion of the course the students will be able to:				

9. Course	After completion of the course the students will be able to:
Outcome**:	CO1: Understand the different issues involved in the design and implementation of a database system.
	CO2: Study the physical and logical database designs, database modeling, relational, hierarchical, and network models.
	CO3: Understand and use data manipulation language to query, update, and manage a database.
	CO4: Develop an understanding of essential DBMS concepts such as: database security, integrity, concurrency.
	CO5: Design and build a simple database system and demonstrate competence with the fundamental tasks involved with modeling, designing, and implementing a DBMS.
	CO6: Evaluate a business situation and designing & building a database application

^{**} Describe the specific knowledge, skills or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate.

SI. No.	Contents	Contact Hours
1	Unit 1: Introduction: An overview of DBMS; Advantages of using DBMS approach; Database systems vs File Systems, Database system concepts and architecture Data models, schemas, and instances; Three-schema architecture and data independence; Database languages and interfaces; The database system environment; Centralized and client-server architectures; Classification of Database Management systems.	9
2	Unit 2: Entity-Relationship Model: Using High-Level Conceptual Data Models for Database Design; An Example Database Application; Entity Types, Entity Sets, Attributes and Keys; Relationship types, Relationship Sets,	9

	Roles and Structural Constraints; Weak Entity Types; Refining the ER Design; ER Diagrams, Naming Conventions and Design Issues; Relationship types of degree higher than two.	
	Relational Model and Relational Algebra: Relational Model Concepts; Relational Model Constraints and Relational Database Schemas; Update Operations, Transactions and dealing with constraint violations; Unary Relational Operations: SELECT and PROJECT; Relational Algebra and Calculus Operations from Set Theory; Binary Relational Operations: JOIN and DIVISION; Additional Relational Operations. Examples of Queries in Relational Algebra; Relational Database Design Using ER- to-Relational Mapping.	
3	SQL – 1: SQL Data Definition and Data Types; Specifying basic constraints in SQL; Schema change statements in SQL; Basic queries in SQL; More complex SQL Queries.	11
	Insert, Delete and Update statements in SQL; Specifying constraints as Assertion and Trigger; Views (Virtual Tables) in SQL; Additional features of SQL; Database programming issues and techniques; Embedded SQL, Dynamic SQL; Database stored procedures.	
	Optimization of SQL Queries through Indexes, Concepts of NoSQL.	
	Unit 4: Database Design – 1: Informal Design Guidelines for Relation Schemas; Functional Dependencies; Normal Forms Based on Primary Keys; General Definitions of Second and Third Normal Forms; Boyce-Codd Normal Form	
4	Properties of Relational Decompositions; Algorithms for Relational Database Schema Design; Multivalued Dependencies and Fourth Normal Form; Join Dependencies and Fifth Normal Form; Inclusion Dependencies; Other Dependencies and Normal Forms	9
5	Unit 5: Transaction Management: The ACID Properties; Transactions and Schedules; Concurrent Execution of Transactions; Lock- Based Concurrency Control; Performance of locking; Transaction support in SQL; Introduction to crash recovery; 2PL, Serializability and Recoverability; Lock	10
	9Management; Log Files; Checkpointing; Recovering from a System Crash; Media Recovery	
	Total	48

SL. No.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Edition	Year of Publication / Reprint
	Textbooks		
1.	McGraw-Hill. Date K., Swamynathan S. An Introduction to Database Systems. Eight Edition. Pearson.	2nd	2012
2.	Elmasri R. and Navathe S.B., Fundamentals of Database Systems.	2 nd	2012

3.	Fifth Edition.Pearson. Singh S.K., Database Systems- Concepts, Designs and Application. 2nd Edition. Pearson	2 nd	2011
4.	Date, C.J. Introduction to Database Systems (Vol I & II) 8th Edition. Addison- Wesley.	8 th	2004
	Reference Books		
1.	Silberschatz A. Korth H. F. Sudarshan S., Database System	1 st	2014

12.	Mode of Evaluation	Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid Term Exam / End Term Exam

SEMESTER V

Name of Department: - Computer Science and				nd Engineering Computer Based N		r Based Numerical	
1.	Subject Code: TMA 502	2	c	ourse T	itle:	and Statis	stical Technique
2.	Contact Hours: L:	3	Γ: 0	P :	0		
3.	Examination Duration (Hr	s): 7	Theory	3]	Practical	0
4.	Relative Weight: CIE	25	MSE	25		SEE	50
5.	Credits:	3					
6.	Semester:	5					
7.	Category of Course:	DC					
8.	Pre-requisite: TMA	101, TM	A 201			_	

9. Course	After completion of the course the students will be able to:
Outcome*	CO1: Develop the notation of errors, finding of errors, roots and apply them in problem
*•	solving in concern subject.
-	CO2: Understand the methods of interpolation techniques and apply them.
	CO3: Elaborate the basics of numerical differentiation and integration and implement
	them.
	CO4: Explain the concepts of differential equation.
	CO5: Elaborate the basics of correlation and regression, curve fitting and be able to
	apply the methods from these subjects in problem solving.
	CO6: Examine statistical techniques and able to relate these to real problems.

^{**} Describe the specific knowledge, skills or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate.

SI. No.	Contents	Contact Hours
1	 Unit 1: Introduction to Numbers and their accuracy, Computer Arithmetic, Mathematical preliminaries, Errors and their Computation, General error formula, Order of Approximation. Solution of Algebraic and Transcendental Equation: Bisection Method, Iteration method, Secant Method, Newton Raphson method, Rate of convergence and their algorithms. Solution of system of linear equations: Gauss Elimination method, Gauss Jordan method and Gauss Seidel method and their algorithms. 	10
2	Unit 2: Interpolation: Introduction to Finite Differences, Difference tables, Polynomial Interpolation: Newton's forward and backward formula, Central difference formulae: Gauss forward and backward	09

	and I common regression, want pre regression.	
5	Unit 5: Correlation and Regression Analysis: Introduction of correlation and regression, Correlation coefficient and it's application in computer science, Linear and Nonlinear Regression, Multiple Regression.	09
4	Unit 4: Statistical Computation: Introduction to Method of least squares, Curve Fitting of different types of curves. Data fitting with Cubic spline Interpolation.	08
3	Unit 3: Numerical Differentiation and Integration: Numerical Differentiation for Interpolation Formulae, General Quadrature formula, Trapezoidal rule, Simpson's 1/3 and 3/8 rule and their algorithms. Numerical Solution of Differential Equations: Euler's explicit and implicit methods, modified Euler's method, Runge-Kutta Method, Solution of Boundary Value Problem by Finite Difference Method and their algorithms.	09
	formula. Interpolation with unequal intervals: Lagrange's interpolation, Newton divided difference formula and their algorithms.	

SL N o.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers/Place of Publication	Edition	Year of Publication / Reprint
	Textbooks		
1.	Gupta C. B. Singh S. R. and Kumar Mukesh "Engineering Mathematics for Semesters III and IV" McGraw Hill Education,	First edition	2016
2.	Rajaraman V, "Computer Oriented Numerical Methods", Pearson Education.	First edition	2020
	Reference Books		
1.	Sastry, S. S, "Introductory Methods of Numerical Analysis", Pearson Education.	Second	2009
2.	Jain, Iyengar and Jain, "Numerical Methods for Scientific and Engineering Computations", New Age Int.	Fourth	2003
3.	Steven C Chapra, "Applied Numerical Methods with Matlab".	Second	2007

12	Mode of Evaluation	Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid Term Exam / End Term Exam

SEMESTER V

Name of Department: - Computer Scien			nce and Engineering		Database Management
1.	Subject Code: PCS-503	3	Course Tit	le:	System Lab
2.	Contact Hours: L: ()	T: 1 P:	2	
3.	Examination Duration (Hr	s):	Theory 0] F	Practical 3
4.	Relative Weight: CIE	25	MSE 25	S	SEE 50
5.	Credits:	2			
6.	Semester:	5th			
7.	Category of Course:	DC			
8.	Pre-requisite: TCS 30	2, TCS 4	04		·

9. Course	After completion of the course the students will be able to:
Outcome**:	CO1: Students get practical knowledge on designing and analysis of conceptual model
	and mapping of conceptual model to relational database systems.
	CO2: Design and implement SQL queries using DDL and DML concepts for updation
	and managing a database.
	CO3: Design and implement advance SQL queries such as relational constraints,
	joins, set operations, aggregate functions, and views.
	CO4: Design and implement queries using optimization techniques.
	CO5: Application of transaction control language (TCL), data control language
	(DCL) in SQL to evaluate practical implications of DBA such as transaction,
	recovery, and security.

^{**} Describe the specific knowledge, skills or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate.

SI.	List of problems for which student should develop program and execute in	Contact
No.	the Laboratory	Hours
1.	Problem Statement 1: Granting Permissions: Data Control Language (DCL) Commands: Grant/Revoke.	2
2.	Problem Statement 2: Creation of database/tables for different applications (DDL commands): Creating tables (without constraints)	2
3.	Problem Statement 3:	2

	Creation of database/tables for different applications (DDL commands): Creating tables (with Column level and Table level constraints)	
	Problem Statement 4:	
4.	Inserting data into database (DML Commands): updating / deleting records in a table.	2
	Problem Statement 5:	
5.	TCL command: saving (commit) and undoing (rollback)	2
	Problem Statement 6:	
6.	Data retrieval (DR) command: Fetching data from database using SELECT, FROM and WHERE command (Projection and Selection)	2
	Problem Statement 7:	
7.	Perform the following: Altering a Table, Dropping/ Truncating/ renaming Tables, backing up/ restoring a database	2
8.	Problem Statement 8: For a given set of relational schemas, create tables and perform the following: Simple queries; Simple queries with aggregate functions (group by and having clause).	2
	Problem Statement 9:	
9.	Queries involving, Date functions, string functions (character manipulations and case manipulation functions)	2
	Problem Statement 10:	
10.	Math functions, CASE, DECODE, Implicit and explicit typecasting functions. Problem Statement 11:	2
11.	Join Queries: Inner join, Equi-join, natural join, Outer join (LEFT-OUTER JOIN, RIGHT OUTER JOIN and FULL OUTER JOIN)	3
	Problem Statement 12:	
12.	Subqueries-with IN clause, with EXISTS clause	2
	Problem Statement 13:	
13.	For a given set of relation tables perform the following: Creating Views (with and without Check options), Dropping a view, Selecting data from a view.	3
	Problem Statement 14:	
14.	For a given set of relation tables perform the following: Creating Views (with and without Check options), Dropping a view, Selecting data from a view.	2
	Problem Statement 15:	

16.	Problem Statement 16: optimization of queries with Indexes	2
17.	Problem Statement 17: Applying SYNONYMS on database objects.	2
18.	Problem Statement 18: Introduction to Dynamic SQL	2
19.	Problem Statement 19: Introducing Triggers on data objects	3
20.	Problem Statement 20: Introducing Procedures on data objects for optimization of queries	3
	Tota	1 40

S. No.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Edition	Year of Publication / Reprint
	Text Books		
1.	RamezElmasri, Shamkant, B. Navathe, "Database	7 th	2015
	Systems", Pearson Education, 7Th Edition.		
3.	M L Gillenson, "Introduction to Database	2 nd	2012
	Management", Wiley Student Edition		
	Reference Books		
1.	Mary Beth Roeser: [1Oracle® Database] SQL	2 nd	2017
	Language Reference 12c Release 1 (12.1) E41329-		
	25		

12. Mode of Evaluation Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid Term Exam / End Term Exam	
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SEMESTER V

Name of Department: - Computer Science and Engineering Cloud-Based Application **TCS 552** 1. Subject Code: Course Title: Development and Management 2. L: | 3 T: P: **Contact Hours:** 0 0 **Theory** 3. **Examination Duration (Hrs): Practical** 3 0 CIE MSE 25 SEE 4. Relative Weight: 25 50 5. Credits: 3 5 6. Semester: 7. Category of Course: DE Prerequisite: TCS-451 8.

9. Course	After completion of the course the students will be able to:		
Outcome**:	CO1: Recognize the cloud based application development platforms and economic benefits.		
	CO2: Analyze the use case of various cloud service provider's applications and platforms.		
	CO3: Apply the advanced cloud computing application's concepts.		
	CO4: Analyze the use case of cloud-based application deployment and management concepts.		
	CO5: Explore the use case of various cloud platforms, offered services and security aspects.		
	CO6: Develop and deploy the cloud based server-side application using Node.js and the front-end using React.		

^{**} Describe the specific knowledge, skills or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate.

SL. NO.	Contents	Contact Hours
1	Unit 1: Fundamental of Cloud Based Applications Cloud Data centers, Software stack, Virtualization, software defined networks and storage, cloud storage, and programming models, Clouds Based Application development motivating factors, benefits, challenges, service models, SLAs and security. Concepts behind data center design and management, Economic and technological benefits of the cloud paradigm.	9
2	Unit 2: Cloud Platforms in Industry	9

	Amazon Web Services: Compute Services, Storage Services, Communication Services.	
	Google App Engine: Architecture, Core Concepts, Application Life Cycle, Cost Model, Observations.	
	Microsoft Azure: Azure Core Concepts, SQL Azure, Azure Compute and	
	Storage, Azure Database and Networking, Monitoring and Managing Azure	
	Solutions. IBM Cloud (Kyndryl), Salesforce, Heroku, Alibaba Cloud, Oracle Cloud,	
	Tencent Cloud, OVHcloud, DigitalOcean, and Linode (Akamai).	
	Case study on available Cloud Platforms in Industry.	
	Unit 3:	
	Advanced Cloud Computing	
	Energy Efficiency in Clouds, Green Cloud Computing Architecture, Market based Management of Clouds, Market-Oriented Cloud Computing, Reference	
	Model for MOCC.	
	Federated Clouds/Intercloud: Definition, Characterization, Cloud Federation	
_	Stack, Technologies for Cloud Federation.	9
	Third Party Cloud Services, MetaCDN, Spot Cloud, Cloud Authentication	
	Protocols, Cloud Security Threats with Cloud Apps.	
	Virtualized CPU, memory and I/O resources, network (SDN) and storage	
	(SDS), Key role of virtualization to enable the cloud. Cloud storage concepts like data distribution, durability, consistency and redundancy.	
	Case study on Advanced Cloud Computing services.	
	Unit 4:	
	Cloud Management	
	Fundamentals of Cloud Management, Management Services, Cloud properties,	
	Multi-tier Application Deployment in Clouds, Challenges, Requirements,	
	Service Level Agreements (SLAs), Billing & Accounting.	9
	Cloud Policy and Governance: Risk Management and Regulatory Practices. Cloud Analytics and Cost Metrics.	
	Case study on Cloud Management Services, Distributed file systems, NoSQL	
	databases, object storage using HDFS, CephFS, HBASE, MongoDB,	
	Cassandra, DynamoDB, S3, and Swift.	
	Unit 5:	
	Cloud Based Secured Applications Development Current trends in cloud computing i.e. IoT, Big Data, Machine Learning. Cloud	
	Infrastructure Security, Network level security, Host level security, Application	
	level security, Access management and control.	
	MapReduce, Spark and GraphLab programming models, Develop and deploy	
	the cloud based server-side application using Node.js and the front-end using	9
	React, Case Study on Open Source and Commercial Clouds applications:	9
	Amazon EC2, Amazon S3, Amazon Redshift, GitHub Repository, AWS IoT	
	Core, AWS IoT Device Defender, AWS IoT Device Management, AWS IoT FleetWise, AWS IoT SiteWise, AWS IoT Events, AWS IoT TwinMaker, AWS	
	IoT Analytics, Azure IoT Hub, Azure IoT Central, Azure Digital Twins, Azure	
	IoT Edge, Azure Percept, Azure Sphere, and Azure RTOS.	
	-	
	Design and Deploy a Restaurant Application to Cloud.	

SL.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Edition	Year of Publication
No.			/ Reprint
	Textbooks		
1.	Mastering Cloud Computing by Rajkumar Buyya, Vecchiola & Selvi (Published by McGraw Hill Education Pvt. Ltd),	1 st	2013.
2	Cloud Management & Security by Imad. M. Abbadi (WILEY Publication	3 rd	2014.
	Reference Books		
1.	Cloud Computing – A Hands-On Approach by Arshdeep Bahga, Vijay Madisetti.	1 st	2014

12.	Mode of Evaluation	Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid Term Exam / End Term Exam
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SEMESTER V

Name of Department: - Computer Science and Engineering

1.	Subject Code:	TCS 57	71		Course	Title:	Big Da	ta Visualization
2.	Contact Hours:	L: [3	3	T: 0	i	P: 0		
3.	Examination Du	ration (Hr	s):	Theor	у з	F	ractical	0
4.	Relative Weight:	CIE	25	MSE	25		SEE 5	50
5.	Credits:		3					
6.	Semester:		V					
7.	Category of Cou	ırse:	DE					

8. Pre-requisite: Fundamental of Cloud Computing and Bigdata TCS 351

9. Course	After completion of the course, the students will be able to:
Outcome**:	CO1: Create and adapt visualizations to represent complex data sets and
	emphasize targeted concepts for effective communication
	CO2: Analyze and interpret large volumes of data to identify patterns, trends, and insights.
	CO3: Apply data visualization techniques to communicate complex data sets effectively.
	CO4: Develop skills in storytelling with data, effectively conveying narratives through visual representations.
	CO5: Demonstrate proficiency in using tools and technologies for big data visualization.
	CO6: Use leading open-source and commercial software packages (Tableau) to
	create and publish visualizations that enable clear interpretations of big,
	complex, and real-world data

^{**} Describe the specific knowledge, skills, or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate.

SI. No.	Contents	Contact Hours
1	 Unit 1: Techniques for visual data representations: Data Visualization, Information Visualization, Concept Visualization, Strategic Visualization, Metaphor Visualization, and Compound Visualization. Visualization design objectives: Methodology, Establishing intent, The visualization's function-explain, explore, exhibit; Tone-analytical and abstract, key factors in a visualization project, The eight hats of data visualization design 	10
2	Unit 2: Demonstrating Editorial Focus: Importance of editorial focus, Preparing and familiarizing of data, Refining the editorial focus, Using visual	10

	analysis to find stories Conceiving and Reasoning: Preparing data, Refining, The Visualization anatomy - Data Representation: choosing correct visualization method, physical properties of data, degree of accuracy in interpretation, creating an appropriate design metaphor, choosing the final solution; The Visualization anatomy-Data presentation: Interactivity, Annotation, and Arrangement;	
3	Unit 3: Taxonomy of Data Visualization: Choosing appropriate chart type: Dot plot, Column chart, Floating bar, pixelated bar chart, Histogram, Slopegraph, Radial chart, Glyph chart, Sankey diagram, Area size chart; Assessing hierarchies and part-to-whole relationships: Pie chart, Stacked bar chart, Square pie, Treemap, Circle packing diagram, Bubble hierarchy, Tree Hierarchy; Showing changes over time: Line chart, Sparklines, Area chart, Horizon chart, Stacked area chart, Candlestick chart, Barcode chart, Flow map; Plotting connections and relationships: Scatter plot, Bubble plot, Scatter plot matrix, Heatmap, Parallel sets, Radial network, Network Diagram; Mapping geospatial data: Choropleth map, dot plot map, Bubble plot map, Isarithmic map	9
4	Unit 4: Tools for data visualization: Tableau, Google Charts, Datawrapper, Chartio, IBM Watson Analytics, and Sisense	9
5	Unit 5: Data Visualization through Tableau: Tableau basics, connecting Tableau to various datasets, creating bar charts, area charts, maps, scatterplots, pie charts, and tree maps; Create Interactive Dashboards, storylines, Joins, Data Blending, Table calculations, parameters, Dual axis charts, Export results from Tableau to other software, Work with time-series data, Creating data extracts, Aggregation, Granularity and Level of detail, Adding filters, create data hierarchies, Adding actions to dashboards	8
	Total	46

SL. No.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Edition	Year of Publication / Reprint
	Textbooks		
1.	Andy Kirk, Data Visualization: a successful design process, Packt Publishing	1 st	2015
	Reference Books		
1.	Tamara Munzer, Visualization Analysis and Design, CRC	2 nd	2014
	Press		

12.	Mode of Evaluation	Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid Term Exam / End Term Exam

SEMESTER V

Name	of Department: - Computer	er Scien	nce and End	aineerir	na r		
1.	Subject Code: TCS 531		1	urse Ti		Commun models a	ication nd protocols
2.	Contact Hours: L: 3	3	T: 0	P :	0		
3.	Examination Duration (Hr	s):	Theory	3	F	Practical	0
4.	Relative Weight: CIE	25	MSE 25	ESI	= 50	0	
5.	Credits:	3					
6.	Semester:	V					
7.	Category of Course:	DE					
8.	Pre-requisite: NA						

9. Course	After completion of the course the students will be able to:
Outcome**:	CO1: Understand the common network communication primitives as part of programming tasks in various languages.
	CO2: Discuss the various Protocols used in Communication
	CO3: Analyze more complex protocol engineering and network management tasks
	CO4: Understand terminology, concepts, and technologies required for telecommunication in local area networks (LANs) and on the global Internet
	CO5: Describe and analyze the Data Encoding and Transmission techniques.
	CO6: Use of network management tools

^{**} Describe the specific knowledge, skills or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate.

S.NO.	Contents	Contact Hours
1	Unit 1: Introduction and Overview:Key elements of communications and networking, Layered protocol model, Network edge, End systems, access networks, links, Network core, Packet switching, circuit switching, network structure, Multiplexing, Delay, loss and throughput in networks, Protocol layers, service models, Networks under attack: security, History.	9
2	Unit 2:	9

	Total	45
	Mobility, Principles: addressing and routing to mobile users, Mobile IP, Handling mobility in cellular networks, Mobility and higher-layer protocols	
5	Wireless, Wireless links, characteristics, CDMA, IEEE 802.11 wireless LANs ("Wi-Fi"), Cellular Internet Access: Architecture, Standards (e.g., 3G, LTE),	9
	Unit 5: Wireless and Mobile Networks	
4	Data Link Control: Introduction and services, Error detection and correction, Multiple access protocols, LANs, Addressing & ARP, Ethernet, Switches, VLANs, PPP, Link virtualization, MPLS, Data center networking, Web request processing.	8
3	Unit 3: Data Encoding and Transmission: Data encoding and transmission concepts, Digital data transmission over digital signal: NRZ encoding, Multilevel binary encodings, Biphase encodings, Scrambling techniques, Digital data transmission over analog signal: Public telephone system, Amplitude Shift Keying (ASK), Frequency Shift Keying (FSK), Phase Shift Keying (PSK), Performance of digital to analog modulation schemes, Quadrature Amplitude Modulation (QAM), Analog data transmission over digital signal: Digitization, Pulse Code Modulation, Non- linear encoding, Delta modulation, Analog data transmission over analog signal: Asynchronous transmission, Synchronous transmission, Ethernet link layer frame example. Unit 4:	10
	Application Layer: Principles of network applications, Web and HTTP, FTP, Electronic Mail, SMTP, POP3, IMAP, DNS, P2P applications, Video streaming and content distribution networks, Ethereal (network packet sniffer), Socket programming with UDP and TCP	

SL. No.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Edition	Year of Publication / Reprint
	Textbooks		
1.	1.Douglas E. Comer," Internetworking with TCP/IP Volume One - 6th Edition" Publisher is Pearson, © 2014	6th	2014
	2. Protocol specifications (RFCs) and other readings will also be assigned	1 st	2008
	Reference Books		
1.	Seymour Lipschutz, Data Structures Schaum's Outlines, McGraw Hill	1 st	2014

12.	Mode of Evaluation	Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid Term Exam / End Term Exam

SEMESTER V

mame	e or Department.	- Computer 3	Science	and Engineering			
1.	Subject Code:	TCS 5	91	Course Title:	Computer System Security		
2.	Contact Hours:	L: [3	T: 0 P: 0			
3.	Examination Do	uration (Hrs)	: Theo	ry 3 Practica)		
4.	Relative Weigh	t: CIE	25	MSE 25	SEE 50		
5.	Credits:		3				
6.	Semester:		V				
7.	Category of Co	urse:	DE				
8.	Pre-requisite: T	CS-491					
	9. Course After completion of the course, the students will be able to: CO1: Explain different security threats and attacks						

9. Course	After completion of the course, the students will be able to:
Outcome**:	CO1: Explain different security threats and attacks.
	CO2: Know the working of different attacks and security protocols.
	CO3: Analyze the different security protocols.
	CO4: Use programming to implement security protocols.
	CO5: Use programming to implement security protocols.
	CO6: Develop system security protocols

^{**} Describe the specific knowledge, skills, or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate.

SI. No.	Contents	Contact Hours
	Unit 1:	
	Introduction to System security:	
	Control hijacking attacks buffer overflow, integer overflow, bypassing browser	
1	memory protection, Sandboxing and Isolation, Tools and techniques for writing	10
	robust application software, Security vulnerability detection tools, and techniques	
	program analysis (static, concolic and dynamic analysis), Privileges, access	
	control, and Operating System Security, Exploitation techniques, and Fuzzing	
	Unit 2:	
	Software security:	
2	Vulnerabilities, Attacks, and Countermeasures: Privileged programs (Set-UID	10
	programs) and vulnerabilities & Privilege Separation, Buffer Overflow	
	vulnerability and defences, Return-to-libc attack, Race, Condition vulnerability	

	and attack, Dirty COW attack, Format String vulnerability and attack, Shellshock attack, Heartbleed attack Interactivity, Annotation, and Arrangement;	
3	Unit 3: Web Security: Same origin Policy, Cross site scripting attack, Cross site request forgery attack, Sql Injection attack, Clickjacking attack, Content Security Policies (CSP) in web, Web Tracking, Session Management and User Authentication, Session Integrity, Https, SSL/TLS, Threat Modelling	10
4	Unit 4: Smartphone Security: Android vs. ioS security model, threat models, information tracking, rootkits, Access control in Android operating system, Rooting android devices, Repackaging attacks, Attacks on apps, Whole- disk encryption, hardware protection, Viruses, spywares, and keyloggers and malware detection	9
5	Unit 5: Hardware and system security: Meltdown Attack, spectre attack, Authentication and password, Access control concept, Access control list, Capability, Sandboxing, Threats of Hardware Trojans and Supply Chain Security, Side Channel Analysis based Threats, and attacks. Issues in Critical Infrastructure and SCADA Security.	6
	Total	45

SL. No.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Edition	Year of Publication / Reprint
110.	Textbooks		Коринс
1.	Security in Computing, Book by Charles P Pfleeger and Shari Lawrence Pfleeger, V edition	5th	2015
2.	Cryptography and Network Security: Principles and Practice, Book by William Stallings, VII edition	7th	2017
	Reference Books		

12.	Mode of Evaluation	Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid Term Exam / End Term Exam

SEMESTER V

Name of Depart	. ^				
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Name of Debam	1116111 COULID	uiei ocience	ancı	-11011116	∹ 111101

1.	Subject Code:	TCS 509		Course Title:		e:	Machine	Learning		
2.	Contact Hours:	L: [3	3	T:		P : [0			
3.	Examination Du	ration (Hr	s):	Theor	у з		Pra	actical	0	
4.	Relative Weight	: CIE	25	MSE	25		SI	EE 50		
5.	Credits:		3							
6.	Semester:		V							
7.	Category of Cou	urse:	DE							

8. Pre-requisite: Design and Analysis of Algorithm, Fundamental of Statistics and AI (TCS 421 / Statistical Data Analysis with R (TCS 471), Discrete Structures and Combinatorics (TMA 316)

9. Course	After completion of the course the students will be able to:
Outcome**:	CO1: Acquire concepts and methods in statistical machine learning
	CO2: Analyze fundamental principles of machine learning algorithms
	CO3: Understand machine learning motivated by case-studies
	CO4: Investigate and evaluate key topics in machine learning
	algorithms for data science industry

^{**} Describe the specific knowledge, skills, or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate.

SI. No.	Contents	Contact Hours
1	Unit 1: Machine learning foundation Review of logic and knowledge system - language, axiom, hypothesis, theorem, logic & types, what is ML, Inductive bias in ML, AI pyramid, Pattern classification pipeline, Linear algebra in ML, Probabilistic logic and statistical inference (Random expt./ variable, CDF, WLLN, Bayes, Markov & Chernoff bound, Hypothesis testing and performance indices - ROC, Estimation - detection, Optimality of Bayes, bias-variance, underfit-overfit, entropy as Information, Cover's packing lemma, Curse of dimensionality, Case study: Wealth – optimal payoffs in portfolios (stock market)	14
2	Unit 2: Unsupervised Learning Clustering, Clustering methods – Partition vs. Hierarchical, k-Means and k-Medoids, Hierarchical: Agglomerative & Divisive, Error Analysis in Clustering, Ensemble - clustering, Case study: Clustering in Health care, Causal cluster, Graph cluster	8

	3	Unit 3: Supervised Learning Main objectives and types of Supervised methods (Parametric, Semi parametric, Non-parametric), Linear Regression and Weiner filter, Grammar based/Inductive learning - Decision Trees – CART, ID-3, Pruning metrics for tree; D-tree examples, Linear SVM (basics and V-C bound), k-NN rule and examples, Learning as Factorization, Ensemble learning: Bagging, Boosting. Case studies: covered for mentioned Supervised learning techniques.	10
	4	Unit 4: Reinforcement & Interaction Learning Basic model of Reinforcement Learning as game (Agent, Critic, Environment), Optimal policy & Q – values, Bellman equation, Case studies on R Learning Active learning, Deep Reinforcement, Transfer learning with examples, Federated Machine Learning with examples.	8
	5	Unit 5: Special topics in Machine Learning Sentiment Mining: NLP pipeline process, Data Analytics – Big data and Hadoop model, Business Analytics – Competitive Machine Learning, ANN building blocks (problem solving), Deep learning, Feed forward, Backpropagation, C-NN, Recurrent-NN.	8
Ī		Total	48

SL. No.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Edition	Year of Publication / Reprint
	Textbooks		
1.	Pattern classification – R, Duda, P. Hart and D. Stork, Wiley Publisher	2 nd .	2007
2.	The Elements of Statistical Learning – J. Friedman, R.	3 rd .	2017
	Tibshirani and T. Hastie, Springer Publisher		
3.	Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning – C. Bishop,	$2^{\rm nd}$.	2016
	Springer Publisher		
4.	Deep Learning – A. Courville, I. Goodfellow, Y. Bengio,	2 nd .	2016
	MIT Press		
	Reference Textbooks		
1.	Machine Learning - Tom M. Mitchell, Mc Graw Hill	1 st	2017
	Publisher		
2.	Introduction to Machine Learning – E. Alpaydin, PHI	3 rd .	2015
	Publisher		
3.	Flaments of Information Theory T.M. Cover, I.A. Thomas	2 ^{nd.}	2006
3.	Elements of Information Theory – T M. Cover, J A. Thomas, Wiley Publisher	2 "	2000
	Whey I donshel		

ſ	12.	Mode of	Internal	Seminar – presentation on topic in ML & internal viva
	Evaluation		١	<u>OR</u>
			•	Simulation of ML method with real dataset & internal viva

SEMESTER V

Name of Department: - Computer Science and Engineering						Introduction to
1.	Subject Code: TCS 562	2	C	ourse Ti	tle:	Artificial Intelligence and Data Science
2.	Contact Hours: L: 3	3	T: 0	P :	0	
3.	Examination Duration (Hr	s.):	Theory	3	Pra	ctical 0
4.	Relative Weight: CIE	25		MS	E 25	SEE 50
5.	Credits:	3				
6.	Semester:	5				
7.	Category of Course:	DC				
8.	Pre-requisite: TCS	342, TC	CS 462			

9. Course	After completion of the course the students will be able to:
Outcome**:	CO1: Understand the concepts of Artificial Intelligence and Data Science with their related terminologies.
	CO2: Analyze and Apply various programming skills for understanding
	Data nature and its requirements.
	CO3: Analyze and apply various modelling techniques for basic data Analytics.
	CO4: Demonstrate Problem Solving using AI algorithms.
	CO5: Understand, Apply and Demonstrate different techniques and tools for Data Analysis.
	CO6: Analyze Real World Case Studies on Applications of Data Science.

^{**} Describe the specific knowledge, skills or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate.

SI. No.	Contents	Contact Hours
1	Unit 01: Data Science History, Data Science and Related Terminologies, Types of Analytics, Applications of Data Science, Data Science Process Models. Introduction to AI, History and Foundation of AI, Intelligence, and it's type, Categorization of Artificial Intelligent based System, Agents & Environments, Applications, and Current trends in AI	10
2	Unit 02: Introduction to Data, Types, Data Preprocessing, Understanding Data Requirements, Dealing with Erroneous/Missing Values,	10

	Standardizing Data, Steps involved in EDA using Python Programming/R. Knowledge and Reasoning in AI: Knowledge based Agents, Syntax and Semantics, Forward Chaining, Backward Chaining, Knowledge Engineering, Belief Network	
	Unit 3: Introduction to Modelling Techniques, Supervised Learning	
3	Algorithms- Regression, Classification, and Unsupervised Learning Algorithms- Clustering, Association Rule Mining Feature Selection, Dimensionality Reduction, Independent and Dependent Variables, Relationship between Variables: Correlation, Multicollinearity, Factor Analysis, Treatment of Outliers	10
4	Unit 4: Problem Solving Agent, Formulating Problems, Example Problems, Uninformed Search Methods, Informed Search Method, Local Search Methods, Genetic algorithms, Adversarial Search	10
5	Unit 5: Applications of Analytics in Healthcare, Applications of Analytics in Agriculture, Applications of Analytics in Business, Applications of Analytics in Sports, Forms of Learning, Introduction to Expert Systems, Expert System Architecture, Capstone Project	8
	Total	48

SL. No.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Edition	Year of Publication / Reprint
	Textbooks		
1.	Deepak Khemani, A First Course in Artificial Intelligence, McGraw Hill Education	6th	2018
2.	N. P. Padhy, Artificial Intelligence and Intelligent Systems, Oxford	1st	2005
3	B.Uma Maheshwari, R.Sujatha, Introduction to Data Science, Wiley	1 st	2021
4	Jake VanderPlas, Python Data Science Handbook, O'Reilly	1 st	2022
	Reference Books		
1.	Stuart J. Russell and Peter Norvig, Artificial Intelligence a Modern Approach, McGraw Hill	3 rd	2009

12.	Mode of Evaluation	Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid Term Exam / End Term Exam

SEMESTER V

Name	Name of Department: - Computer Science and Engineering				
1.	Subject Code: TCS-563		Course Title	Multi-Modal Data Processing and Learning	
2.	Contact Hours: L: 3	3	T: 0 P: 0		
3.	Examination Duration (Hrs	s):	Theory 3	Practical 0	
4.	Relative Weight: CIE	25	PRS 0 MSE	25 SEE 50 PRE 0	
5.	Credits:	3			
6.	Semester:	5			
7.	Category of Course:	DE			
8.	Pre-requisite:				

9. Course	After completion of the course the students will be able to:
Outcome**:	CO1: To discuss multimodal data and its applications
	CO2: To apply text processing techniques in the relevant applications
	CO3: To analyze various speech processing approaches
	CO4: To create a model based on digital image and video processing
	CO5: To analysis data of imbalance for multimodal design
	CO6: To compare various types of processing such as Text process,
	Speech processing, Image and Video processing

^{**} Describe the specific knowledge, skills or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate.

SI. No.	Contents		
1	Unit 1: Introduction: Introduction to Multimodal data and applications, Challenges of multimodal data, Data collection & cleaning.	8	
2	Unit 2: Text Processing: Text normalization, Lemmatization, Morphology, Subword tokenization; Text processing and statistics: TFIDF, BM-25, Zipf's law, Hipf's law; Language models and smoothing techniques; Vector space models.	9	
3	Unit 3: Speech Processing: Speech production and perception, Acoustic and articulatory phonetics; Short-term analysis: Need and windowing, Energy, Zero-crossing rate, Autocorrelation function, Fourier transform, Spectrogram; Short-term synthesis: Overlap-add method; Cepstrum analysis: Basis and development, mel-cepstrum.	9	

	Unit 4:		
4	Digital Image and Video Processing: Point processing, Neighborhood processing, Enhancement, Edge detection, Segmentation, Feature descriptors, Restoration, Morphological operations, Image transforms, Spatial and temporal data handling.	9	
5	Unit 5: Multi-modal data synchronization and fusion: Data understanding and quality estimation, meta data filtering, amount of data estimation for multimodal design, data synchronization and fusion, imbalance data analysis for multimodal design.	8	Ī
	Total	43	l

SL.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Edition	Year of Publication
No.			/ Reprint
	Textbooks		
1.	R. C. Gonzalez, R. E. Woods, <i>Digital Image Processing</i> , Pearson, Prentice-Hall	1 st	2008
2.	R. Klette, Concise Computer Vision: An Introduction Into Theory And Algorithms, Springer	1 st	2014
3.	L. R. Rabiner, R. W. Schafer, <i>Introduction To Digital Speech Processing</i> , Now Publishers Inc	1 st	2007
4.	A But, A Miasnikov, G Ortolani, Multimodal Deep Learning With Tensorflow: Translate Mathematics Into Robust Tensorflow Applications With Python, Packt Publishing Limited	1 st	2019
5.	M Yang, B Rosenhahn, V Murino, Multimodal Scene Understanding: Algorithms, Applications And Deep Learning, Academic Press Inc	1 st	2019
1.	Reference Books	3 rd	2022
1.	D. Jurafsky, J.H. Martin, Speech And Language Processing, (Online Available At Https://web.Stanford.Edu/~Jurafsky/Slp3/)	3 -	2022
2.	J-P Thiran, F Marqués And H Bourlard, Multimodal Signal Processing: Theory And Applications For Human-Computer Interaction, Academic Press	1 st	2009

12.	Mode of Evaluation	Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid Term Exam / End Term Exam
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SEMESTER V

Name of Department: - Computer Science and Engineering Data Science: Visualization with					
1.	Subject Code: TCS-549		C	ourse Title:	Tableau Specialization
2.	Contact Hours: L: 3	3	T: 0	P: 0	
3.	Examination Duration (Hr	s):	Theory	3	Practical 0
4.	Relative Weight: CIE	25		MSE	25 SEE 50
5.	Credits:	3			
6.	Semester:	5			
7.	Category of Course:	DE]
8.	Pre-requisite:				_1

9. Course	After completion of the course the students will be able to:
Outcome**:	CO1: Clean up, format and analyze data to prepare for interactives
	CO2: Design visualizations that represent the relationships contained
	in complex data sets and adapt them to highlight the ideas we want to
	communicate
	CO3: Use principles of human perception and cognition in
	visualization design.
	CO4: Identify the statistical analysis needed to validate the trends
	present in data visualizations.
	CO5: Critically evaluate visualizations and suggest improvements and
	refinements.
	CO6: Use leading open source and commercial software packages
	(Tableau) to create and publish visualizations that enable clear
	interpretations of big, complex and real world data

^{**} Describe the specific knowledge, skills or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate.

SI. No.	Contents	
1	UNIT 01: Context of Data Visualization: Visualization as a discovery tool, Bedrock of visualization as a discovery tool, Visualizing the past, Different Data Visuals for Different Needs, The classic case of London 1855 cholera epidemic and how it changed the face of visualization, The 20th Century advancements, Computer-based Visualization, The Power of Human Perception, Different Data Calls for Different Views, Leveraging Composition and Interactivity, Using Data to Tell Stories	10

	Visualization design objectives: Methodology, Establishing intent, The	
	visualization's function-explain, explore, exhibit; Tone-analytical and	
	abstract, key factors in a visualization project, The eight hats of data	
	visualization design	
	UNIT 02:	
	Demonstrating Editorial Focus : Importance of editorial focus, Preparing and familiarizing of data, Refining the editorial focus, Using visual analysis to find stories	
	Conceiving and Reasoning: Preparing data, Refining, The Visualization	
2	anatomy - Data Representation: choosing correct visualization method,	10
	physical properties of data, degree of accuracy in interpretation, creating	
	an appropriate design metaphor, choosing the final solution; The	
	Visualization anatomy- Data presentation: Interactivity, Annotation and	
	Arrangement;	
	Unit 03:	
	Taxonomy of Data Visualization: Choosing appropriate chart type: Dot	
	plot, Column chart, Floating bar(Gantt chart), pixelated bar chart,	
	Histogram, Slopegraph, Radial chart, Glyph chart, Sankey diagram, Area	
	size chart; Assessing hierarchies and part-to-whole relationships: Pie	
	chart, Stacked bar chart, Square pie, Tree map, Circle packing diagram,	
3	Bubble hierarchy, Tree Hierarchy; Showing changes over time: Line chart,	9
	Sparklines, Area chart, Horizon chart, Stacked area chart, Candlestick	Ğ
	chart (or box and whiskers plot, OHLC chart), Barcode chart, Flow map;	
	Plotting connections and relationships: Scatter plot, Bubble plot, Scatter	
	plot matrix, Heatmap, Parallel sets, Radial network, Network Diagram;	
	Mapping geo-spatial data: Choropleth map, dot plot map, Bubble plot map	
	, Isarithmic map	
	Unit 04:	
	Collaborative Visual Analysis: Supporting Asynchronous Collaborative Information Visualization, Designing for social data analysis, Design considerations for collaborative visual analytics	
	Constructing and Evaluating the Design Solution: Nested model for	
4	visualization design and validation, Challenge of information visualization	9
	evaluation, Visualization software, applications and programs; Charting	
	and statistical analysis tools, programming environments, tools for	
	mapping, The construction process, Approaching the finishing line, Post-	
	launch evaluation, Developing the capabilities	
	l .	

		Unit 05:		
		Data Visualization through Tableau: Tableau basics, connecting tableau		
		to various datasets, creating bar charts, area charts, maps, scatterplots,		
	5	pie charts, tree maps; Create Interactive Dashboards, storylines, Joins,	8	
	5	Data Blending, Table calculations, parameters, Dual axis charts, Export	8	
		results from Tableau to other software, Work with timeseries data,		
		Creating data extracts, Aggregation, Granularity and Level of detail,		
		Adding filters, create data hierarchies, Adding actions to dashboards		
-		Total	46	

SL.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Edition	Year of Publication
No.			/ Reprint
	Textbooks		
1.	Andy Kirk, "Data Visualization: a successful design process", Packt Publishing, 2012		2012
	Reference Books		
1.	Tamara Munzer, "Visualization Analysis and Design",	1st	2014
	CRC Press		

12.	Mode of Evaluation	Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid Term Exam / End Term Exam
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SEMESTER V

Name of Department: - Computer Science and Engineering

1.	Subject Code: TC	S-582	Course Title: Introduction to AI & ML
2.	Contact Hours:	.: 3	T: 0 P: 0
3.	Examination Duration	n (Hrs):	Theory 3
4.	Relative Weight:	CIE 25	MSE 25 SEE 50
5.	Credits:	3	
6.	Semester:	5	
7.	Category of Course:	DC	

8. Pre-requisite:

9. Course	After completion of the course the students will be able to:
Outcome**:	CO1: Ability to compare different AI algorithms in terms of design issues, computational complexity, and assumptions
	CO2: Apply basic search techniques and AI algorithms for problem solving CO3: Identify the machine learning algorithms which are more appropriate for various types of learning tasks in various domains
	CO4: Analyse and Differentiate various classification approaches CO5: Implement machine learning algorithms on real datasets CO6: The student will learn about the basic concepts of ANN and CNN

^{**} Describe the specific knowledge, skills or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate.

SI. No.	Contents	Contact Hours
1	Unit 1: Introduction to AI: Definitions, Foundations AI, History of AI, Intelligent Agents, Structure of Intelligent Agents, Environments; Problem solving Agents, Problem Formulation, Search Strategies, Constraint Satisfaction Search, Informed search Methods	8
2	Unit 2: Knowledge representation and reasoning: Agents that Reason Logically, Propositional Logic and Inference, First-Order Logic, Inference in First-Order Logic Planning and Learning: Introduction to Planning, Types, Learning from observations, Forms of Learning, Inductive Learning, Learning decision trees, Reinforcement Learning	8
3	Unit 3: Data Preprocessing, Machine Learning process, Feature scaling, Simple Linear Regression, Multiple Linear Regression, Polynomial	8

	Regression, Support Vector Regression, Decision Tree Regression, Evaluating the Regression Models Performance	
4	Unit 4: Logistic Regression, K-Nearest Neighbors, Support Vector Machine, Decision Tree Classification, Random Forest Classification	8
5	Unit 5: K-Means clustering, Hierarchical Clustering, Apriori, Eclat, Artificial Neural Networks, Activation Function, Gradient Descent, Stochastic Gradient Descent, Backpropagation, Convolutional Neural Networks	8
	Total	40

SL.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Edition	Year of Publication
No.			/ Reprint
	Textbooks		
1.	Laurence Moroney, AI and Machine Learning for Coders, O'REILLY Media	1 st	2020
2.	Stuart Russell and Peter Norvig, Artificial Intelligence:	3 rd	2015
	A Modern Approach, Pearson Education India		
3.	Elaine Rich, Kevin Knight and Shivashankar B. Nair,	3 rd	2017
	Artificial Intelligence, McGraw-Hill		
	Education		
	Reference Books		
1.	Dan W. Patterson, Introduction to Artificial Intelligence	1 st	2015
	and Expert Systems, Pearson		
	Education India		
2.	Devroye L., Gyorfi L., Lugosi G., A Probabilistic	1 st	1996
	Theory of Pattern Recognition, Springer		

12.	Mode of Evaluation	Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid Term Exam / End Term Exam

SEMESTER V

Name of Department: - Computer Science and Engineering

1.	Subject Code:	TCS 543	3	Course Tit	le:	Knowl	•
2.	Contact Hours:	L: 3	3	T: 0 P:	0	Repre	sentation
3.	Examination Du	ration (Hr	s):	Theory 3	Prac	tical	0
4.	Relative Weight	: CIE	25	MSE 25	SEE	50	
5.	Credits:		3				
6.	Semester:		5	•			
7.	Category of Cou	ırse:	DE				

8. Pre-requisite: TCS 409, Design Analysis and Algorithm, TCS 343 Mathematical Foundations for Artificial Intelligence

9. Course	After completion of the course the students will be able to:
Outcome**:	CO1: Use logic programming and knowledge representation languages for
	modelling simple application domains in Artificial Intelligence
	CO2: Apply reasoning mechanisms in knowledge representation languages to test
	the correctness of models and to formulate more expressive queries.
	CO3: Design ontology-based knowledge systems with reasoning mechanism;
	integrate with other systems for building applications.
	CO4: Understand the entire process of how to design, construct, and query a
	knowledge graph to solve real-world problems.

^{**} Describe the specific knowledge, skills or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate.

SI. No.	Contents	Contact Hours
1	Principles of knowledge representation, Propositional Logic- Proof Systems, Natural Deduction, Tableau Method, Resolution Method. First Order Logic Syntax and Semantics, Unification, Forward Chaining, Horn Fragments of First Order Logic.	10
2	Rule based systems, The Rete Algorithm, Rete example, Programming rule Based Systems, Description Logics, Reasoning in Description Logics, Structure Matching, Classification, Extensions of DL	9
3	The ALC Language, Ontology Representation languages, Ontology Languages- RDF, RDFS-Rule Interchange Format, Logic programming	9

	with OWL: OWL-Building OWL ontology- SPARQL- RDF/OWL ontology processing using Graph databases	
4	Non monotonic logics 4 hours Classical vs non-monotonic logic. Ways to achieve non-monotonicity-Stable Model Semantics querying Semantic Nets and Frames.	8
5	Discussions on Contemporary Issues in knowledge representation	6
	Total	42

SL. No.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Edition	Year of Publication / Reprint
	Textbooks		
1.	Franz Baader, Ian Horrocks, Carsten Lutz, Uli Sattler, An Introduction to Description Logic, Cambridge University Press	1 st	2017
2.	Ronald Brachman & Hector Levesque, Knowledge Representation and Reasoning, Morgan Kaufmann	1 st	2004
3.	Frank van Harmelen, Vladimir Lifschitz and Bruce Porter (Eds), Handbook of Knowledge Representation Foundations of Artificial Intelligence	1 st	2008
4.	Ian Robinson, Jim Webber, Emil Eifrem, Graph Databases, O'Reilly Media	2 nd	2015
	Reference Books		
1.	Pascal Hitzler, Markus Kroetsch, and Sebastian Rudolph, Foundations of Semantic Web Technologies, Chapman & Hall/ CRC Textbooks in Computing	1st	2009

12.	Mode of Evaluation	Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid Term Exam / End Term Exam
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SEMESTER V

Name	of Department: - Compute	Introduction to Artificial	
1.	Subject Code: TCS 54	Course Title:	Intelligence
2.	Contact Hours: L:	3 T: 1 P: 0	
3.	Examination Duration (Hr	s.): Theory 3 Prac	ctical 0
4.	Relative Weight: CIE	25 PRS 0 SEE	50
5.	Credits:	3	
6.	Semester:	V	
7.	Category of Course:	DC	
8	Pre-requisite: TCS 343 N	Mathematical Foundations for Artific	ial Intelligence

9. Course	After completion of the course the students will be able to:
Outcome**:	CO 1: Understand the basics of the theory and practice of Artificial Intelligence.
	CO 2: Learn the basics of Artificial Intelligence programming.
	CO 3: Understand various searching techniques use to solve the AI problems.
	CO 4: Apply knowledge representation techniques and problem solving strategies to
	common AI applications.
	CO 5: Build self-learning and research skills to tackle a topic of interest on his/her
	own or as part of a team.
	CO 6: Apply the knowledge of AI and agents in developing multidisciplinary real
	world projects

^{**} Describe the specific knowledge, skills or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate.

SI. No.	Contents	
	Unit 1: Introduction	
	What is AI?, Foundation of AI, State space representation. Intelligent Systems:	
1	Categorization of Intelligent System, Components of AI Program, Types of AI,	8
	Foundations of AI, Applications of AI, Current trends in AI, Intelligent Agents:	
	Anatomy, structure, Types.	
	Unit 2: Problem Solving	
2	Solving problem by Searching: Problem Solving Agent, Formulating Problems.	10
	Uninformed Search Methods: Breadth First Search (BFS), Depth First Search	

	(DFS), Depth Limited Search, Depth First Iterative Deepening (DFID), Informed		
	Search Methods: Greedy best first Search, A* Search, Memory bounded heuristic		
	Search. Local Search Algorithms and Optimization Problems: Hill climbing		
	search Simulated annealing, Local beam search		
	Unit 3: Uncertain Knowledge and Reasoning		
3	Acting under uncertainty, Basic Probability Notation, Inference using full joint	0	
3	distributions, Bayes Rule and its use.	8	
	Unit 4: Knowledge Representation		
	First order predicate calculus, Horn Clauses, Introduction to PROLOG, Semantic	4.0	
4	NetsPartitioned Nets, Minskey frames, Case Grammar Theory, Production Rules	10	
	KnowledgeBase, The Inference System, Forward & Backward Deduction		
	Unit 5: Expert System and Programing Language		
	Expert System Existing Systems (DENDRAL, MYCIN), domain exploration,		
5	Meta Knowledge, Expertise Transfer, Self Explaining System	12	
	Programming Language: Introduction to programming Language, LISP,		
	PROLOG		
	Total	48	

SL. No.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Edition	Year of Publication / Reprint
	Textbooks		
1.	G F. Luger, <u>Artificial Intelligence: Structures and Strategies</u> for Complex Problem Solving,	6th	2021
2.	<u>Dan W. Patterson</u> , Introduction to Artificial Intelligence and Expert Systems, PHI	1st	1990
3	Eileen Mc Daniel, Stephen McDaniel, The	1 st	2012
	Accidental Analyst: Show Your Data Who's Boss		
	Freak Analytics		
	Reference Books		
1.	Stuart J. Russell and Peter Norvig, Artificial Intelligence a Modern Approach, McGraw Hill	3 rd	2009

12.	Mode of Evaluation	Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid Term Exam / End Term Exam

SEMESTER V

Name of De	partment: -	Computer	Science	and	Engine	ering

1.	Subject Code:	PCS 54	12	Course Title: Artificial Intelligence Lab
2.	Contact Hours:		0	T: 1 P: 2
3.	Examination Dura	ation (Hr	s):	Theory 0 Practical 3 hr
4.	Relative Weight:	CIE	25	MSE 25 SEE 50
5.	Credits:		2	
6.	Semester:		V	
7.	Category of Cour	se:	DC	

8. Pre-requisite: TCS 409 Design and Analysis of Algorithm, TCS 341Python programming for computing

9. Course	After completion of laboratory the students will be able to:	
Outcome**:	CO1: Implement methods in AI CO2: Analyze AI algorithms and applications	

^{**} Describe the specific knowledge, skills or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate.

S. N.	Contents	Contact Hours
1	To program problem-solving by path traversal search over graph using BFS, DFS, UFS	2
2	To program problem-solving by path traversal using A* algorithm (Informed Search)	2
2	To use lobe.ai user interface and perform manual labeling, training and testing for supervised object recognition in Image	2
3	To understand and develop basic KR (Knowledge Representation) tools from practical AI problem definitions: KR methods	2

	To take two - category input data file and use thresholding to	
4	design binary classifier for dataset 1 dimensional, 2 dimensional	2
	dataset	
	To register and use monkeylearn.com and create model, train	
_	and classify sentiments that lead to sentiment prediction using	0
5	corpus of hotel reviews as part of NLU	2
6	To register and use Teachable machine (Google API) and perform multiple	2
	class / pose analysis and classification. To use quillbot.com and study basic machine transcription roles in	
7	summarization: as NLP application	2
	To use quillbot.com and study basic machine transcription roles	
8	in grammar checker (syntax): as NLP application	2
	To use quillbot.com and study basic machine transcription roles	•
9	in paraphrasing: as NLP application	2
	Program probabilistic model given: it is Friday and that a	
	student is absent is 3 %. Since there are 5 school days in a	
10	week, the probability that it is friday is 20 %. What is the	2
	probability that a student is absent given that today is friday.	
	Program Bayesian rule in python to get the result.	
	To extract intra-day stock market data for 4 stocks and write	
11	program that: plots the values, develops linear regression,	2
	derive mean and correlation.	
12	To program best fit distributions for at least 2 discrete	2
12	distributions and estimate mean and variance for the dataset.	2
13	To program best fit distributions for at least 2 continuous	2
	distributions and estimate mean and variance for the dataset.	
14	To program method using Z score, DB for detection of	2
17	Outliers in dataset	2
15	To study role of correlation as strong, weak and moderate	2
10	between underlying features as function of sample size	_

10	To develop knowledge discovery and association rule map for	2
16	healthcare dataset	2

SEMESTER V

Name of Department: - Computer Science and Engineering

1.	Subject Code: TCS 511		Cour	se Title:	Computer Networks
2.	Contact Hours: L:	3	T: 0	P: 0	
3.	Examination Duration (Hr	s): The	ory 3	Praction	cal 0
4.	Relative Weight: CIE	25	MSE	25	SEE 50
5.	Credits:	3			
6.	Semester:	V			
7.	Category of Course:	DC			

8. Pre-requisite: TCS 101, Fundamental of Computer & Introduction to Programming

9. Course	After completion of the course the students will be able to:
Outcome**:	CO1: Apply and Characterize computer networks from the view point of
	components and from the view point of services.
	CO2: Display good understanding of the flow of a protocol in general and a network protocol in particular
	CO3: Evaluate and Select the most suitable Application Layer protocol (such as
	HTTP, FTP, SMTP, DNS, BitTorrent) as per the requirements of the network
	application and work with available tools to demonstrate the working of these
	protocols.
	CO4: Design a Reliable Data Transfer Protocol and incrementally develop
	solutions for the requirements of Transport Layer
	CO5: Describe the essential principles of Network Layers and use IP addressing to
	create subnets for any specific requirements
	CO6: Evaluate and select the appropriate technology to meet Data Link Layer
	requirements and design a framework to implementing TCP/IP protocol suite.

^{**} Describe the specific knowledge, skills or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate.

SI. No.	Contents	Contact Hours
1	Unit 1: Introduction: Computer Networks and the Internet, Overall view: As components and as services; What is a protocol, what is a network protocol, Access Networks and Physical Media, Circuit and Packet Switching, Internet Backbone, Delays: Processing, Queuing, Transmission and Propagation delays, The Layered Architecture: Protocol Layering, The OSI Reference Model and the TCP/IP protocol stack, History of Computer Networking, and the Internet.	11
2	Unit 2: Application Layer: Principles and Architectures of Network Applications, Client and Server processes, the idea of socket, Transport services available to Application Layer especially in the internet Application Layer Protocols: The Web and http: Persistent and Nonpersistent connections, http message format, cookies, proxy server, conditional GET, File Transfer Protocol, Email: smtp, mail message formats, mail access protocols: pop3, imap, MIME, DNS: Services, How it works, Root, Top-Level and Authoritative DNS servers, Resource Records, DNS messages A simple introduction to p2p file distribution: BitTorrent	11
3	Unit 3: Transport Layer: Introduction and Services, The Transport layer in internet, Difference between Connection Oriented and Connectionless services, UDP: Segment structure, checksum in UDP, stop-and-wait, Go Back N, Selective Repeat, TCP: Connection Establishment, TCP header, Sequence and acknowledgement numbers, Round Trip Time, Flow Control, Congestion, Control.	6

	Transport Layer: Introduction and Services, The Transport layer in internet, Difference between Connection Oriented and Connectionless services UDP: Segment structure, checksum in UDP	
4	Unit 4: Network Layer: Introduction, Packet Forwarding and Routing, Difference between Virtual Circuits and Datagram networks, The internals of a router: Input ports, output ports, switching architecture The Internet Protocol(IP), Datagram format, IP fragmentation, IPv4, addressing, subnets, CIDR, classful addressing, DHCP, Network Address Translation(NAT), Universal Plug and Play as a provider of NAT, Internet Control Message Protocol(ICMP), IPv6 Header, Moving from IPv4 to IPv6: tunnelling. Routing Algorithms: Introduction, global vs decentralized routing, The Link State(LS) Routing Algorithm, The Distance Vector (DV) Routing Algorithm, Hierarchical Routing, Introduction to Routing in the Internet: RIP, OSPF, BGP; Introduction to Broadcast and Multicast Routing.	6
5	Unit 5: Link Layer and Local Area Networks: Introduction to Link Layer and its services, Where Link Layer is implemented? Error detection and correction techniques: Parity checks, Checksum, CRC; Multiple Access protocols: Channel Partitioning, Random Access (Slotted Aloha, Aloha, CSMA), Taking Turns; Link Layer Addressing: MAC addresses, ARP, Ethernet, CSMA/CD, Ethernet Technologies, Link Layer Switches, Switches vs Routers, VLANS	10
	Total	45

SL. No.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Edition	Year of Publicati on / Reprint
	Textbooks		
1.	Computer Networking: "A Top Down Approach (5th edition)", Ross and Kurose, Pearson/Addison-Wesley	7th	2017
	Reference Books		
1.	Andrew Tanenbaum and David Wetherhall, "Computer Networks", Prentice Hall	5th	2010
2.	Peterson and Davie, "Computer Networks: A System Approach", Elsevier	4th	2007
3.	Forouzan, "Data Communication and Networking", McGraw Hill	5th	2013
4.	William Stallings: "Data and Computer Communication", Pearson Education, 2007	8th	2007

5.	Nader F. Mir:" Computer and Communication Networks", Pearson Education.	1st	2007

12.	Mode of Evaluation	Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid Term Exam / End Term
		Exam

SEMESTER Vth

Name	e of Department: - Compute	er Scien	ice and Engin	eering			
1.	Subject Code: PCS 51	1	Cour	se Title:	Computer	Networks	Lab
2.	Contact Hours: L:)	T: 0	P: 2			
3.	Examination Duration (Hr	s):	Theory 0		Practical	3	
4.	Relative Weight:		PRS 25	MSE 2	25	PRE	50
5.	Credits:	2					
6.	Semester:	5 th					
7.	Category of Course:	DC					
8.	Pre-requisite: Computer r	etwork	 S		_		

9. Course	After completion of the course the students will be able to:
Outcome**:	CO1: Understand various components that make up a computer network,
	including routers, switches, hubs, servers, and clients and learn about the basic
	commands used troubleshooting.
	CO2: Design UTP cable for cross and direct connection using crimping tool.
	CO3: Implement the common network protocols such as TCP/IP, UDP, HTTP,
	DNS, DHC and FTP Understand how these protocols function and their role in
	facilitating communication between devices using network simulation tool like
	Packet tracer.
	CO4: Apply the static and dynamic routing concepts in the network core and
	monitoring network traffic using Wireshark and develop skills in
	troubleshooting network connectivity issues.
	CO5: Design network applications using UDP and TCP socket programing
	concepts and network design principles and test these applications using real
	or virtual network devices.

^{**} Describe the specific knowledge, skills or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate.

SI.	List of problems for which student should develop program and execute	Contact
No.	in the Laboratory	Hours
1.	Problem Statement 1: Familiarization of Network Environment, Understanding and using network utilities: ipconfig, netstat, ping, telnet, ftp, traceroute etc.	2
2.	Problem Statement 2: Familiarization with Transmission media and tools: Co-axial cable, UTP cable, Crimping tool, Connectors etc. Preparing the UTP cable for cross and direct connection using crimping tool.	2
3.	Problem Statement 3: Installation and introduction of simulation tool. (Packet Tracer)	2
4.	Problem Statement 4: To configure a basic network topology consisting of routers, switches, and end devices such as PCs or laptops. Configure IP addresses and establish connectivity between devices. (Using packet Tracer)	2
5.	Problem Statement 5: To configure a DHCP server on a router or a dedicated DHCP server device. Assign IP addresses dynamically to devices on the network and verify successful address assignment. (Using packet Tracer)	2
6.	Problem Statement 6: To configure a local DNS server to resolve domain names within a network. (Using packet Tracer)	2

7. To analyze complete TCP/IP protocol suite layer's headers using Wire Shark Problem Statement 8: 8. Static Routing: Configure static routes on multiple routers to enable communication between different networks. Test the connectivity by pinging between hosts in different networks. (Using packet Tracer) Problem Statement 9: Dynamic Routing (RIP): Configure routers to use the Routing Information Protocol (RIP) for dynamic routing. Enable RIP on the interfaces connected to different networks and verify that routes are being learned and propagated. Test the connectivity between hosts in different networks. (Using packet Tracer) Problem Statement 10: Dynamic Routing (OSPF): Configure routers to use the Open Shortest Path First (OSPF) routing protocol. Set up OSPF on the routers and advertise network information. Verify that OSPF is establishing neighbor relationships and propagating routes. Test connectivity between hosts in different networks. (Using packet Tracer) Problem Statement 11: TCP Client-Server Communication: Implement a TCP client program that sends a message to a TCP server program. Implement the corresponding TCP server program that receives the message and displays it. Test the communication between the client and server by exchanging messages (Using 'C' Language) Problem Statement 12: UDP Client-Server Communication: Implement a UDP client program that sends a message to a UDP server program. Implement the corresponding UDP server program that receives the message and displays it (Using 'C' Language) Optional programs for advanced learner Problem Statement 1:		Problem Statement 7:	
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9. Protocol (RIP) for dynamic routing. Enable RIP on the interfaces connected to different networks and verify that routes are being learned and propagated. Test the connectivity between hosts in different networks. (Using packet Tracer) 10. Dynamic Routing (OSPF): Configure routers to use the Open Shortest Path First (OSPF) routing protocol. Set up OSPF on the routers and advertise network information. Verify that OSPF is establishing neighbor relationships and propagating routes. Test connectivity between hosts in different networks. (Using packet Tracer) Problem Statement 11: TCP Client-Server Communication: Implement a TCP client program that sends a message to a TCP server program. 11. Implement the corresponding TCP server program that receives the message and displays it. Test the communication between the client and server by exchanging messages (Using 'C' Language) Problem Statement 12: UDP Client-Server Communication: Implement a UDP client program that sends a message to a UDP server program. 12. Implement a UDP client program that sends a message to a UDP server program. 13. Implement the corresponding UDP server program that receives the message and displays it (Using 'C' Language) Optional programs for advanced learner		Problem Statement 9:	
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10. First (OSPF) routing protocol. Set up OSPF on the routers and advertise network information. Verify that OSPF is establishing neighbor relationships and propagating routes. Test connectivity between hosts in different networks. (Using packet Tracer) Problem Statement 11: TCP Client-Server Communication: Implement a TCP client program that sends a message to a TCP server program. 11. Implement the corresponding TCP server program that receives the message and displays it. Test the communication between the client and server by exchanging messages (Using 'C' Language) Problem Statement 12: UDP Client-Server Communication: Implement a UDP client program that sends a message to a UDP server program. 12. Implement the corresponding UDP server program that receives the message and displays it (Using 'C' Language) Optional programs for advanced learner		Problem Statement 10:	
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and displays it. Test the communication between the client and server by exchanging messages (Using 'C' Language) Problem Statement 12: UDP Client-Server Communication: Implement a UDP client program that sends a message to a UDP server program. 2 Implement the corresponding UDP server program that receives the message and displays it (Using 'C' Language) Optional programs for advanced learner			
messages (Using 'C' Language) Problem Statement 12: UDP Client-Server Communication: Implement a UDP client program that sends a message to a UDP server program. 2 Implement the corresponding UDP server program that receives the message and displays it (Using 'C' Language) Optional programs for advanced learner	11.		2
UDP Client-Server Communication: Implement a UDP client program that sends a message to a UDP server program. 2 Implement the corresponding UDP server program that receives the message and displays it (Using 'C' Language) Optional programs for advanced learner		messages	
Implement a UDP client program that sends a message to a UDP server program. 2 Implement the corresponding UDP server program that receives the message and displays it (Using 'C' Language) Optional programs for advanced learner		Problem Statement 12:	
12. program. Implement the corresponding UDP server program that receives the message and displays it (Using 'C' Language) Optional programs for advanced learner		UDP Client-Server Communication:	
and displays it (Using 'C' Language) Optional programs for advanced learner	12.		2
1 2		and displays it	
1. Problem Statement 1:		Optional programs for advanced learner	_
	1.	Problem Statement 1:	2

Implement a TCP server program that listens for incoming connections. Implement a TCP client program that sends a file to the server. The server should receive the file and save it on the local machine. Verify the successful transfer by comparing the original file with the receive file Problem Statement 2: Chat Application using TCP: Implement a TCP client program for a chat application. Implement the corresponding TCP server program. Multiple clients should be able to connect to the server and exchangemessages. Test the chat application by simulating multiple clients communicating with each other.	2
Implement a TCP client program that sends a file to the server. The server should receive the file and save it on the local machine. Verify the successful transfer by comparing the original file with the received file Problem Statement 2: Chat Application using TCP: Implement a TCP client program for a chat application. Implement the corresponding TCP server program. Multiple clients should be able to connect to the server and exchangemessages. Test the chat application by simulating multiple clients communicating with	2
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Multiple clients should be able to connect to the server and exchange messages. Test the chat application by simulating multiple clients communicating with	_
messages. Test the chat application by simulating multiple clients communicating with	•
<u> </u>	1
Problem Statement 3:	
DNS Lookup using UDP:	
3. Implement a UDP client program that sends a domain name to a DNS server Implement the corresponding DNS server program that resolves the domain name to an IP address.	2
The server should send the resolved IP address back to the client.	
Test the program by performing DNS lookups for different domain names	
Problem Statement 4:	
HTTP Server using TCP:	
Implement a TCP server program that acts as an HTTP server.	
4. The server should be able to handle HTTP requests and send back appropriate HTTP responses.	e 2
Test the server by accessing it through a web browser and requesting differen	t
resources.	
Problem Statement 5:	
5. Virtual LANs (VLANs): Create multiple VLANs and configure inter-VLAN routing using a router or Layer 3 switch. Assign hosts to different VLANs and test communication between hosts in different VLANs.	
6. Problem Statement 6:	2

	Access Control Lists (ACLs): Implement access control lists on routers to control traffic flow based on source/destination IP addresses, port numbers, or protocols. Test the ACLs by allowing or denying specific types of traffic	
	between hosts.	
7.	Problem Statement 7: Network Address Translation (NAT): Configure Network Address Translation on a router to translate private IP addresses to public IP addresses and vice versa. Test connectivity between hosts with private IP addresses and hosts on the public internet.	2
	Total	38

S. No.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Edition	Year of Publicati on / Reprint
	Text Books		
1.	Behrouz A. Forouzan, "Data Communications and Networking with TCPIP Protocol Suite, 6/e", McGraw Hill	6 th	2022
	Reference Books		
1.	Ross and Kurose, Computer Networking: "A Top-Down Approach (5th edition)", Pearson/Addison-Wesley	5 th	2017

SEMESTER V

Nomo	of Donartment: Compute	er Science and Engineering
1.	Subject Code:	Course Title: Computer System
'.	Subject Code. Too F	
2.	Contact Hours: L:	3 T: 0 P: 0
3.	Examination Duration (Hr	rs): Theory 3 Practical 0
4.	Relative Weight: CIE	25 MSE 25 50
5.	Credits:	3
6.	Semester:	5 th
7.	Category of Course:	DE
8.	Pre-requisite: TCS-492 F	undamental of Cyber Security

9. Course	After completion of the course, the students will be able to:			
Outcome**:	CO1: Explain different security threats and attacks.			
	CO2: Know the working of different attacks and security protocols.			
	CO3: Analyze the different security protocols.			
	CO4: Use programming to implement security protocols.			
	CO5: Use programming to implement security protocols.			
	CO6: Develop system security protocols			

^{**} Describe the specific knowledge, skills or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate.

SI. No.	Contents	Contact Hours
1	Introduction to System security: Control hijacking attacks buffer overflow, integer overflow, bypassing browser memory protection, Sandboxing and Isolation, Tools and techniques for writing robust application software, Security vulnerability detection tools, and techniques program analysis (static, concolic and dynamic analysis), Privileges, access control, and Operating System Security, Exploitation techniques, and Fuzzing	10
2	Software security: Vulnerabilities, Attacks, and Countermeasures: Privileged programs (Set-UID programs) and vulnerabilities & Privilege Separation, Buffer Overflow vulnerability and defences, Return-to-libc attack, Race, Condition vulnerability and attack, Dirty COW attack, Format String vulnerability and attack, Shellshock attack, Heartbleed attack Interactivity, Annotation, and Arrangement;	10
3	Web Security: Same origin Policy, Cross site scripting attack, Cross site request forgery attack, Sql Injection attack, Clickjacking attack, Content Security Policies (CSP) in web, Web Tracking, Session Management and User Authentication, Session Integrity, Https, SSL/TLS, Threat Modelling	10
4	Smartphone Security: Android vs. ioS security model, threat models, information tracking, rootkits, Access control in Android operating system, Rooting android devices, Repackaging attacks, Attacks on apps, Whole- disk encryption, hardware protection, Viruses, spywares, and keyloggers and malware detection	9
5	Hardware and system security: Meltdown Attack, spectre attack, Authentication and password, Access control concept, Access control list, Capability, Sandboxing, Threats of Hardware Trojans and Supply Chain Security, Side Channel Analysis based Threats, and attacks. Issues in Critical Infrastructure and SCADA Security.	6
	Total	45

SL. No.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Edition	Year of Publication / Reprint
	Textbooks		
1.	Security in Computing, Book by Charles P Pfleeger and Shari Lawrence Pfleeger, V edition	5th	2011
2.	Cryptography and Network Security: Principles and Practice, Book by William Stallings, VII edition	7th	1998
	Reference Books		

12.	Mode of Evaluation	Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid Term Exam / End Term
		Exam

GRAPHIC ERA (DEEMED TO BE UNIVERSITY), DEHRADUN

SEMESTER V

Name	of Department	: - Compute	er Scien	nce and Engine	ering	Computer System
1.	Subject Code:	PCS-59	7	Course	Title:	Security Lab
2.	Contact Hours	s: L: (T: 1	P: 2	
3.	Examination D	Ouration (Hr	s):	Theory 0	Pr	actical 3
4.	Relative Weig	ht: PRS	25	MSE 25	SI	EE 50
5.	Credits:		2	_		
6.	Semester:		5 th			
7.	Category of C	ourse:	DC			
8.	Pre-requisite:					
9. C c	9. Course After completion of the course the students will be able to:					
		lain diff	erent security thr	eats and a	attacks	

2. Know the working of different attacks and security protocols

3.	Analyse the different security protocols
4.	Use programming to implement security protocols
5.	Apply security mechanisms to secure various applications
6.	Develop system security protocols

^{**} Describe the specific knowledge, skills or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate.

Ex. No.	NAME OF THE PROGRAM	Hours
1.	Practical demonstration of buffer overflow vulnerability and attack. Also write down the solutions available to mitigate the buffer overflow attack.	2
2.	Practical demonstration of race condition and vulnerability and attack. What are possible solutions for race condition vulnerability.	2
3.	Practical demonstration of dirty cow vulnerability and attack.	2
4.	Installation and demonstration of burp suite tool.	2
5.	Installation and demonstration of metasploit tool.	2
6.	Practical demonstration of XSS using burp suite tool.	2
7.	Practical demonstration of CSRF vulnerability and attack. What are the possible solutions for CSRF?	2
8.	Practical demonstration of SQL injection vulnerability and attack. What are the possible solutions for SQLi?	2
9.	Installation and demonstration of wireshark tool.	2
10.	Practical demonstration of HTTPs using the wireshark tool.	2
11.	Practical demonstration of ICMP using the wireshark tool.	2
12.	Case study of hardware security and attacks like Stuxnet and hardware trojan.	2
13.	Case study of side channel attack.	2
	Total	26

SL. No.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Edition	Year of Publication / Reprint
	Textbooks		
1.	Security in Computing, Book by Charles P Pfleeger and Shari Lawrence Pfleeger, V edition	5th	2011
2.	Cryptography and Network Security: Principles and Practice, Book by William Stallings, VII edition	7th	1998
	Reference Books		

SEMESTER V

Name of Department: - Computer Science and Engineering					
1.	Subject Code: TCS 550		Blockchain for Course Title: loT systems		
2.	Contact Hours: L:	3	T: 0 P: 0		
3.	Examination Duration (Hr	s):	Theory 3 Practical 0		
4.	Relative Weight: CIE	25	MSE 25 SEE 50		
5.	Credits:	3			
6.	Semester:	5			
7.	Category of Course:	DC			
8. Secur	Pre-requisite: Fund	lamenta	al of IoT (TCS 331), Fundamental of Cybe		

9. Course	After completion of the course the students will be able to:
Outcome**:	CO1: Explain blockchain and its uses.
	CO2: Know the mechanisms of IoT-based systems CO3: Identify the needs of data preprocessing.
	CO3: Know the mechanisms of IoT-based systems.
	CO4. Use blockchain in the designing of IoT-based systems.
	CO5: Apply blockchain to different IoT-based application frameworks.
	CO6: Implement IoT-based secure application frameworks.

^{**} Describe the specific knowledge, skills or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate.

SI. No.	Contents	Contact Hours
1	UNIT-1 Introduction of IoT Overview of IoT, Motivations, Applications of IoT, Internet of Things IoT Architecture, IoT Frameworks, Vulnerabilities of IoT, Security requirements, Threat analysis, IoT security tomography and layered attacker model, Security model for IoT.	8
2	UNIT-2 Security and blockchain Threats and threat models, data confidentiality, data integrity, authentication and access control, non-repudiation and availability, overview of blockchain, what is block, data structure of the blockchain, structure of a block, block header, block identifiers: block header hash, genesis block, linking of blocks, merkle trees, and use of merkle root.	8
3	UNIT-3 Cryptography in blockchain Concept of divisibility, prime numbers, importance of prime numbers in cryptography, euclid theorem for GCD, extended euclidean algorithm, modular arithmetic, random number generators, deterministic and nondeterministic random number generators, XOR, bit shifts, euler's totient theorem, chinese remainder theorem, RSA, Diffie Hellman key exchange protocol, Elliptic curve cryptography (ECC), ElGamal encryption system. DSS algorithm, RSADS algorithm, ECDSA algorithm, Message integrity, hash functions, MAC functions, HMAC	12

	UNIT-4	
	Blockchain technology	
4	Use of ECDSA in blockchain implementation, use of merkle root in payment verification, use of hash functions to chain blocks, use of digital signatures to sign transactions, differences between ethereum and bitcoin, block format, mining algorithm, Proof of Work (PoW), Proof of Stake (PoS), Delegated Proof of Stake (DPoS), Proof of Burn (PoB), Byzantine Fault Tolerance (BFT), account management, contracts and transactions, decentralized applications using ethereum proof-of-stake (PoS) algorithm, smart construct, structure of a smart contact, use of a smart contract, remix platform, blockchain implementation through smart contact.	10
	UNIT-5	
	Blockchain enabled IoT security.	
5	Applications and uses of blockchain enabled IoT security, Challenges, and issues of blockchain enabled IoT security, blockchain in banking, use of blockchain in e-commerce, marketing, and logistic operations, blockchain in IoT ecosystem, blockchain in IoT-based smart healthcare applications, use of blockchain in IoT-enabled smart farming, blockchain in transportation system and future research aspects.	10
	Total	48

SL. No.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Edition	Year of Publication / Reprint
	Textbooks		
1.	William Stallings, "Cryptography and Network Security: Principles and Practice", Pearson publication, 2020.	1 st	2020
2.	William Stallings, "Cryptography and Network	2 nd	2020
	Security: Principles and Practice", Pearson		
	publication, 2020.		
3.	Harshita Patel, Ghanshyam Singh Thakur,	1st	2020
	"Blockchain Applications in IoT Security", 1st Edition,		
	IGI Global, 2020.		
	Reference Books		
1.	Sudhir K. Sharma, Bharat Bhushan, Parma N. Astya,	1 st	2021
	Narayan C. Debnath, "Blockchain Applications for		

	Secure IoT Frameworks: Technologies Shaping the		
	Future," Bentham books, 2021.		
2.	William Stallings, "Network Security Essentials:	6th	2016
	Applications and Standards", 6th Edition, Prentice Hall,		
	2016		

12.	Mode of Evaluation	Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid Term Exam / End Term Exam
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SEMESTER V

Name	of Department: - Computer	er Scien	ce and Engineering	Block chain Technology
1.	Subject Code: TCS-592	2	Course Title:	and its application
2.	Contact Hours: L:	3	T: 0 P: 0	
3.	Examination Duration (Hr	s):	Theory 3	Practical 0
4.	Relative Weight: CIE	25	MSE 25 SEE	50
5.	Credits:	3	_	
6.	Semester:	5 th		
7.	Category of Course:	DE]

8. Pre-requisite: TCS 302 Data Structure with C, TCS 332 Fundamental of Information security and Block Chain

9. Course	After completion of the course the students will be able to:				
Outcome**:	CO1: Explain blockchain technology and its immutable property.				
	CO2: Know the working of distributed ledger.				
	CO3: Analyze the different consensus protocols.				
	CO4: Use Ethereum to implement Blockchain.				
	CO5: Apply blockchain techniques in different applications.				
	CO6: Develop blockchain based frameworks to secure a				
	communication environment				

^{**} Describe the specific knowledge, skills or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate.

10. Details of the Course:

SI. No.	Contents	Contact Hours
1	Introduction to blockchain- Overview of blockchain, structure of a block, block header, block identifiers: block header hash and block height, genesis block, linking of blocks, merkle trees, and use of merkle root in payment verification	10
2	Application of cryptography to blockchain- Overview of ECDSA, DSA and RSADS, use of hash functions to chain blocks, use of digital signatures to sign transactions	9
3	Distributed ledger- Introduction to distributed systems, fault tolerance and paxos, byzantine agreement, authenticated agreement, eventual consistency & bitcoin consistency- availability and partitions, bitcoin, smart contracts, weak consistency, distributed storage, consistent hashing mechanism	8
4	Blockchain mining and consensus-Overview of various consensus algorithms, decentralized consensus, independent verification of transactions, mining nodes, aggregating transactions into blocks, constructing the block header, successfully mining of block, validating a new block, assembling and selecting chains of blocks, consensus attacks, DoS attack on blockchain, changing the consensus rules, soft fork signaling with block version	10
5	Ethereum- Differences between ethereum and bitcoin, block format, mining algorithm, proof-of-stake (PoS) algorithm, account management, contracts and transactions, decentralized applications using ethereum proof-of-stake (PoS) algorithm, contracts, and transactions. Applications of blockchain technology- Blockchain in banking and marketing, smart contracts, blockchain of Internet of Things, blockchain in healthcare, Future Research directions of blockchain technology	8
	Total	45

SL. No.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers		Year of Publication / Reprint
	Textbooks		
1.	George Icahn, "Blockchain: the complete guide to understanding blockchain technology", 2020.	4 th	2020

2.	Antony lewis, "The basics of bitcoins and blockchains: an introduction to cryptocurrencies and the technology that powers them" 2020.	5 th	2018
	Reference Books		
1.	Andreas M. Antonopoulos, "Mastering Bitcoin: unlocking digital cryptocurrencies", O'Reilly Media,(2e) 2017.	2 nd	2017
2.	Roger Wattenhofer, "Distributed Ledger Technology, The science of the Blockchain", Inverted Forest	2 nd	2017
	Publishing, (2e), 2017		
12.	Mode of Evaluation Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid Te	erm Exam	End Term Exam

SEMESTER VI

Name of Department: - Computer Science and Engineering

TCS 601 Compiler Design Course Title: 1. Subject Code: P: 0 2. L: T: 0 **Contact Hours:** 3 Theory 3 Examination Duration (Hrs): **Practical** 3. 0 MSE 25 4. Relative Weight: CIE 25 SEE 50 Credits: 3 5. ۷I 6. Semester: 7. Category of Course:

DC

TCS 402, TCS 302

Pre-requisite:

8.

9. Course	After completion of the course the students will be able to:
Outcome**:	CO1: Understand the various phases and fundamental principles of compiler design like lexical, syntactical, semantic analysis, code generation and optimization.
	CO2: Compare and contrast various parsing techniques such as SLR, CLR, LALR etc.
	CO3: Use annotated tree to design the semantic rules for different aspects of programming language.
	CO4: Implement lexical analyzer and parser by using modern tools like Flex and Bison.
	CO5: Examine patterns, tokens & regular expressions for solving a problem in the field of data mining.
	CO6: Design a compiler for concise programming language.

^{**} Describe the specific knowledge, skills or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate.

SL. NO.	Contents	Contact Hours
1	Unit 1: Introduction, Lexical analysis: Compilers; Analysis of Source Program; The Phases of a Compiler; Cousins of the Compiler; The grouping of phases; Compiler- Construction toolsz Lexical analysis: The Role of Lexical Analyzer; Input Buffering; Specifications of Tokens; Recognition of Tokens.	9
2	Unit 2: Syntax Analysis – 1: The Role of the Parser; Context-free Grammars; Writing a Grammar; Top-down Parsing; Bottom-up Parsing. Operator-Precedence Parsing; LR Parsers; Using ambiguous grammars; Parser Generators	9
3	Unit 3: Syntax-Directed Translation: Syntax-Directed definitions; Constructions of Syntax Trees; Bottom-up evaluation of S-attributed definitions; L-attributed definitions; Top-down translation. Run-Time Environments: Source Language Issues; Storage Organization; Storage-allocation strategies, Storage-allocation in C; Parameter passing	8
4	Unit 4: Intermediate Code Generation: Intermediate Languages; Declarations; Assignment statements; Boolean Expressions; Case statements; Back patching; Procedure calls. Code Generation: Issues in the design of Code Generator; The Target Machine; Run-time Storage Management; Basic blocks and Flow graphs; Next-use information; A Simple Code Generator; Register allocation and assignment; The dag representation of basic blocks; Generating code from dags.	9
5	Unit 5:	9

Code Optimization, Compiler Development: Code Optimization:	
Introduction; The principal sources of optimization; Peephole optimization;	
Optimization of basic blocks; Loops in flow graphs.	
Compiler Development: Planning a compiler; Approaches to compiler	
development; the compiler development environment; Testing and	
maintenance.	
Total	44

SL.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Edition	Year of Publication
No.			/ Reprint
	Textbooks		
1.	Alfred V Aho, Ravi Sethi, Jeffrey D Ullman: "Compilers- Principles, Techniques and Tools", Pearson Education,	2nd	2013
	Reference Books		
1.	Charles N. Fischer, Richard J. leBlanc, Jr.:" Crafting a Compiler with C", Pearson Education,.	1 st	1991
2	Andrew W Apple: "Modern Compiler Implementation in C", Cambridge University Press,.	1 st	1997
3	Kenneth C Louden: "Compiler Construction Principles & Practice", Thomson Education,.	1 st	1997

12.	Mode of Evaluation	Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid Term Exam / End Term Exam
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GRAPHIC ERA (DEEMED TO BE UNIVERSITY), DEHRADUN

SEMESTER VI

Name of Department: - Computer Science and Engineering

1.	Subject Code:	TCS 611		Cour	se Title:	Softwar	re Engineering
2.	Contact Hours:	L: 3	3	T: 0	P: 0		
3.	Examination Du	ration (Hr	s):	Theory 3		Practical	0
4.	Relative Weight:	CIE	25	MSE 25	SEE !	50	
5.	Credits:		3				
6.	Semester:		6				
7.	Category of Cou	ırse:	DC				
8.	Pre-requisite:	Basic	s of Pro	ogramming		_	

9. Course	After completion of the course the students will be able to:
Outcome**:	CO1: Understand Software Development Life Cycle and importance of engineering the software.
	CO2: Development of efficient software requirement specification for desired product.
	CO3: Compare various software development methodologies ad conclude on their applicability in developing specific type of product.
	CO4: Construct an efficient design specification document for attainment of user desired product.
	CO5: Develop applications using the concepts of various phases of software development life cycle.
	CO6: Study various software testing techniques and identify their relevance to developing a quality software.

^{**} Describe the specific knowledge, skills or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate.

SL.	Contents	Contact
NO.	Contonts	Hours
1	Unit 1: Introduction: What is Software Engineering and its history, Software Crisis, Evolution of a Programming System Product, Characteristics of Software, Brooks' No Silver Bullet, Software Myths Software Development Life Cycles: Software Development Process, The Codeand-Fix model, The Waterfall model, The Evolutionary Model, The Incremental Implementation, Prototyping, The Spiral Model, Software Reuse, Critical Comparisons of SDLC models, An Introduction to Non-Traditional Software Development Process: Rational Unified Process, Rapid Application Development, Agile Development Process	10
2	Requirements: Importance of Requirement Analysis, User Needs, Software Features and Software Requirements, Classes of User Requirements: Enduring and Volatile; Sub phases of Requirement Analysis, Functional and Nonfunctional requirements; Barriers to Eliciting User Requirements, The software requirements document and SRS standards, Requirements Engineering, Case Study of SRS for a Real Time System Tools for Requirements Gathering: Document Flow Chart, Decision Table, Decision Tree; Structured Analysis: DFD, Data Dictionary, Introduction to nontraditional Requirements Analysis Tools: FSM, Statecharts and Petrinets;	9
3	Unit 3: Software Design: Goals of Good Software Design, Design Strategies and Methodologies, Data Oriented Software Design, Structured Design: Structure	8

	Chart, Coupling, Cohesion, Modular Structure, Packaging; Object Oriented Design, Top-Down and Bottom-Up Approach, Design Patterns	
	Software Measurement and Metrics: Various Size Oriented Measures:	
	Halestead's Software Science, Function Point (FP) Based Measures, Cyclomatic	
	Complexity Measures: Control Flow Graphs.	
	Development: Selecting a Language, Coding Guidelines, Writing Code, Code	
	Documentation	
	Unit 4:	
	Testing: Testing Objectives, Unit Testing, Integration Testing, Acceptance	
	Testing, Regression Testing, Testing for Functionality and Testing for	
_	Performance, Top-Down and Bottom-Up Testing Strategies: Test Drivers and	40
4	Test Stubs, Structural Testing (White Box Testing), Functional Testing (Black	10
	Box Testing), Test Data Suit Preparation, Alpha and Beta Testing of Products.	
	Static Testing Strategies: Formal Technical Reviews (Peer Reviews), Walk	
	Through, Code Inspection, Compliance with Design and Coding Standards,	
	Automated Testing Unit 5:	
	Software Maintenance and Software Project Management : Software as an Evolutionary Entity, Need for Maintenance, Categories of	
	Maintenance: Preventive, Corrective and Perfective Maintenance, Cost of	
_	Maintenance, Software Re-Engineering, Reverse Engineering. Software	
5	Configuration Management Activities, Change Control Process, Software	8
	Version Control, An Overview of CASE Tools. Estimation of Various	
	Parameters such as Cost, Efforts, Schedule/Duration, Constructive Cost Models	
	(COCOMO), Resource Allocation Models, Software Risk Analysis and	
	Management.	
	Software Quality Assurance: SQA Plans, ISO 9000 models, SEI-CMM Model	
	Total	45

SL.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Edition	Year of Publication
No.			/ Reprint
	Textbooks		
1.	R. S. Pressman," Software Engineering: A Practitioners Approach", McGraw Hill.	7 th	2010
2	P.K.J. Mohapatra," Software Engineering (A Lifecycle		2010
	Approach)", New Age International Publishers		
	Reference Books		
1.	Ian Sommerville," Software Engineering", Addison Wesley.	9 th	2011
2	Pankaj Jalote:" An Integrated Approach to Software		2005
	Engineering", Narosa Publishing House.		
3	Carlo Ghezzi, M. Jarayeri, D. Manodrioli," Fundamentals	2 nd	2003
	of Software Engineering", PHI Publication.		
4	Rajib Mall," Fundamentals of Software Engineering", PHI	5 th	2018
	Publication.		

5	Pfleeger, "Software Engineering", Macmillan Publication.	3 rd	2006
6	Ian Sommerville," Software Engineering", Addison Wesley.	9 th	2011

12.	Mode of Evaluation	Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid Term Exam / End Term Exam
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SEMESTER VI

Name of Department: - Computer Science and Engineering Subject Code: **TCS-604 Computer Networks I** Course Title: 1. P: 0 2. Contact Hours: L: 3 T: 0 Examination Duration (Hrs): Theory 3 **Practical** 3. 0 MSE 25 SEE 50 Relative Weight: 25 4. CIE Credits: 3 5. VI 6. Semester: Category of Course: 7. DC TCS 101, TCS 102 8. Pre-requisite:

0.00	A few and a few a few and a few and a few days and 11 has a labeled as
9. Course	After completion of the course the students will be able to:
Outcome**:	CO1: Apply and Characterize computer networks from the view point of components and from the view point of services.
	CO2: Display good understanding of the flow of a protocol in general and a network protocol in particular
	CO3: Evaluate and Select the most suitable Application Layer protocol (such as HTTP, FTP, SMTP, DNS, BitTorrent) as per the requirements of the network application and work with available tools to demonstrate the working of these protocols.
	CO4: Design a Reliable Data Transfer Protocol and incrementally develop solutions for the requirements of Transport Layer
	CO5: Describe the essential principles of Network Layers and use IP addressing to create subnets for any specific requirements
	CO6: Evaluate and select the appropriate technology to meet Data Link Layer requirements and design a framework to implementing TCP/IP protocol suite.

^{**} Describe the specific knowledge, skills or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate.

SI. No.	Contents	Contact Hours
1	Unit 1: Introduction: Computer Networks and the Internet, Overall view: As components and as services; What is a protocol, what is a network protocol, Access Networks and Physical Media, Circuit and Packet Switching, Internet Backbone, Delays: Processing, Queuing, Transmission and Propagation delays, The Layered Architecture: Protocol Layering, The OSI Reference Model and the TCP/IP protocol stack, History of Computer Networking, and the Internet.	
2	Unit 2: Application Layer: Principles and Architectures of Network Applications, Client and Server processes, the idea of socket, Transport services available to Application Layer especially in the internet Application Layer Protocols: The Web and http: Persistent and Nonpersistent connections, http message format, cookies, proxy server, conditional GET, File Transfer Protocol, Email: smtp, mail message formats, mail access protocols: pop3, imap, MIME, DNS: Services, How it works, Root, Top-Level and Authoritative DNS servers, Resource Records, DNS messages A simple introduction to p2p file distribution: BitTorrent	
3	Unit 3: Transport Layer: Introduction and Services, The Transport layer in internet, Difference between Connection Oriented and Connectionless services, UDP: Segment structure, checksum in UDP, stop-and-wait, Go Back N, Selective Repeat, TCP: Connection Establishment, TCP header, Sequence and	6

acknowledgement numbers, Round Trip Time, Flow Control, Congestion Control. Transport Layer: Introduction and Services, The Transport layer in internet Difference between Connection Oriented and Connectionless services UDP Segment structure, checksum in UDP	,
 Unit 4: Network Layer: Introduction, Packet Forwarding and Routing, Difference between Virtual Circuits and Datagram networks, The internals of a router: Inpu ports, output ports, switching architecture The Internet Protocol(IP), Datagram format, IP fragmentation, IPv4, addressing, subnets, CIDR, classful addressing DHCP, Network Address Translation(NAT), Universal Plug and Play as a provider of NAT, Internet Control Message Protocol(ICMP), IPv6 Header Moving from IPv4 to IPv6: tunnelling. Routing Algorithms: Introduction, global vs. decentralized routing, The Link State(LS) Routing Algorithm, The Distance Vector (DV) Routing Algorithm, Hierarchical Routing, Introduction to Routing in the Internet: RIP, OSPF, BGP; Introduction to Broadcast and Multicas Routing. 	6
Unit 5: Link Layer and Local Area Networks: Introduction to Link Layer and its services, Where Link Layer is implemented? Error detection and correction techniques: Parity checks, Checksum, CRC; Multiple Access protocols: Channe Partitioning, Random Access (Slotted Aloha, Aloha, CSMA), Taking Turns; Link Layer Addressing: MAC addresses, ARP, Ethernet, CSMA/CD, Ethernet Technologies, Link Layer Switches, Switches vs Routers, VLANS	10
Tota	l 45

SL.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Edition	Year of Publication
No.			/ Reprint
	Textbooks		
1.	Computer Networking: "A Top Down Approach (5th edition)", Ross and Kurose, Pearson/Addison-Wesley	7 th	2017
	Reference Books		
1.	Andrew Tanenbaum and David Wetherhall, "Computer	6 th	2022
	Networks", Prentice Hall		
2.	Peterson and Davie, "Computer Networks: A System	5 th	2011
	Approach", Elsevier		
3.	Forouzan, "Data Communication and Networking",	5th	2017
	McGraw Hill		
4.	William Stallings: "Data and Computer Communication",	8th	2007
	Pearson Education, 2007		

5.	Nader F. Mir:" Computer and Communication Networks",	1 st	2007
	Pearson Education.		

12.	Mode of Evaluation	Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid Term Exam / End Term Exam

SEMESTER VI

Name of Department: - Computer Science and Engineering

1.	Subject Code: TCS693	1	Course Title:	Full	stack web development
2.	Contact Hours: L:	3	T: 0 P): 0	
3.	Examination Duration (Hr	s):	Theory 3	F	Practical 0
4.	Relative Weight: CIE	25	PRS 25 M	SE 5	0
5.	Credits:	3			
6.	Semester:	VI			
7.	Category of Course:	DC			
8.	Pre-requisite:	TCS 40	08. TCS 503		

9. Course	After completion of the course the students will be able to:	
Outcome**:	*: CO1: Apply HTML and CSS effectively to create interactive websites.	
	CO2: Implement client-side scripting using JavaScript to design dynamic websites.	
	CO3: Develop XML, AJAX and Jquery based web applications.	
	CO4: Implement server-side scripting using PHP.	
	CO5: Design PHP application with Database connectivity.	
	CO6: Ability to design and deploy simple web applications using MVC architecture.	

^{**} Describe the specific knowledge, skills or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate.

SI. No.	Contents	Conta ct Hours
1	Unit 1: HTML Basics of HTML, formatting and fonts, commenting code, color, hyperlink, lists, tables, images, forms, XHTML, Meta tags, Character entities, frames and frame sets, Browser architecture and Web site structure. Overview and features of HTML5. CSS Need for CSS, introduction to CSS, basic syntax and structure, using CSS, type of CSS, background images, colors and properties, manipulating texts, using fonts, borders and boxes, margins, padding lists, positioning using CSS, Introduction to Bootstrap.	
2	Unit 2: JavaScript: Client-side scripting with JavaScript, variables, functions, conditions, loops and repetition, Pop up boxes. Advance JavaScript: JavaScript and objects, JavaScript own objects, the DOM and web browser environments, Manipulation using DOM, forms and validations, JSON.	
3	Unit 3: XML: Introduction to XML, uses of XML, simple XML, XML key components, DTD and Schemas. Ajax: Introduction to Ajax, XMLHttpRequest Methods and Properties, JavaScript code for Ajax, Implementing Ajax techniques with a server scripting language, Handling the Response, Ajax with JSon JQuery: jQuery Introduction, Install and Use jQuery Library, jQuery Syntax, Ajax with jQuery, Load method, jQuery get and getJson methods.	10
4	Unit 4: PHP XAMPP Server Configuration, Introduction and basic syntax of PHP, decision and looping with examples, PHP and HTML, Arrays, Functions, Browser control and detection, string, Form processing, Files. Advance Features: Cookies and Sessions, Basic commands with PHP examples, Connection to server, creating database, selecting a database, listing database, listing	10

	table names, creating a table, inserting data, altering tables, queries, deleting database, deleting data and tables.	
5	Unit 5: MERN Web Application Deployment, Content Management System (CMS). MERN Stack: MongoDB: Overview, Environment, Data Modelling, Database Operations. Express: Installing ExpressJS, Environment, Routing React: React Intro,, React Lifecycle, Building Forms using React, states and components. Node: Install node, simple server, HTML and JSON Response.	12
	Total	48

SL.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Edition	Year of Publication
No.			/ Reprint
	Textbooks		
1.	Learning PHP, MySQL, JavaScript, CSS & HTML5: A Step-byStep Guide to CreatingDynamic Websites by Robin Nixon	3 rd	2014
2.	Full Stack JavaScript: Learn Backbone.js, Node.js and MongoDB. Copyright © 2015 BYAZAT MARDAN	2 nd	2018
3.			
_	Reference Books		
1.	Fritz Schneider, Thomas Powell, JavaScript – The Complete Reference, 2017, 3 rd Edition, McGraw Hill.	3 rd	2017
2.	Steven Holzener, PHP – The Complete Reference,2017, 1st Edition, Mc-Graw Hill	1 st	2017
3.	Learning PHP, MySQL & JavaScript: With jQuery, CSS & HTML5 by Robin Nixon	1 st	2015
4	Paul Deitel, Harvey Deitel, Abbey Deitel, Internet & World Wide Web - How to Program, 2020 6th edition, Pearson Education.	6th	2020

12.	Mode of Evaluation	Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid Term Exam / End Term Exam
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SEMESTER VI

Name	of Department: - Computer	er Scien	nce and Eng	jineering	9	
1.	Subject Code: PCS-60	1	Cou	urse Title	e: Compiler [Design Lab
2.	Contact Hours: L:)	T: 1	P :	2	
3.	Examination Duration (Hr	s):	Theory)	Practical	3
4.	Relative Weight: CIE	25	MSE 25		SEE 50	0
5.	Credits:	2				
6.	Semester:	6				
7.	Category of Course:	DC				
8.	Pre-requisite: TCS	402, PC	CS 251			

9. Course	After completion of the course the students will be able to:
Outcome**:	CO1: Construct lexical analyzer and parser layout by using modern tools like
	Flex and Bison.
	CO2: Explore the different finite automata problems with the help of tools.
	CO3: Compare and contrast various parsing techniques such as SLR, CLR,
	LALR with the help of bison tool.
	CO4 : Analyze the syntax rules by designing the syntax trees from different
	aspects of programming languages.

^{**} Describe the specific knowledge, skills, or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate.

SI. No.	List of problems for which student should develop program and execute in the Laboratory	Conta ct Hours
1.	Design a LEX Code to count the number of lines, space, tab-meta character, and rest of characters in each Input pattern.	
2.	Design a LEX Code to identify and print valid Identifier of C/C++ in given Input pattern.	
3.	Design a LEX Code to identify and print integer and float value in given Input pattern.	
4.	Design a LEX Code for Tokenizing (Identify and print OPERATORS, SEPERATORS, KEYWORDS, IDENTIFERS) in the C-fragment:	
5.	Design a LEX Code to count and print the number of total characters, words, white spaces in given 'Input.txt' file.	
6.	Design a LEX Code to replace white spaces of 'Input.txt' file by a single blank character into 'Output.txt' file.	
7.	Design a LEX Code to remove the comments from any C-Program given at run-time and store into 'out.c' file.	
8.	Design a LEX Code to extract all html tags in the given HTML file at run time and store into Text file given at run time.	
9.	Design a DFA in LEX Code which accepts string containing even number of 'a' and even number of 'b' over input alphabet {a, b}.	
10.	Design a DFA in LEX Code which accepts string containing third last element 'a' over input alphabet {a, b}.	
11.	Design a DFA in LEX Code to Identify and print Integer & Design a DFA in LEX Code to Identify and print Integer & Design a DFA in LEX Code to Identify and print Integer & DFA in LEX Code to Identify and print Integer & DFA in LEX Code to Identify and print Integer & DFA in LEX Code to Identify and print Integer & DFA in LEX Code to Identify and print Integer & DFA in LEX Code to Identify and print Integer & DFA in LEX Code to Identify and print Integer & DFA in LEX Code to Identify and print Integer & DFA in LEX Code to Identify and print Integer & DFA in LEX Code to Identify and print Integer & DFA in LEX Code to Identify and print Integer & DFA in LEX Code to Identify and print Integer & DFA in LEX Code to Identify and print Integer & DFA in LEX Code to Identify and DFA in LEX Code to	
12.	Design YACC/LEX code to recognize valid arithmetic expression with operators +, -, * and /.	
13.	Design YACC/LEX code to evaluate arithmetic expression involving operators +, -, * and / without operator precedence grammar & the operator precedence grammar.	

	Total	
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S	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Edition	Year of
N			Publication Reprint
	Textbooks		
1.	Charles N. Fischer, Richard J. leBlanc, Jr.:" Crafting a Compiler with C", Pearson Education, 1991.	2nd	2012
2.	Andrew W Apple: "Modern Compiler Implementation in C", Cambridge University Press, 1997.	2 nd	2012
3.	Kenneth C Louden: "Compiler Construction Principles & Practice", Thomson Education, 1997.	6 th	2011
	Reference Books		
1.	Alfred V Aho, Ravi Sethi, Jeffrey D Ullman: "Compilers-Principles, Techniques and Tools", Pearson Education, 2007	5 th	2014

12. Wode of Evaluation Test/Quiz/ Assignment/ Wild Term Exam.	12.	Mode of Evaluation	Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid Term Exam / End Term Exam
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GRAPHIC ERA (DEEMED TO BE UNIVERSITY), DEHRADUN

SEMESTER VI

Name	of Department: - Compute	r Scien	ce and F	Engineer	ina				
Computer Networks Lab									
1.	Subject Code: PCS 604	4		Course T	itle:	_			
2.	Contact Hours: L:)	T: 0	P:	2				
3.	Examination Duration (Hr	s):	Theory	0	F	Practical	3		
4.	Relative Weight: CIE	0	PRS	25 MS	SE 2	5 SEE	0	PRE 50	
5.	Credits:								
6.	Semester:	6th							
7.	Category of Course:	DC							
8.	Pre-requisite: Computer N	letwork	s			l			

After completion of the course the students will be able to: 9. Course **CO1:** Understand various components that make up a computer network, Outcome**: including routers, switches, hubs, servers, and clients and learn about the basic commands used troubleshooting. **CO2:** Design UTP cable for cross and direct connection using crimping tool. **CO3:** Implement the common network protocols such as TCP/IP, UDP, HTTP, DNS, DHC, FTP and NAT Understand how these protocols function and their role in facilitating communication between devices using network simulation tool like Packet tracer. CO4: Apply the static and dynamic routing concepts in the network core and monitoring network traffic using Wireshark and develop skills in troubleshooting network connectivity issues. **CO5:** Design network applications using UDP and TCP socket programing concepts and network design principles and test these applications using real or

10. Details of the Course:

virtual network devices.

SI. No.	List of problems for which student should develop program and execute in the Laboratory	Contact Hours
1.	Problem Statement 1: Familiarization of Network Environment, Understanding and using network utilities: ipconfig, netstat, ping, telnet, ftp, traceroute etc.	2
2.	Problem Statement 2: Familiarization with Transmission media and tools: Co-axial cable, UTP cable, Crimping tool, Connectors etc. Preparing the UTP cable for cross and direct connection using crimping tool.	2
3.	Problem Statement 3: Installation and introduction of simulation tool. (Packet Tracer)	2
4.	Problem Statement 4: To configure a basic network topology consisting of routers, switches, and end devices such as PCs or laptops. Configure IP addresses and establish connectivity between devices. (Using packet Tracer)	2
5.	Problem Statement 5: To configure a DHCP server on a router or a dedicated DHCP server device. Assign IP addresses dynamically to devices on the network and verify successful address assignment. (Using packet Tracer)	2
6.	Problem Statement 6: To configure a local DNS server to resolve domain names within a network. (Using packet Tracer)	2

^{**} Describe the specific knowledge, skills or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate.

NAT (Network Address Translation): Set up NAT on a router to translate private IP addresses to public IP addresses for outbound internet connectivity. Test the translation and examine how NAT helps conserve IPv4 address space. (Using packet Tracer) Problem Statement 8: 8. Network Troubleshooting: Simulate network issues such as connectivity problems, incorrect configurations, or routing failures. Use Packet Tracer's simulation mode to diagnose and troubleshoot the network. Problem Statement 9: To monitor network traffic using Wire Shark Problem Statement 10: To analyze complete TCP/IP protocol suite layer's headers using Wire Shark Problem Statement 11: TCP Client-Server Communication: Implement a TCP client program that sends a message to a TCP server program. Implement the corresponding TCP server program that receives the message and displays it. Test the communication between the client and server by exchanging messages (Using 'C' Language) Problem Statement 12: UDP Client-Server Communication: Implement a UDP client program that sends a message to a UDP server program. Implement the corresponding UDP server program that receives the message and displays it (Using 'C' Language) Optional programs for advanced learner Problem Statement 1: 1. File Transfer using TCP: Implement a TCP server program that listens for incoming connections.		Problem Statement 7:	
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To monitor network traffic using Wire Shark Problem Statement 10: To analyze complete TCP/IP protocol suite layer's headers using Wire Shark Problem Statement 11: TCP Client-Server Communication: Implement a TCP client program that sends a message to a TCP server program. Implement the corresponding TCP server program that receives the message and displays it. Test the communication between the client and server by exchanging messages (Using 'C' Language) Problem Statement 12: UDP Client-Server Communication: Implement a UDP client program that sends a message to a UDP server program. Implement the corresponding UDP server program that receives the message and displays it (Using 'C' Language) Optional programs for advanced learner Problem Statement 1: 1. File Transfer using TCP:	0	Problem Statement 9:	2
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Shark Problem Statement 11: TCP Client-Server Communication: Implement a TCP client program that sends a message to a TCP server program. Implement the corresponding TCP server program that receives the message and displays it. Test the communication between the client and server by exchanging messages (Using 'C' Language) Problem Statement 12: UDP Client-Server Communication: Implement a UDP client program that sends a message to a UDP server program. 12. Implement the corresponding UDP server program that receives the message and displays it (Using 'C' Language) Optional programs for advanced learner Problem Statement 1: 1. File Transfer using TCP:		Problem Statement 10:	
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Problem Statement 12: UDP Client-Server Communication: Implement a UDP client program that sends a message to a UDP server program. 2 Implement the corresponding UDP server program that receives the message and displays it (Using 'C' Language) Optional programs for advanced learner Problem Statement 1: 1. File Transfer using TCP:			
UDP Client-Server Communication: Implement a UDP client program that sends a message to a UDP server program. 2 Implement the corresponding UDP server program that receives the message and displays it (Using 'C' Language) Optional programs for advanced learner Problem Statement 1: 1. File Transfer using TCP:		(Using 'C' Language)	
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message and displays it (Using 'C' Language) Optional programs for advanced learner Problem Statement 1: 1. File Transfer using TCP:	12.		2
Problem Statement 1: 1. File Transfer using TCP:		message and displays it	
1. File Transfer using TCP:		Optional programs for advanced learner	
File Transfer using TCP:		Problem Statement 1:	
Implement a TCP server program that listens for incoming connections.	1.	File Transfer using TCP:	
		Implement a TCP server program that listens for incoming connections.	

	Implement a TCP client program that sends a file to the server.	
	The server should receive the file and save it on the local machine.	
	Verify the successful transfer by comparing the original file with the received file	
	Problem Statement 2:	
	Chat Application using TCP:	
	Implement a TCP client program for a chat application.	
2.	Implement the corresponding TCP server program.	
	Multiple clients should be able to connect to the server and exchange messages.	
	Test the chat application by simulating multiple clients communicating with each other.	
	Problem Statement 3:	
	DNS Lookup using UDP:	
3.	Implement a UDP client program that sends a domain name to a DNS server.	
3.	Implement the corresponding DNS server program that resolves the domain name to an IP address.	
	The server should send the resolved IP address back to the client.	
	Test the program by performing DNS lookups for different domain names	
	Problem Statement 4:	
	HTTP Server using TCP:	
	Implement a TCP server program that acts as an HTTP server.	
4.	The server should be able to handle HTTP requests and send back appropriate HTTP responses.	
	Test the server by accessing it through a web browser and requesting different resources.	

S. No.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Year of
		Publication / Reprint

	Text Books	
1.	Behrouz A. Forouzan, "Data Communications and Networking with TCPIP Protocol Suite, 6/e", McGraw Hill	2022
	Reference Books	
1.	Ross and Kurose, Computer Networking: "A Top-Down Approach (5th edition)", Pearson/Addison-Wesley	2017

12.	Mode of Evaluation	Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid Term Exam / End Term Exam

SEMESTER VI

Name of Department: - Computer Science and Engineering **Web Programming Lab PCS693** 1. Subject Code: Course Title: P: 2 T: 1 2. Contact Hours: **Practical** 3. Examination Duration (Hrs): Theory MSE 25 4. Relative Weight: CIE 25 SEE 50 5. Credits: 2 ۷I 6. Semester: 7. Category of Course: DC

Subject Name with Code

8.

Pre-requisite:

9. Course	After completion of the course the students will be able to:			
Outcome**:	CO1: Design basic websites using HTML and Cascading Style Sheets.			
	CO2: Develop dynamic web pages with validation using Java Script objects and			
	by applying different event handling mechanisms.			
	CO3: Develop modern interactive web applications using PHP, XML and			
	MySQL			
	CO4: Understand client(JS) and server-side(PHP) scripting and their			
	applicability			

^{**} Describe the specific knowledge, skills or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate.

SI.	List of problems for which student should develop program and	Contact
No.	execute in the Laboratory	Hours
1.	Basic Html Tags: To create a simple html file to demonstrate the use of different tags.	
2.	Html Tags (List, Table) : To create a simple html file to demonstrate the use of different tags.	
3.	Html Tags (Form)	
4.	Frames & iFrames : To create an html page with different types of frames such as floating frame, navigation frame & mixed frame.	
5.	Map: To create an html page with different types of image map such as circle, rect, poly & mixed map.	
6.	CSS: Inline, Internal and External Style sheets To create an html file by applying the different styles using inline, external & internal style sheets.	
7.	Input Output In JavaScript: To create an HTML page to explain input and output using a calculator with the use of various predefined functions and objects in Javascript.	
8.	Window Object methods alert(), prompt(), confirm(), open(), close(), print():To create an html page to explain the use of various predefined functions in window object in java script.	
9.	Event Handling - Background Color Change: To create an html page to change the background color for every click of a button using javascript.	
10.	Event Handling - calendar for the month and year by combo box: To create an html page with 2 combo box populated with month & year, to display the calendar for the selected month & year from combo box using javascript.	
11.	Window object method setInterval, clearInterval: To create an html page with three button START PAUSE and RESET for controlling stopwatch.	
12.	PHP XAMPP Server: Install and configure PHP, web server, MYSQL (XAMPP), Write a program to print "Welcome to PHP", Create a php	

	program to find odd or even number from given number. Write a php program to find maximum of three numbers.	
13.	PHP Basic : Write a program to enter TWO numbers and print the Swap Numbers using PHP Example.	
14.	Form Handling in PHP: Write a PHP Program to demonstrate the variable function: gettype() and settype(),Write a PHP Program to demonstrate the variable unction: isset(),Write a PHP Program to demonstrate the variable unction: unset()	
15.	Session Handling Using PHP: Create login page using session variables	
16.	Cookies Management: Write PHP program to implement a cookie and session based counter. Create Cookies variable using PHP, Display the cookies variable using PHP.	
17.	File Uploading Using PHP (To Understand File Uploading in PHP): Create PHP To upload the user input file and using constraints file type, file size.	
18.	PHP with MySQL: Write a PHP program to connect to a database and retrieve data from a table and show the details in a neat format, a simple application to Enter data into database, Develope a simple application to Update, Delete table data from database.	
19.	File Handling Using PHP: Write a php program to Read from existing file., Write a php program to Write a file.	

SL.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Edition	Year of Publication
No.			/ Reprint
	Textbooks		
1.	Learning PHP, MySQL, JavaScript, CSS & HTML5: A Step-byStep Guide to CreatingDynamic Websites by Robin Nixon	3 rd	2014
2.	Full Stack JavaScript: Learn Backbone.js, Node.js and	2 nd	2018
	MongoDB. Copyright © 2015 BYAZAT MARDAN		
	Reference Books		
1.	Fritz Schneider, Thomas Powell, JavaScript – The Complete Reference, 2017, 3 rd Edition, McGraw Hill.	3 rd	2017
2.	Steven Holzener, PHP – The Complete Reference,2017, 1st Edition, Mc-Graw Hill	1 st	2017
3.	Learning PHP, MySQL & JavaScript: With jQuery, CSS & HTML5 by Robin Nixon	1 st	2015
4.	Paul Deitel, Harvey Deitel, Abbey Deitel, Internet & World Wide Web - How to Program, 2020 6 th edition, Pearson Education.	6th	2020

12.

GRAPHIC ERA (DEEMED TO BE UNIVERSITY), DEHRADUN

SEMESTER VI

Name	e of Department: - Compute	er Scier	nce and Eng	gineering	
1.	Subject Code: TCS 691		Co	urse Title:	Image Processing and Computer Vision
2.	Contact Hours: L:	3	T: 0	P: 0	
3.	Examination Duration (Hr	s):	Theory	3	Practical 0
4.	Relative Weight: CIE	25	MSE 25		SEE 50
5.	Credits:	3			
6.	Semester:	6th			
7.	Category of Course:	DE			
8. Pre	e-requisite: TCS 301, An	y Progra	amming Lan	guage	_

9. Course	After completion of the course the students will be able to:				
Outcome**:	CO1: Understand the principals the Image Processing terminology used to describe features of images.				
	CO2: Understand the mathematical foundations for digital manipulation of images				
	CO3: Design, code and test digital image processing applications usi MATLAB.				
	CO4: Analyze a wide range of problems and provide solutions related to the design of imageprocessing systems through suitable algorithms, structures, diagrams, and other appropriate methods.				
	CO5: Plan and undertake a major individual image processing project.				
	CO6: Write programs in Matlab for digital manipulation of images; image				
	acquisition; preprocessing; segmentation.				

^{**} Describe the specific knowledge, skills or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate.

SI. No.	Contents	Contact Hours
1	Unit 1: INTRODUCTION TO IMAGE PROCESSINGAND COMPUTER VISION: Pixels, Intensity, Coordinate Conventions, Sampling and Quantization, Histogram Analysis, Videos, Image Processing Pipeline, Image Processing and Computer Vision Research Areas: Low-level, Mid-Level and High-Level Vision. INTRODUCTION TO MATLAB / OCTAVE:Basic Opeartions, Image / Video handling, Flow Control, Vectorization. INTRODUCTION TO PYTHON:Basic Opeartions, Lists, Tuples, Strings, Dictionaries, Flow Control, Numpy, Image/Video handling, OpenCV, PIL, Orange.	9
2	Unit 2: IMAGE PROCESSING / LOW-LEVEL VISION: Image Enhancement in Spatial Domain, Image Enhancement in Frequency Domain, Edge Detection, Image Restoration, Color Image Processing, Wavelet Transform, Image Compression, Morphological Image Processing, Color Image Processing, Stereo Vision, Motion Analysis, Local and Image Features, Visual Saliency	9
3	Unit 3: MID-LEVEL VISION: Hough Transform, Otsu Thresholding, k-means, GraphCut, GrabCut, Normalized Cut, Watersheds, Skeleton Extraction, Object Proposals, Cosegmentation, Background Subtraction in Videos, Motion History Image	11
4	Unit 4: HIGH-LEVEL VISION: Image Classification, Object Localization, Object Recognition, Object Detection, CNN, AlexNet, VGG, GoogleNet, DenseNet, FCN for Semantic Segmentation, YOLO, Image Captioning, generative adversarial networks	9
5	Unit 5: APPLICATIONS OF IMAGE PROCESSING AND COMPUTER VISION: Video Surveillance Systems, Medical Diagnosis, Facial recognition system, Automatic activity recognition system, Fire detection System, traffic sign detection and recognition	10
	Total	48

SL.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Edition	Year of Publication
No.			/ Reprint
	Textbooks		
1.	Digital Image Processing, by R. C. Gonzalez, R. E. Woods	4 th	2017
	and S. L. Eddins, Publisher: Pearson.	Edition	
2.	Digital Image Processing using Matlab, by R. C. Gonzalez,	2 nd	2017
	R. E. Woods and S. L. Eddins, Publisher: Pearson.		
3.	Deep Learning for Computer Vision, by Rajalingappaa	1 st	2018
	Shanmugamani, Publisher: O Reilly		
	Reference Books		
1.	Deep Learning with Keras by Antonio Gulli, Sujit Pal,	1 st	2017
	Publisher: O Reilly		
2.	Programming Computer Vision with Python", Jan Salem,	1 st	2012
	Publisher: O Reilly		

12.	Mode of Evaluation	Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid Term Exam / End Term Exam
12.	Widde of Evaluation	1651/ Quiz / A551911116111/ Wild Tellil Exalli / Ella Tellil Exalli

GRAPHIC ERA (DEEMED TO BE UNIVERSITY), DEHRADUN

SEMESTER VI

Name of Department: - Computer Science and Engineering **DevOps on Cloud** Title: 1. Subject Code: **TCS 651** 2. Contact Hours: L: 3 0 0 3 Examination Duration (Hrs): Theory **Practical** 3. 4. Relative Weight: CIE MSE SEE 25 25 50 5. Credits: 3 6. Semester: VI Category of Course: 7. DE

8. Pre-requisite: Students should have a strong technology background, an understating of cloud infrastructure and skill with a scripting language to master this course.

9. Course	After completion of the course the students will be able to:
Outcome**:	CO1: Define and understand ideas of DevOps.
	CO2: Describe and demonstrate how DevOps relate to working in the cloud.
	CO3: Describe and demonstrate how DevOps tools work together.
	CO4: Use a public/private cloud environment as a framework to examine the ideas of DevOps.
	CO5: Examine some use cases, deployment, test automation, continuous delivery,
	and the public/private cloud toolsets for DevOps.

^{**} Describe the specific knowledge, skills or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate.

10. Details of the Course:

SI. No.	Contents	Contact Hours
1	Unit 1: An introduction to DevOps, Gain insights of the DevOps environment, DevOps Vs Agile, DevOps Ecosystem.	9
2	Unit 2: Version Control with Git, Install GIT and work with remote repositories, GIT workflows, Branching and Merging in Git. Understand the importance of Continuous Integration, Introduction to Jenkins, Jenkins management. Build and automation of Test using Jenkins and Maven.	9
3	Unit 3:Continuous Testing, learn and Install Selenium, create test cases in Selenium, Integrate Selenium with Jenkins, Continuous Deployment.	10
4	Unit 4: Introduction to Docker, understanding images and containers, Docker Ecosystem, Introduction to Docker Networking, Monolith and Microservices, features of Microservices Architecture, Advantages of Microservices.	8
5	Unit 5: Introduction of Kubernetes, Kubernetes Architecture, Docker Swarm and Kubernetes, Application deployment using Docker and Kubernetes.	8
	Total	44

SL.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Edition	Year of Publication /
No.			Reprint
	Textbooks		
1.	The Visible Ops Handbook by Kevin Behr, Gene Kim and George Spafford, IT Process Institute	1 st	2004
2.	DevOps for Developers by Michael Hüttermann.	1 st	2012
3.	The Goal: A Process of Ongoing Improvement by Eliyahu M. Goldratt, Jeff Cox Author, David Whitford (Other Contributor)	1 st	2008

4	Devops: a comprehensive beginners guide to learn devops step by step, Ethan Thorpe, ISBN-10: 1081563672	1 st	2019
	13511-10 : 1001303072		
5.	Material provided by the instructor	1 st	2007
	Reference Books		
1.	Continuous Delivery: Reliable Software Releases through Build, Test, and Deployment Automation by Jez Humble and David Farley	3rd	2010
2.	The Phoenix Project by Gene Kim, Kevin Behr, George Spafford	3 rd	2013

12.	Mode of Evaluation	Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid Term Exam / End Term Exam

SEMESTER VI

Name of Department: - Computer Science and Engineering						
1.	Subject Code: TCS 67	71	Cours	se Title:	Bigdata S Processing	torage and
2.	Contact Hours: L: 3	3	T: 0	P: 0		
3.	Examination Duration (Hr	s):	Theory 3	Pr	actical	0
4.	Relative Weight: CIE	25	MSE 25	S	EE 50	
5.	Credits:	3				
6.	Semester:	VI				
7.	Category of Course:	DE				

8. Pre-requisite: TCS-351 Fundamental of Cloud Computing and Bigdata,

TCS-571 Bigdata Visualization

9. Course	After completion of the course, the students will be able to:
Outcome**:	CO1: Understand the concepts and significance of big data, including its
	capture, management, organization, and analysis
	CO2: Utilize the HDFS command line interface to interact with the file system,
	manage data nodes, and work with the data flow.
	CO3: Describe the concept of MapReduce, its features, types, and formats, and
	comprehend the workflow of a MapReduce job.
	CO4: Set up a Hadoop cluster, considering system requirements, and understand
	the different installation mode
	CO5: Analyze and manage big data using Hadoop ecosystem tools and
	techniques, such as HDFS, MapReduce, and NoSQL databases.
	CO6: Apply critical thinking and problem-solving skills to address
	technological challenges associated with big data and propose appropriate
	solutions.

^{**} Describe the specific knowledge, skills, or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate.

10. **Details of the Course:**

SI. No.	Contents	Contact Hours
1	Unit 1: Big Data Overview: Understanding Big Data, Capturing Big Data, Benefitting from big data, management of big data, Big Data Architecture and Characteristics, Organizing big data, Technological Challenges from big data.	10
2	Unit 2: Hadoop Distributed File System (HDFS), HDFS design, HDFS concepts: Data node, name node, Command line interface, File system, Data flow, limitations	10
3	Unit 3: Hadoop I/O: Data integrity, compression, serialization, File based data structures, Concept of Map Reduce, features, types, and formats, Working of Map Reduce: Shuffle and sort, Task execution, Job tracker, task tracker	9
4	Unit 4: Setting up a Hadoop cluster: Basic system requirements, installation and cluster formation, Modes of installation: the standalone, pseudo-distributed, and distributed, purpose of different modes of installations and applications	9
5	Unit 5: Hadoop Eco System and YARN: Hadoop ecosystem components, schedulers, fair and capacity, Hadoop 2.0 Features NoSQL Databases:- RDBMS Vs. NoSQL, Types of No SQL Databases, Architecture of NoSQL Databases, CAP Theorem,	8
	Total	46

SL.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Edition	Year of Publication
No.			/ Reprint
	Textbooks		
1.	Tom White, Hadoop: A definitive guide, 3/e o'reilley	3rd	2012
	Reference Books		
1.	Fei Hu, Big Data: Storage, Sharing and Security, CRC	1st	2016
	Press, Taylor, and Francis.		

12.	Mode of Evaluation	Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid-Term Exam / End-Term Exam

SEMESTER VI

ivame	or Department: - Compute	er Scier	ice and Engin	eering	Network and System
1.	Subject Code: TCS 619)	Cour	se Title:	security
2.	Contact Hours: L:	3	T: 0	P: 0	
3.	Examination Duration (Hr	s):	Theory 3	P	ractical 0
4.	Relative Weight: CIE	25	MSE 25		SEE 50
5.	Credits:	3			
6.	Semester:	VI			
		DE			

7. Category of Course:

8. Pre-requisite: **TCS 591**

9. Course	After completion of the course the students will be able to:
Outcome**:	CO1: Understand the basics of computer security
	CO2: Elaborate the cryptographic techniques.
	CO3: Discuss the transport layer security
	CO4: Find the pros and cons of various key distribution methods
	CO5: Analyze the wireless Network security
	CO6: Find the level of system security

^{**} Describe the specific knowledge, skills or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate.

SL. NO.	Contents	Contact Hours
1	Unit 1: Introduction Computer Security Concepts, The OSI Security Architecture, Security Attacks, Security Services, Security Mechanisms, Models for network security, standards.	9
2	Unit 2: Cryptography Symmetric Encryption and Message Confidentiality Symmetric Encryption Principles, Symmetric Block Encryption Algorithms, Random and Pseudorandom Numbers, Stream Ciphers and RC4, Cipher Block Modes of Operation. Public-Key Cryptography and Message Authentication 61 Approaches to Message Authentication, Secure Hash Functions, Message Authentication Codes, Public-Key Cryptography Principles, Public-Key Cryptography Algorithms, Digital Signatures	9
3	Unit 3: Network security Application - I Key Distribution and User Authentication Symmetric Key Distribution Using Symmetric Encryption, Kerberos, Key Distribution Using Asymmetric Encryption, X.509 Certificates, Public-Key Infrastructure, Federated Identity Management Transport-Level Security Web Security Considerations, Secure Socket Layer and Transport Layer Security, Transport Layer Security, HTTPS, Secure Shell (SSH)	10

4	Unit 4: Network security Application - II Wireless Network Security IEEE 802.11 Wireless LAN Overview, IEEE 802.11i Wireless LAN Security, Wireless Application Protocol Overview, Wireless Transport Layer Security, WAP End-to-End Security Electronic Mail Security Pretty Good Privacy, S/MIME, DomainKeys Identified Mail, IP Security IP Security Overview, IP Security Policy, Encapsulating Security Payload, Combining Security Associations, Internet Key Exchange, Cryptographic Suites	8
5	Unit 5: System Security Intruders Intruders, Intrusion Detection, Password Management, Malicious Software Types of Malicious Software, Viruses, Virus Countermeasures, Worms, Distributed Denial of Service Attacks. Firewalls The Need for Firewalls, Firewall Characteristics, Types of Firewalls, Firewall Basing, Firewall Location and Configurations, Legal and Ethical Aspects Cybercrime and Computer Crime, Intellectual Property, Privacy, Ethical Issues	10
	Total	46

SL.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Edition	Year of Publication
No.			/ Reprint
	Textbooks		
1.	W. Stallings, "Network Security Essentials", Prentice Hall,	6 th	2017
2	Reference:-Ch. P. Pfleeger, S. L. Pfleeger, "Security in Computing", 4th Edition Prentice Hall,	4 th	2006
	Reference Books		

12.	Mode of Evaluation	Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid Term Exam / End Term Exam
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SEMESTER VI

Name of Department: - Computer Science and Engineering

1.	Subject Code: T	CS 641		Course	Title:	Virtual Reality
2.	Contact Hours:	L: 3		T: 0	P: 0	
3.	Examination Durat	tion (Hrs):	:	Theory 3	Р	ractical 0
4.	Relative Weight:	CIE	25	MSE 25		SEE 50
5.	Credits:	3	3			
6.	Semester:	V	/I			
7.	Category of Cours	se: I	DE			

8. Pre-requisite: NA

9. Course	After completion of the course the students will be able to:						
Outcome**:	CO1: Demonstrate an understanding of techniques, processes, technologies and equipment used in virtual reality						
	CO2: Identify appropriate design methodologies for immersive technology development, especially from a physiological perspective						
	CO3: Exploit the characteristics of human visual perception in Virtual Reality techniques						
	CO4: Provide rendering to VR specific problems						
	CO5: Effectively categorize the benefits/shortcomings of available VR technology platforms.						
	CO6: Discuss the use of geometry in virtual reality						

^{**} Describe the specific knowledge, skills or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate.

S.NO.	Contents	Hours
1	Unit 1: Introduction: Goals, VR definitions, Birds-eye view (general, hardware, software, sensation and perception), Applications of VR, Technical framework, Mixed and Augmented Reality Geometry of Virtual Worlds: Geometric modeling, Transforming models, Matrix algebra, 2D and 3D rotations, Axis-angle representations, Quaternions, Converting and multiplying rotations, Homogeneous transforms, Eye Transforms, Canonical view transform, Viewport Transform	8
2	Unit 2: Light and Optics: Interpretations of light, Refraction, Simple lenses, Diopters, Imaging properties of lenses, Lens aberrations, Photoreceptors, Sufficient resolution for VR, Light Intensity, Eye movements for VR, Neuroscience of vision	9
3	Unit 3: Visual Perception and Tracking Systems: Depth perception, Motion Perception, Frame rates and displays, Orientation Tracking, Tilt drift correction, Yaw drift correction, Tracking with a camera, Perspective n-point problem, Filtering, Lighthouse approach	9
4	Unit 4: Visual Rendering: Shading models, rasterization, Pixel shading, VR specific problems, Distortion shading, Post-rendering image wrap	9
5	Unit 5: Audio: Physics and physiology, Auditory perception, Auditory Localization, Rendering, Spatialization and display, Combining other senses, Spatial Sound	8

Interfaces: Locomotion, Manipulation, System Control, Social Interaction, VR Engines and Other Aspects of VR, Evaluation of VR systems	
Total	43

SL. No.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Edition	Year of Publication / Reprint
	Textbooks		ТОРТ
1.	Grigore C. Burdea , Philippe Coiffet, "Virtual Reality Technology", Wiley-IEEE press	2 nd	2003
2	Marschner, Shirley "Fundamentals of Computer Graphics", 4th Edition, CRC Press	4th	2016
3	LaValle "Virtual Reality", Cambridge University Press,	1 st	2016
4	"Virtual Reality", Steve Lavalle (online open book)	1 st	2016
	Reference Books		
1.	1. K. S. Hale and K. M. Stanney, "Handbook on Virtual Environments", 2nd edition, CRC Press, 2015	2nd	2015
2	George Mather," Foundations of Sensation and Perception:" Psychology Press	1 st	2007s

12.	Mode of Evaluation	Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid Term Exam / End Term Exam
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GRAPHIC ERA (DEEMED TO BE UNIVERSITY), DEHRADUN

SEMESTER VI

Name of Department: - Computer Science and Engineering

1.	Subject Code:	TCS 662	2	Co	ourse Tit	le:	Machine Learning
2.	Contact Hours:	L: 3	3	T: 0] P :[0	
3.	Examination Du	ration (Hr	s):	Theory	3] P	ractical 0
4.	Relative Weight	CIE	25		MSE	25	SEE 50
5.	Credits:		3				
6.	Semester:		VI				
7.	Category of Cou	ırse:	DC				

8. Pre-requisite: Design and Analysis of Algorithm, Fundamental of Statistics and AI (TCS 421 / Statistical Data Analysis with R (TCS 471), Discrete Structures and Combinatorics (TMA 316)

9. Course	After completion of the course the students will be able to:
Outcome**:	CO1: Acquire concepts and methods in statistical machine learning CO2: Analyze fundamental principles of machine learning algorithms CO3: Understand machine learning motivated by case-studies CO4: Investigate and evaluate key topics in machine learning algorithms for data science industry

^{**} Describe the specific knowledge, skills or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate.

SI. No.	Contents	Contact Hours
1	Unit 1: Machine learning foundation Review of logic and knowledge system - language, axiom, hypothesis, theorem, logic & types, what is ML, Inductive bias in ML, AI pyramid, Pattern classification pipeline, Linear algebra in ML, Probabilistic logic and statistical inference (Random expt./ variable, CDF, WLLN, Bayes, Markov & Chernoff bound, Hypothesis testing and performance indices - ROC, Estimation - detection, Optimality of Bayes, bias-variance, underfit-overfit, entropy as Information, Cover's packing lemma, Curse of dimensionality, Case study: Wealth – optimal payoffs in portfolios (stock market)	14
2	<u>Unit 2:</u> Unsupervised Learning Clustering, Clustering methods – Partition vs. Hierarchical, k-Means and k-Medoids, Hierarchical: Agglomerative & Divisive, Error Analysis in Clustering, Ensemble - clustering, Case study: Clustering in Health care, Causal cluster, Graph cluster	8
3	<u>Unit 3:</u> Supervised Learning Main objectives and types of Supervised methods (Parametric, Semi parametric, Non-parametric), Linear Regression and Weiner filter, Grammar based/ Inductive learning - Decision Trees - CART, ID-3, Pruning metrics for tree; D-tree examples, Linear SVM (basics and V-C bound), k-NN rule and examples, Learning as Factorization, Ensemble learning: Bagging, Boosting. Case studies: covered for mentioned Supervised learning techniques.	10
4	Unit 4: Reinforcement & Interaction Learning Basic model of Reinforcement Learning as game (Agent, Critic, Environment), Optimal policy & Q – values, Bellman equation, Case	8

	studies on R Learning Active learning, Deep Reinforcement, Transfer learning with examples, Federated Machine Learning with examples.	
5	<u>Unit 5:</u> Special topics in Machine Learning Sentiment Mining: NLP pipeline process, Data Analytics – Big data and Hadoop model, Business Analytics – Competitive Machine Learning, ANN building blocks (problem solving), Deep learning, Feed forward, Backpropagation, C-NN, Recurrent-NN.	8
	Total	48

SL. No.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Edition	Year of Publication / Reprint
	Textbooks		
1.	Pattern classification – R, Duda, P. Hart and D. Stork, Wiley Publisher	2 nd .	2007
2.	The Elements of Statistical Learning - J.	3 rd .	2017
	Friedman, R. Tibshirani and T. Hastie, Springer		
	Publisher		
3.	Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning - C.	2 nd .	
	Bishop, Springer Publisher		2016
4.	Deep Learning - A. Courville, I. Goodfellow, Y.	2 nd .	
	Bengio, MIT Press		2016
	Reference Textbooks		
1.	Machine Learning - Tom M. Mitchell, Mc Graw Hill	1 st	2017
	Publisher		
2.	Introduction to Machine Learning - E. Alpaydin,	3 rd .	2015
	PHI Publisher		
3.	Elements of Information Theory - T M. Cover, J	2 ^{nd.}	2006
	A. Thomas, Wiley Publisher		

12.	Mode	of	Internal	Seminar – presentation on topic in ML & internal viva
	Evalua	tion		OR Simulation of ML method with real dataset & internal viva

SEMESTER VI

Name of Department: - Computer Science and Engineering

PCS 662

Machine Learning Lab

1.	Subject Code:	Course Title:
2.	Contact Hours: L:	T: 1 P: 2
3.	Examination Duration (Hr	s): Theory Practical 2 hr
4.	Relative Weight: CIE	25 MSE 25 SEE 50
5.	Credits:	2
6.	Semester:	VI
7.	Category of Course:	DC

8. Pre-requisite: Design and Analysis of Algorithm, Python programming or C++ programming or Java Programming

9. Course	After completion of laboratory the students will be able to:
Outcome**:	CO1: Implement methods in statistical machine learning CO2: Analyze data and machine learning algorithms CO3: Understand machine learning motivated by case-studies

^{**} Describe the specific knowledge, skills or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate.

S. N.	Contents		
1	To implement various similarity functions for attribute tuples stored as	2	
2	.csv file - Euclidean, Manhattan, Cosine. To use lobe.ai user interface and perform manual labeling, training and testing for supervised object recognition in Image	2	
3	To understand and develop basic KR (Knowledge Representation) Tools from practical AI problem definitions: KR methods	2	
4	To take two - category input file and use thresholding to design binary classifier for 1 feature, for 2 feature dataset	2	
5	To register and use monkeylearn.com and create model, train and classify sentiments that lead to sentiment prediction using corpus of hotel reviews as part of NLU	2	

6	To register and use Teachable machine (Google API) and perform multiple class / pose analysis and classification.	2		
7	To use quillbot.com and study basic machine transcription roles in summarization: as NLP application			
8	To use quillbot.com and study basic machine transcription roles in grammar checker (syntax): as NLP application			
9	To use quillbot.com and study basic machine transcription roles in paraphrasing: as NLP application			
10	To create multiple clusters using PoS (parts of speech) data by reading input text file			
11	To create multiple clusters from column data entries of .csv file using k-means algorithm	2		
12	To create multiple clusters by using hierarchical clustering - Agglomerative based on .csv file			
13	To use healthcare dataset and form scatter plot with observed statistical measures			
14	To import tabular data for related clinical parameters and program a basic linear regression model			
15	Program probabilistic model given: it is Friday and that a student is absent is 3 %. Since there are 5 school days in a week, the probability that it is friday is 20 %. What is the probability that a student is absent given that today is friday. Program Bayesian rule in python to get the result.	2		
16	To extract intra-day stock market data for 4 stocks and write program that: plots the values, develops linear regression, derive mean and correlation.	2		
17	To write program that can import training samples for 3 labels and perform k-NN for new queries and quantify error performance			

1	Unit 1: Basic Concepts: Formulation of mathematical programming problems;	10
1	Classification of optimization problems; Optimization techniques – classical and	10

		advanced techniques Optimization using Calculus: Convexity and concavity of	
		functions of one and two variables; Optimization of function of multiple variables	
		subject to equality constraints; Lagrangian function; Optimization of function of	
		multiple variables subject to equality constraints; Hessian matrix formulation	
		Unit 2: Linear Programming: Standard form of linear programming (LP) problem;	
		Canonical form of LP problem; Assumptions in LP Models; Graphical method for	
	2	two variable optimization problem; Motivation of simplex method, Simplex	10
'	_	algorithm and construction of simplex tableau; Revised simplex method; Duality in	10
		LP; Primal dual relations; Dual Simplex Method; Sensitivity or post optimality	
		analysis; bounded variables	
		Unit 3: Dynamic Programming: Representation of multistage decision process;	
,	3	Types of multistage decision problems; Concept of sub optimization and the	8
		principle of optimality	
		Unit 4: Integer Programming: Integer linear programming; Branch and Bound	
4	4	algorithm; Concept of cutting plane method; Mixed integer programming; Solution	8
		algorithms.	
		Unit 5: Advanced Topics in Optimization: Direct and indirect search methods;	
;	5	Heuristic and Meta-Heuristic Search methods; Multi objective optimization.	8
		Total	

SL. No.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Edition	Year of Publication / Reprint
	Textbooks		
1.	S.S. Rao, "Engineering Optimization: Theory and Practice", New Age International Publishers	3 rd	2013
2	H.A. Taha, "Operations Research: An Introduction", Pearson Education	10 th	2019
3	Ravindran, K. M. Ragsdell and G. V. Reklaitis, "Engineering Optimization: Methods and Applications", Wiley India Reference Books	2 nd	2006
1.	R. Fletcher, "Practical Methods of Optimization", Wiley India	2 nd	2009
2.	K. Deb, "Optimization for Engineering Design", Prentice Hall India	2 nd	2012

12. Mode of Evaluation Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid Term Exam / End Term Exam

SEMESTER VI

Name	e of Department: - Compute	er Scier	nce and Engineering	
1.	Subject Code: TCS-663		Course Title:	Big Data Analytics: Tools and Techniques
2.	Contact Hours: L:	3	T: 0 P: 0	
3.	Examination Duration (Hr	s):	Theory 3	Practical 0
4.	Relative Weight: CIE	25	MSE 2	5 SEE 50
5.	Credits:	3		
6.	Semester:	VI		
7.	Category of Course:	DE		
8.	·	Big Data	etion to Big Data (TCS-4 a Visualization (TCS-57	1),
			se Management Systems nming in Java (TCS-408)	
		i rogram	mmig m java (105-400)	',

9. Course	After completion of the course the students will be able to:
Outcome**:	CO1: Investigate Hadoop related tools for Big Data Analytics and perform basic
	Hadoop Administration
	CO2: Analyse the technological foundations for Big data with Hadoop and design
	of Hadoop distributed file system
	CO3: Understand the concept of MapReduce workflow
	CO4: Develop program using Hive and Apache Pig for large data processing
	CO5: Outline the theory of big data, and explain applications of big data
	CO6: Build Big Data Analytics application to solve real world problem

** Describe the specific knowledge, skills or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate.

10. Details of the Course:

SI. No.	Contents	Contact Hours
1	Unit 1: Introduction to Hadoop: Introduction to Hadoop, Distributed Computing Challenges, Hadoop Features, Hadoop Distributed File System (HDFS), Hadoop Versions, Hadoop Installation, HDFS basic commands, Overview of Hadoop Ecosystem, RDMS vs Hadoop	9
2	Unit 2: Introduction to MapReduce Programming: Introduction to MapReduce Framework, Mapper, Reducer, Combiner, Partitioner, Searching, Sorting, Compression, Sample programs on MapReduce, Techniques to optimize MapReduce Jobs	8
3	Unit 3: Hive and Apache Pig Hive: Introduction to Hive, Hive Architecture, Hive Data Types, Hive Query Language, User Defined Functions, Sample Programs Apache Pig: Introduction to Pig, Pig Latin Overview, Data Types in Pig, Pig Operators, User Defined Functions, Sample Programs	8
4	Unit 4: Spark: Introduction to Spark, Features of Spark, Spark Architecture, Spark Components, Spark RDD, Spark in-built functions, Sample Programs	9
5	Unit 5: Apache Flume, Sqoop and Big Data Applications Flume: Introduction to Apache Flume, Flume Architecture, Data Flow, Environment, Sample Exercise Sqoop: Introduction to Sqoop, Sqoop Features, Sqoop Architecture, Sqoop integration with Hadoop, Data import and export using Sqoop, Sqoop vs Flume, Sample Exercise Big Data Applications: Healthcare, Agriculture, Education, Media and Entertainment, Travel, Retail, etc.	8
	Total	42

SL. No.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Edition	Year of Publication / Reprint
	Textbooks		
1.	<u>Subhashini Chellappan Seema Acharya</u> , Big Data and Analytics, Wiley	2 nd	2019
2.	Big Data, Black Book, Dreamtech Press	1 st	2016
3.	Raj Kamal, Big Data Analytics, Introduction to Hadoop, Spark, and Machine-Learning, McGraw Hill Education	1 st	2019

	Reference Books		
1.	Hadoop: The Definitive Guide, Tom White, O'Reilly	4 th	2015
2.	Michele Chambers, Michael Minelli , Ambiga Dhiraj ,Big	1 st	2013
	Data, Big Analytics: Emerging Business Intelligence and		
	Analytic Trends for Today's Businesses, Wiley		

12.	Mode of Evaluation	Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid Term Exam / End Term Exam

SEMESTER VI

Name of Department: - Computer Science and Engineering

1.	Subject Code: TCS-6	32	Co	ourse	Title:	Adva	nced Ma	chine Learning	
2.	Contact Hours: L:	3	T : [0	P :	0			
3.	Examination Duration (F	Irs):	The	ory	3	Pra	actical	0	
4.	Relative Weight: CIE	25	MSE	0	SEE	25			
5.	Credits:	3							
6.	Semester:	6							
7.	Category of Course:	DC							
8.	Pre-requisite:	L							

9. Course	After completion of the course the students will be able to:					
Outcome**: CO1: Understand and analyze the basic terminologies of Machine						
CO2: Understand the Parametric and non_parametric methods						
	CO3: Understand the concepts of various Kernel methods					
	CO4: Evaluate the working of different kernel and classifier models					
	CO5: Understand the different Graphical and Mixture Model techniques					
	CO6: Analyse and Differentiate various learning approaches					

^{**} Describe the specific knowledge, skills or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate.

SI.	Contonto	Contact
No.	Contents	Hours

	Total	40
5	Unit 5: Other Learning Methods: Unsupervised learning, Semi-supervised learning, Reinforcement learning, Ensemble learning, Online learning, Active learning	8
4	Unit 4: Graphical and Mixture Models: Bayesian networks: Generative models, Linear-Gaussian models; Conditional independence: D-separation; Markov random fields: Factorization properties, Relation to directed graphs; Inference in graphical models: Inference on a chain, Trees, Factor graphs, Sumproduct & max-sum properties, Loopy belief propagation; K-means clustering, Mixtures of Gaussians, EM, An alternative view of EM	8
3	Unit 3: Kernel Methods and Machines: Dual representations, Kernel construction, Selecting the width of the kernel, Kernel density estimation and classification, Radial basis functions and kernel, Gaussian processes, Maximum margin classifiers, Relevance vector machines	8
2	Unit 2: Parametric versus non-Parametric methods, Generalized Linear Models, Model selection, Hidden Markov Models, Linear smoothers, Density estimation: cross-validation, Histogram, Kernel density estimation, Bootstrap and sub-sampling, Non-parametric Bayes	8
1	Unit 1: Probability Theory, Overview of supervised learning, curse of dimensionality, Decision Theory, Information Theory, Mini-Max Theory, Bayesian Vs non-Bayesian approaches, Classification, Regression, Desnsity estimation, Bias-variance, Lasso, MLE	8

SL. No.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Edition	Year of Publication / Reprint
	Textbooks		
1.	Christopher M. Bishop, Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning, Springer	3rd	2016
2.	Stephen Marsland, Machine Learning: An Algorithc Perspective, CRC Press	2 nd	2014
	Reference Books		
1.	Wasserman L., All of Statistics: A Concise Course in Statistical Inference, Springer	1 st	2010
2.	Devroye L., Gyorfi L., Lugosi G., A Probabilistic Theory of Pattern Recognition, Springer	1 st	1996

12.	Mode of Evaluation	Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid Term Exam / End Term Exam

SEMESTER VI

Name of Department: - Computer Science and Engineering

	_				
1.	Subject Code:	PCS 682	2	Course Title: Advanced Machine Learning Lab	
2.	Contact Hours:	L: C)	T: 1 P: 2	
3.	Examination Du	ration (Hr	s):	Theory 0 Practical 3	
4.	Relative Weight:	CIE	25	MSE 25 SEE 25	
5.	Credits:		2		
6.	Semester:		6		
7.	Category of Cou	ırse:	DC		
8. 582- <i>1</i>	. Pre-requisite: TCS-307 Object Oriented Programming with C++, PCS 82- ALML Lab				

9. Course	After completion of the course the students will be able to:		
Outcome**: CO1: Understand the mathematics behind Machine Learning			
	CO2: Understand how Markov Model Work		
	CO3: Understand functioning of Convolutional Neural Network model		
	CO4: Understand the Regression and classification, associativity rules.		

^{**} Describe the specific knowledge, skills or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate.

SI. No.	List of problems for which student should develop program and execute in the Laboratory	Contact Hours
1.	Implemention of Polynomial Regression in python	2

2.	Implementation of Support Vector Regression in python	2
3.	Write a python program to Implement Decision Tree and Random Forest Regression Algorithm	2
4.	Write a program to demonstrate the working of the Naïve Bayes algorithm	2
5.	Build an Association Rule Learning Model by implementing the Apriori and Eclat Algorithm	2
6.	Write a program to implement the Upper Confidence Bound (UCB) and Thomson Sampling Reinforcement Learning in python	2
7.	Write a python program to Implement Convolutional Neural Network Model	2
8.	Write a program to implement the Principal Compoment Analysis.	2
9.	Write a python program to Implement and Demonstrate Linear Discriminant Analysis	2
10.	Write a python program to Implement the Hidden Markov Model	2
	Total	20

SL.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Edition	Year of Publication
No.			/ Reprint
	Textbooks		
1.	Michael Learn, Python Programming, Mikcorp Limited	2nd	2021
2.	Vijay Kumar Sharma, Vimal Kumar, Swati Sharma, and Shashwat Pathak, Python Programming: A Practical Approach, CRC Press	2 nd	2021
	Reference Books		
1.	Gowrishankar S., Veena A., Introduction to Python Programming, CRC Press	1 st	2018

1		1	
	12.	Mode of Evaluation	Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid Term Exam / End Term Exam

SEMESTER VI

Name of Department: - Computer Science and Engineering

				_		
1.	Subject Code: TCS 643	3	Course Title:		Theory of	
2.	Contact Hours: L: 3	3	T: 0 P: 0	,	Optimization	
3.	Examination Duration (Hr	s):	Theory 3	Pract	tical 0	
4.	Relative Weight: CIE	25	MSE 25 SEE	50		
5.	Credits:	3				
6.	Semester:	6	•			
7.	Category of Course:	DE				
8.	Pre-requisite: Linea	ar Alge	bra, Calculus			

9. Course	After completion of the course the students will be able to:						
Outcome**:	CO1: develop a knowledge in the field of optimization techniques and						
	their basic concepts, principles and algorithms.						
	CO2: understand fundamentals of linear programming, Integer						
	programming and Dynamic programming.						
	CO3: apply the theory of optimization methods for modelling various						
	types of decision-making problems.						
	CO4: solve the mathematical results and numerical algorithms of						
	optimization theory to concrete Engineering problems						

^{**} Describe the specific knowledge, skills or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate.

SI. No.	Contents	Contact Hours
1	Unit 1 : Basic Concepts: Formulation of mathematical programming problems; Classification of optimization problems; Optimization techniques – classical and advanced techniques Optimization using Calculus: Convexity and concavity of functions of one and two variables; Optimization of function of multiple variables subject to equality constraints; Lagrangian function; Optimization of function of multiple variables subject to equality constraints; Hessian matrix formulation	10
2	Unit 2: Linear Programming: Standard form of linear programming (LP) problem; Canonical form of LP problem; Assumptions in LP Models; Graphical method for two variable optimization problem; Motivation of simplex method, Simplex algorithm and construction of simplex tableau; Revised simplex method; Duality in LP; Primal dual relations; Dual Simplex Method; Sensitivity or post optimality analysis; bounded variables	10
3	Unit 3: Dynamic Programming: Representation of multistage decision process; Types of multistage decision problems; Concept of sub optimization and the principle of optimality	8
4	Unit 4: Integer Programming: Integer linear programming; Branch and Bound algorithm; Concept of cutting plane method; Mixed integer programming; Solution algorithms.	8
5	Unit 5: Advanced Topics in Optimization: Direct and indirect search methods; Heuristic and Meta-Heuristic Search methods; Multi objective optimization.	8
	Total	

SL.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Edition	Year of Publication
No.			/ Reprint
	Textbooks		
1.	S.S. Rao, "Engineering Optimization: Theory and Practice", New Age International Publishers	3 rd	2013
2	H.A. Taha, "Operations Research: An Introduction", Pearson Education	10 th	2019
3	Ravindran, K. M. Ragsdell and G. V. Reklaitis, "Engineering Optimization: Methods and Applications", Wiley India	2 nd	2006
	Reference Books		

1.	R. Fletcher, "Practical Methods of Optimization", Wiley India	2 nd	2009
2.	K. Deb, "Optimization for Engineering Design", Prentice Hall India	2 nd	2012

12.	Mode of Evaluation	Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid Term Exam / End Term Exam

SEMESTER VI

Network and System

Name of Department: - Computer Science and Engineering

1.	Subject Code:	TCS 679)	Co	ourse Tit	ile:	security		
2.	Contact Hours	: L: 3	3	T: 0	P :[0			
3.	Examination D	uration (Hr	s):	Theory	3] P	ractical	0	
4.	Relative Weight: CIE 25		MSE 25			SEE 50			
5.	Credits:		3						
6.	Semester:		VI						
7.	Category of C	ourse:	DE						
8.	Pre-requisite:	TCS	591						
Outcome**:		CO1: Unde CO2: Elabo CO3: Discu	rstand the rate the lass the trache pros	te basics of cryptograp ansport lay and cons ovireless Ne	compute hic techn er securit f various work sec	er sectiques ty key o	s. distribution n		

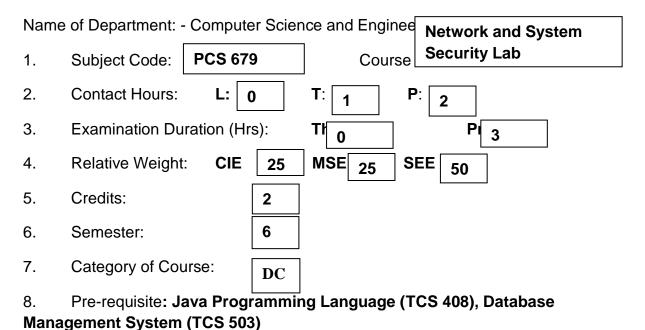
** Describe the specific knowledge, skills or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate.

SL. NO.	Contents	Contact Hours
1	Unit 1: Introduction Computer Security Concepts, The OSI Security Architecture, Security Attacks, Security Services, Security Mechanisms, Models for network security, standards.	9
2	Unit 2: Cryptography Symmetric Encryption and Message Confidentiality Symmetric Encryption Principles, Symmetric Block Encryption Algorithms, Random and Pseudorandom Numbers, Stream Ciphers and RC4, Cipher Block Modes of Operation. Public-Key Cryptography and Message Authentication 61 Approaches to Message Authentication, Secure Hash Functions, Message Authentication Codes, Public-Key Cryptography Principles, Public-Key Cryptography Algorithms, Digital Signatures	9
3	Unit 3: Network security Application - I Key Distribution and User Authentication Symmetric Key Distribution Using Symmetric Encryption, Kerberos, Key Distribution Using Asymmetric Encryption, X.509 Certificates, Public-Key Infrastructure, Federated Identity Management Transport-Level Security Web Security Considerations, Secure Socket Layer and Transport Layer Security, Transport Layer Security, HTTPS, Secure Shell (SSH)	10
4	Unit 4: Network security Application - II Wireless Network Security IEEE 802.11 Wireless LAN Overview, IEEE 802.11i Wireless LAN Security, Wireless Application Protocol Overview, Wireless Transport Layer Security, WAP End-to-End Security Electronic Mail Security Pretty Good Privacy, S/MIME, DomainKeys Identified Mail, IP Security IP Security Overview, IP Security Policy, Encapsulating Security Payload, Combining Security Associations, Internet Key Exchange, Cryptographic Suites	8
5	Unit 5: System Security Intruders Intruders, Intrusion Detection, Password Management, Malicious Software	10

Types of Malicious Software, Viruses, Virus Countermeasures, Worms, Distributed Denial of Service Attacks.	
Firewalls	
The Need for Firewalls, Firewall Characteristics, Types of Firewalls, Firewall	
Basing, Firewall Location and Configurations,	
Legal and Ethical Aspects	
Cybercrime and Computer Crime, Intellectual Property, Privacy, Ethical Issues	
Total	46

SL.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Edition	Year of Publication
No.			/ Reprint
	Textbooks		
1.	W. Stallings, "Network Security Essentials", Prentice Hall,	6 th	2017
2	Reference:-Ch. P. Pfleeger, S. L. Pfleeger, "Security in Computing", 4th Edition Prentice Hall,	4 th	2006
	Reference Books		

12.	Mode of Evaluation	Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid Term Exam / End Term Exam



9. Course	After completion of the course the students will be able to:
Outcome**:	CO1: Explain different threats and attacks on network and system.
	CO2: Know the working of different cryptographic schemes.
	CO3: Analyze the security of networks and systems.
	CO4: Use programming to implement various security algorithms.
	CO5: Apply security mechanisms to secure networks and systems.
	CO6: Develop Networks and System Security Protocols.

** Describe the specific knowledge, skills or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate.

10. **Details of the Course:**

SI. No.	List of problems for which student should develop program and execute in the Laboratory	
1	Write down a program for the encryption and decryption procedure of affine cipher scheme.	
2	Write down a program for the encryption and decryption procedure of hill cipher scheme.	3
3	Write down a program for the encryption and decryption procedure of rail fence technique.	3
4	Write down a program for the encryption and decryption procedure of RSA algorithm.	3
5	Write down a program for the signature generation and verification procedures of RSADS algorithm.	3
6	Write down a program for the signature generation and verification procedures of DSA algorithm.	3
7	Design and implement a secure communication system, in which you have to use symmetric key cryptography for the bulk data encryption. Use the RSA algorithm for the encryption of shared secret key. Use RSADS algorithm for the signature generation and verification. Further use SHA256 algorithm for the calculation of the message digest value.	
8	Use sample data of network anomalies and attacks, i.e., NSL-KDD and predict about the various possibilities of attacks. You have to try this exercise with the different machine learning algorithms.	3
9	Implement a simple security protocol that does encryption/ decryption using a public key cryptographic algorithm through the scyther tool.	3
10	Implement the following problem using the scyther tool: (i) Sender and receiver use symmetric key cryptography for the bulk data secure exchange. (ii) Use the RSA algorithm for the encryption of shared secret keys. (iv) Use RSADS algorithm for signature generation and verification. (v) Further use SHA256 algorithm for the calculation of the message digest value. (vi) Use various random secret values, pseudo identities and timestamp values to get protection against the MITM attack, impersonation attack and replay attack.	3

SL.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Edition	Year of Publication
No.			/ Reprint
	Textbooks		
1.	W. Stallings," Network Security Essentials". Prentice Hall, 2003.	6th	2003
	Reference Books		
1.	Ch. P. Pfleeger, S. L. Pfleeger "Security in Computing",	4th	2006
	4th Edition Prentice Hall, 2006		

40	Mada of Euglingtion	Total / Ovije / Appire and / Mid Town France / Ford Town France
12.	Mode of Evaluation	Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid Term Exam / End Term Exam

SEMESTER VI

Name of Department: - Computer Science and Engineering Subject Code: **TCS-692 Block chain Platforms** 1. Title: Cours 2. L: | 3 P: Contact Hours: 3. Examination Duration (Hrs): Practical Theory SEE 50 4. Relative Weight: CIE 25 MSE 25 5. Credits: 3 6th 6. Semester: 7. Category of Course: DE TCS 332 Fundamental of Information Security and 8. Pre-requisite: Blockchain, TCS 493 Introduction of Cryptography and PKC, TCS 592

Blockchain technology and its applications

9. Course	After completion of the course the students will be able to:
Outcome**:	CO1: Explain blockchain technology and its platforms. CO2: Know the working of blockchain platforms. CO3: Analyze the mechanism of various blockchain platforms. CO4: Use different blockchain platforms to implement blockchain. CO5: Apply security mechanism to secure the networks and system. CO5: Apply blockchain platforms in different applications. CO6: Develop blockchain platforms.

** Describe the specific knowledge, skills or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate.

10. **Details of the Course:**

SI. No.	Contents	Contact Hours
1	Blockchain mining - types of blockchain, mechanism of blockchain, verification of transactions, mining nodes, aggregating transactions into blocks, constructing the block header, successfully mining of block, validating a new block, assembling and selecting chains of blocks, consensus attacks	6
2	Consensus algorithms: Details of following consensus algorithms, Proof-of-Work (PoW), Proof-of-Stake (PoS), Proof-of-Activity (PoA) Proof-of-Importance (PoI), Proof-of-Capacity (PoC), Proof-of-Burn (PoB), Proof-of-Weight (PoWeight)	8
3	Advanced consensus algorithms: Details of following consensus algorithms, Delegated Proof-of-Stake (DPoS), Proof of Elapsed Time (PoET), Practical Byzantine Fault Tolerance (PBFT), Simplified Byzantine Fault Tolerance (SBFT), Delegated Byzantine Fault Tolerance (DBFT)	10
4	Blockchain platforms: Ethereum, Hyperledger Fabric,Multichain,Hydrachain,Ripple,R3 Corda, BigChainDB,Openchain	16
5	Applications of blockchain platforms: Applications of blockchain platforms in various domain, smart contract, smart cities, smart healthcare system	6
	Total	46

SL. No.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Edition	Year of Publication / Reprint
	Textbooks		
1.	George Icahn, "Blockchain: the complete guide to understanding blockchain technology", 2020.	4 th	2020
2.	Antony lewis, "The basics of bitcoins and blockchains: an introduction to cryptocurrencies and the technology that powers them" 2020	3 rd	2020
3.	Imran Bashir, "Mastering Blockchain: Distributed ledger technology, decentralization, and smart contracts explained", 2nd edition, Packt publishing.	2nd	

	Reference Books		
1.	Andreas M. Antonopoulos, "Mastering Bitcoin: unlocking digital cryptocurrencies", O'Reilly Media,(2e) 2017.	2nd	2017
2.	Roger Wattenhofer, "Distributed Ledger Technology, The science of the Blockchain", Inverted Forest Publishing, (2e), 2017	2nd	2017
3.	Antonopoulos, Andreas M. and Wood, Gavin. Mastering Ethereum. O'Reilly Media, 2018.	1 st	2018

12. Mode of Evaluation Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid Term Exam / End Term	Exam
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SEMESTER VII

Name of Department: - Computer Science and Engineering **TCS-703 Computer Networks II** Subject Code: Course Title: 1. 2. P: 0 L: T: 0 **Contact Hours:** 3 Theory 3 Examination Duration (Hrs): 3. **Practical** 0 Relative Weight: MSE 25 CIE 4. 25 SEE **50** 5. Credits: VII 6. Semester: Category of Course: 7. DC

TCS-604(Computer Networks-I)

8.

Pre-requisite:

9. Course	After completion of the course the students will be able to:			
Outcome**:	CO1: Analyze Global and Centralized Routing protocols and utilize tools (suc as NS2) to examine routing protocols of LS and DV types			
	CO2: Evaluate and select the appropriate technology to meet Data Link Layer requirements			
	CO3: Specify the devices, components and technologies to build a cost-effective LAN			
	CO4: Appreciate issues for supporting real time and multimedia traffic over public network			
	CO5: Identify the availability strategies in a Network Management System that will improve network availability and limit the effects of failures			

SI. No.	Contents	Contact Hours
1	Unit 1: Routing Algorithms: Introduction, global vs decentralized routing, The Link State(LS) Routing Algorithm, The Distance Vector (DV) Routing Algorithm, Hierarchical Routing, Routing in the Internet: RIP, OSPF, BGP; Introduction to Broadcast and Multicast Routing	9
2	Unit 2: Link Layer and Local Area Networks: Introduction to Link Layer and its services, Where Link Layer is implemented? Error detection and correction techniques: Parity checks, Checksum, CRC; Multiple Access protocols: Channel Partitioning, Random Access (Slotted Aloha, Aloha, CSMA), Taking Turns; Link Layer Addressing: MAC addresses, ARP, Ethernet, CSMA/CD, Ethernet Technologies, Link Layer Switches, Switches vs Routers, VLANS	10
3	Unit 3: Multimedia Networking: Introduction, Streaming Stored Audio and Video, Real Time Streaming Protocol (RTSP), Making the Best of the Best Effort Services, Protocols for Real Time Interactive Applications: RTP, RTCP, SIP, H.323; Providing multiple classes of service.	9
4	Unit 4: Network Management: What it is, Infrastructure of Network Management, The Internet standard Management Framework, SNMP	9
5	Unit 5: Network Programming: Sockets-Address structures, TCP sockets, creating sockets, bind, listen, accept, fork and exec function, close function; TCP client server: Echo server, normal startup, terminate and signal handling, server process termination, crashing and rebooting of server, host shutdown; Elementary UDP sockets: UDP echo server, lack of flow control with UDP	8
	Total	45

SL. No.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Edition	Year of Publication / Reprint
	Textbooks		
1.	"Computer Networking A Top Down Approach, Kurose and Ross", 5th edition, Pearson	7th	2017
	Reference Books		

CO6: Implement client server applications with TCP/UDP Socket Programming

** Describe the specific knowledge, skills or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate.

1.	Douglas E. Comer, Pearson, "Internetworking with TCP/IP	6th	2012
	Volume 1 and 2 ".		

12. Mode of Evaluation | Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid Term Exam / End Term Exam

GRAPHIC ERA (DEEMED TO BE UNIVERSITY), DEHRADUN

SEMESTER VII

Name of Department: - Computer Science and Engineering

1.	Subject Code: TCS-70	4	Cour	rse Title:	Α	dvan	ced Com	puter Architecture
2.	Contact Hours: L:	3	T: 0		P:	0		
3.	Examination Duration (H	rs):	Theo	ory 3		Pra	ctical	0
4.	Relative Weight: CIE	25	MSE	25			SEE 50)
5.	Credits:	3						
6.	Semester:	7 th						
7.	Category of Course:	DC						
8. Pre	-requisite: TCS 404							

9. Course Outcome**: After completion of the course the students will be able to: CO1: Discuss the classes of computers, and new trends and developments in computer architecture. CO2: Study advanced performance enhancement techniques such as pipelines, dynamic scheduling branch predictions, caches. CO3: Compare and contrast the modern computer architectures such as RISC, Scalar, and multi-CPU systems. CO4: Critically evaluate the performance of different CPU architecture.

CO5: Improve the performance of applications running on different CPU architectures.

CO6: Develop applications for high performance computing systems

** Describe the specific knowledge, skills, or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate.

10. **Details of the Course:**

SN	Contents	Hours
1	Unit-1 Basics of Computing: Computer Architecture and Technology Trends, Moore's Law and its Applications, Classification of parallel computers, Performance based Computing, The Myopic View of Computer Architecture, Trends in Technology, Energy, Power and Cost, Dependability, Processor Speed, Cost, Power Consumption, Fabrication Yield Performance Metrics and Evaluation: Measuring Performance, Benchmark Standards, Amdahl's Law, Lhadma's Law	9
2	Unit-2 Memory Hierarchy Design: Basics of Memory Hierarchy, Coherence and locality properties, Cache memory organizations, Advanced Optimization of Cache Performance, Memory Technology and Optimization, Cache Coherence and Synchronization Mechanism, Virtual Memory, Virtual Machines	10
3	 Unit-3 Pipeline: Linear pipeline processor, nonlinear pipeline processor, Instruction pipeline Design, Dynamic instruction scheduling, Branch Handling techniques, branch prediction, Arithmetic Pipeline Design Data, and resource Dependences, Performance Issues in Pipeline: Pipeline Hazards, Data Hazards Branch hazards and Resource Hazards 	10
4	Unit-4 Instruction Level Parallelism: Concepts and Challenges, Basic Compiler techniques for exploiting ILP, Reducing the branch penalty with advanced branch predictions, overcoming data hazards with dynamic scheduling, exploiting ILP using multiple issues state scheduling	8
5	 Unit-5 Multiprocessor architecture: Taxonomy of parallel architectures. Centralized shared-memory, distributed shared-memory architecture, Message passing vs Shared Memory Thread and Process Level Parallel Architecture: Instruction Level Data Parallel Architecture, SIMD Architecture, Fine Grained and Coarse-Grained Associative and Neural Architecture, Data Parallel Pipelined and Systolic Architectures, Vector Architectures 	8
	Total	45

S	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Edition	Year of
N			Publication Reprint
	Textbooks		

1.	Kai Hwang," Advance Computer Architecture" TMH 5. Quinn, "Parallel Computing: Theory & Practice", TMH	2nd	2012
2.	Matthew," Beginning Linux Programming", SPD/WROX	2 nd	2012
3.	Hennessy and Patterson," Computer Architecture: A Quantitative Approach", Elsevier	1 st	2011
4.	Dezso and Sima," Advanced Computer Architecture", Pearson	2 nd	2004
	Reference Books		
1.	Quinn, "Parallel Programming in C with MPI and Open MP", TMH	1 st	2014

12. Mode of Evaluation Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid Term Exam / End Term Exam

GRAPHIC ERA (DEEMED TO BE UNIVERSITY), DEHRADUN

Name	of Department: - Computer	Research Methodology and		
1.	Subject Code: TRM-701		Course Title:	IPR
2.	Contact Hours: L: 3		T: 0 P: 0	
3.	Examination Duration (Hrs):	Theory 3	Practical 0
4.	Relative Weight: CIE	25	MSE 25	SEE 50
5.	Credits:	3		
6.	Semester:	VII		
7.	Category of Course:	DC		
8	Pre-requisite: NA			_

9. Course	After completion of the course the students will be able to:
Outcome**:	CO1: Understand research problem formulation
	CO2: Analyze research related information
	CO3: Follow research ethics
	CO4: Understand that today's world is controlled by Computer, Information
	Technology, but tomorrow world will be ruled by ideas, concept, and
	creativity.
	CO5: Understanding that when IPR would take such important place in growth of
	individuals & nation, it is needless to emphasis the need of information
	about Intellectual Property Right to be promoted among students in general
	& engineering in particular.
	CO6: Understand that IPR protection provides an incentive to inventors for
	further research work and investment in R & D, which leads to creation of

new and better products, and in turn brings about, economic growth and social benefits.

^{**} Describe the specific knowledge, skills or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate.

SI. No.	Contents	Contact Hours
1	Unit 1: Meaning of research problem, Sources of research problem, Criteria Characteristics of a good research problem, Errors in selecting a research problem, Scope and objectives of research problem. Approaches of investigation of solutions for research problem, data collection, analysis, interpretation, Necessary instrumentations	9
2	Unit 2: Effective literature studies approaches, analysis Plagiarism, Research ethics.	8
3	Unit 3: Effective technical writing, how to write report, Paper Developing a Research Proposal, Format of research proposal, a presentation and assessment by a review committee.	9
4	Unit 4: Nature of Intellectual Property: Patents, Designs, Trade and Copyright. Process of Patenting and Development: technological research, innovation, patenting, development. International Scenario: International cooperation on Intellectual Property. Procedure for grants of patents, Patenting under PCT.	9
5	Unit 5: Patent Rights: Scope of Patent Rights. Licensing and transfer of technology. Patent information and databases. Geographical Indications. New Developments in IPR: Administration of Patent System. New developments in IPR; IPR of Biological Systems, Computer Software etc. Traditional knowledge Case Studies, IPR and IITs.	12
	Total	47

SL.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Edition	Year of Publication /
No.			Reprint
	Textbooks		
	Stuart Melville, Wayne Goddard, Research Methodology:	1 st	1996
1.	An Introduction for Science & Engineering Students, Juta		
	& Co. Ltd.		
	Wayne Goddard, Stuart Melville, Research methodology:	2 nd	2014
2.	An introduction, Juta Academic		
2	Ranjit Kumar, Research Methodology: A Step by Step	2 nd	2005
3.	Guide for Beginners, Pearson India		

1	Halbert, Resisting Intellectual Property, Taylor & Francis	1 st	2007
4.	Ltd,		
	Reference Books		
1.	Robert P. Merges, Peter S. Menell, Mark A. Lemley, "	2nd	2016
	Intellectual Property in New Technological Age", Wolters		
	Kluwer Law and Business		
2.	T. Ramappa, "Intellectual Property Rights Under WTO", S.	1st	2008
	Chand		

12.	Mode of Evaluation	Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid Term Exam / End Term Exam

Name	e of Department: - C	Computer S	Science	and Engine	ering	
1.	Subject Code:	TCS 750		Course Ti	tle:	Cloud Orchestration and Load Balancing
2.	Contact Hours:	L: (3	T: 0	P: 0	
3.	Examination Dura	ation (Hrs):	Theo	ry 3	Practica	0
4.	Relative Weight:	CIE	25	MSE 25	-	SEE 50
5.	Credits:		3			
6.	Semester:		7			
7.	Category of Cour	se:	DE			
8.	Pre-requisite: TO	CS-351	Funda	amental of C	Cloud Comp	uting and Bigdata
	TC	CS-451	Virtua	lization and	Cloud Com	puting
	TC Managem	CS-552 ent	Cloud	Based App	lication Dev	velopment and

9. Course	After completion of the course the students will be able to:
Outcome*	CO1: Apply the concepts of cloud automation, orchestration, load balancing and resource
*:	scheduling management techniques.
	CO2: Demonstrate the cloud orchestration and automation tools in the cloud services.

CO3: Distinguish cloud management techniques in the cloud services.
CO4: Evaluate Heat Orchestration Services for cloud services deployment.
CO5: Evaluate the different orchestration and automation tools and services to achieve a performing cloud-based web-service.

CO6: Design and deploy a cloud-based web-service that uses the RESTful API

** Describe the specific knowledge, skills or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate.

SI. No.	Contents	Contact Hours
1	Unit 1: Introduction to automation, orchestration, and load balancing, Identify the need of automation, orchestration and load balancing of cloud resources, Resource scheduling mechanism in the cloud. Students will develop and evaluate scaling and load balancing solutions, work with cloud storage systems, and develop applications in several programming paradigms.	9
2	Unit 2: Cloud orchestration tools: AWS CloudFormation, IBM Cloud Orchestrator, RedHat Ansible, Microsoft Azure Automation, Terraform, Kubernetes, Cloudify, and Morpheus.	9
	DC/OS container orchestration, Mesos Containers, Docker Containers. Cloud infrastructure automation tools: Chef Automate, Google Cloud Deployment Manager, Puppet Enterprise, Red Hat Ansible Automation Platform, VMware vRealize Automation.	
3	Unit 3: Cloud management techniques such as Cloud instances at scale, Cloud software deployment considerations such as scaling strategies, load balancing, fault tolerance, accounting for tail latencies and optimizing for cost. Case study of the following cloud services: IBM Cloud Orchestrator, Ingram Micro Cloud Orchestrator, Microsoft Azure Automation, IT Automation with AWS Lambda, AWS Systems Manager Automation, Microsoft Cycle Computing,	9
4	Morpheus, OpenStack Heat orchestration engine, Saltstack, Zymr. Unit 4: Heat orchestration service, Heat orchestration Template (HoT), Architecture, Main execution flow, Scheduling and fault tolerance concepts in the MapReduce programming model, Cloud programming models (MapReduce, Storm, Spark, GraphLab, Spark Streaming and Samza), OpenStack Heat Orchestration Service.	9
5	Unit 5: RESTful API, Benefits of RESTful APIs, RESTful API client request, RESTful API authentication methods, Design and deploy a cloud based web-service that	9

uses the REST interface to respond to queries that require running an analytics job on a large data set which is stored in a database. The web-services are evaluated through a load generator for a fixed time period (several hours) by measuring the cost of cloud resources used and their system's performance (throughput). Design and Deploy Smart Traffic Management System Application to Cloud.	
Total	45 Hrs.

SL. No.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Edition	Year of Publication / Reprint
	Textbooks		
1.	Barrie Sisisky, "Cloud Computing Bible", Published by Wiley Publishing, Inc.		2010
2	Felipe Gutierrez , "Spring Cloud Data Flow: Native Cloud Orchestration Services for Microservice"	1	2021
3	Adnan Ahmed Siddiqui, "OpenStack Orchestration", Packt Publishing Ltd		2015
4	"Practical Load Balancing: Ride the Performance Tiger (Expert's Voice in Networking)", A press	1	2012

12.	Mode of Evaluation	Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid Term Exam / End Term Exam
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SEMESTER VII

Name of Department: - Computer Science and Engineering

1.	Subject Code:	TCS 771	I		Cours	e Title:	Natural Language Processing	
2.	Contact Hours:	L: 3	3	T: 0	P :	0		
3.	Examination Du	uration (Hr	s):	Theory	3	Pra	ctical 0	
4.	Relative Weigh	t: CIE	25	MSE 25		SE	E 50	
5.	Credits:		3					
6.	Semester:		7					
7.	Category of Co	urse:	DE					
8.	Pre-requisite:	Mach	ine Lea	rning				
9. C c	ourse	After com	pletion o	f the course	the stu	dents wi	ll be able to:	
Outc	ome	After completion of the course the students will be able to: CO1: Understand basics of Natural Language Processing (NLP)						
		CO2: Analyze and Evaluate NLP models						
		CO3: Understand neural language models for NLP						
		CO4: Apply Recurrent neural network models in NLP						
		CO5: Understand transformers and self-attention models for NLP						
		CO6: Apply deep learning to create interesting NLP applications						
** Describe the specific knowledge, skills or competencies the students are expected to								

acquire or demonstrate.

^{10.} Details of the Course:

SI. No.	Contents	Contact Hours
1	Unit 1: Introduction to Natural Language Processing. Ambiguity in Languages. Applications of NLP (Motivation). Traditional vs deep learning-based NLP. Introduction to traditional NLP libraries: NLTK, Wordnet. Regular expressions, Basic Steps of NLP: Tokenization, Stemming, Lemmatization. Converting text to features, n-grams, corpora, text normalization, smoothing, Bag of Words (BoW) model	10
2	Unit 2: vector space model, cosine similarity, tf-idf term weighting and its variations, text classification, example of spam classifier using Naïve Bayes. Sentiment classification. Logistic Regression. Evaluation measures: Precision, Recall, F-score. Test sets and Cross-validation. Static word embeddings: word2vec, GloVe.	10
3	Unit 3: Neural language models, Feedforward Neural Language Modeling, Training neural nets: loss function, computing the gradient, computation graphs, backward differentiation on computation graphs. Training the neural language model. Sequence labeling for Parts of Speech (POS) and Named Entities: English word classes, PoS tagging, named entities and named entity tagging, Recurrent Neural Networks (RNNs) for NLP, LSTM	10
4	Unit 4: RNNs: inference in RNNs, training. RNNs as language models: training RNN language model, RNNs for other NLP tasks: sequence labeling, sequence classification, generation with RNN-based language models. Stacked and Bidirectional RNN architectures, LSTM: gated units, layers and networks. Encoder-Decoder models, Attention	10
5	Unit 5: Self-attention networks: Transformers, transformer blocks, multi-head attention, modelling word order: positional embeddings. Transformers as language models. Bidirectional transformer encoders. Transfer learning through fine-tuning. NLP applications: machine translation, question answering, chatbots and dialog systems	8
	Total	48

SL.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Edition	Year of Publication /
No.			Reprint
	Textbooks		
1.	Daniel Jurafsky, James H. Martin, Speech and Language	Third	2023
	Processing,	edition	
2.	Uday Kamath, John Liu and James Whitaker, Deep	First	2019
	Learning for NLP and Speech Recognition	edition	
	Reference Books		

1.	Steven Bird, Ewan Klein and Edward Loper, Natural	First	2009
	Language Processing with Python	edition	

12. | Mode of Evaluation | Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid Term Exam / End Term Exam

GRAPHIC ERA (DEEMED TO BE UNIVERSITY), DEHRADUN

SEMESTER VII

Name of Department: - Computer Science and Engineering

1.	Subject Code: TCS 731		Course Title	e: Computer Forensics
2.	Contact Hours: L: 3	3	T: 0 P:	0
3.	Examination Duration (Hr	s):	Theory 3	Practical 0
4.	Relative Weight: CIE	25	MSE 25	SEE 50
5.	Credits:	3		
6.	Semester:	VII		
7.	Category of Course:	DE		
8.	Pre-requisite: NA			

9. Course Outcome**:

After completion of the course the students will be able to:

- CO1: Understand the importance of a systematic procedure for investigation of data found on digital storage media that might provide evidence of wrong-doing.
- CO2: Identify and document potential security breaches of computer data that suggest violations of legal, ethical, moral, policy and/or societal standards
- CO3: Use tools for faithful preservation of data on disks for analysis and find data that may be clear or hidden on a computer or another device
- CO4: Work with computer forensics tools used in data analysis, such as searching, absolute disk sector viewing and editing, recovery of files, password cracking, etc.

CO5: Present the results of forensics analysis as an expert.

CO6: Discuss the Cyber Laws and Cyber Crimes.

SL. NO.	Contents	Contact Hours
1	Unit 1: Cyber Crimes, Laws and Cyber Forensics: Introduction to IT laws & Cyber Crimes, The World and India Cyber Forensics Investigation: Introduction to Cyber Forensic Investigation, Investigation Tools, eDiscovery, Digital Evidence Collection, Evidence Preservation, E-Mail Investigation, E-Mail Tracking, IP Tracking, E-Mail Recovery, Encryption and Decryption methods, Search and Seizure of Computers, Recovering deleted evidences, Password Cracking	9
2	Unit 2: Digital Forensics Fundamentals: Introduction to Incident response, digital forensics stepwise procedure, Computer/network/Internet forensic and antiforensics, Unix/Linux incident response, Unix/Linux forensics investigation steps and technologies, Memory forensics, Windows incident response tools, Windows forensics tools Data and Evidence Recovery- Introduction to Deleted File Recovery, Formatted Partition Recovery, Data Recovery Tools, Data Recovery Procedures and Ethics, Preserve and safely handle original media, Document a "Chain of Custody", Complete time line analysis of computer files based on file creation, file modification and file access, Recover Internet Usage Data, Recover Swap Files/Temporary Files/Cache Files, Introduction to Encase Forensic Edition, Forensic Tool Kit (FTK) etc, Use computer forensics software tools to cross validate findings in computer evidence-related cases, Dump Analysis, Browser forensics, Multimedia forensics, Taking RAM dump and Volatile Memory Analysis	9
3	 Unit 3: Software Security: Memory Layout, Buffer Overflow, Code Injection, Other Memory Exploits, Format String Vulnerabilities, Defenses against low-level exploits: Memory Safety, Type Safety, Avoiding Exploitation, Return Oriented Programming, Control Flow Integrity, Secure Coding; Web Security: Basics, SQL Injection, Countermeasures, Session Hijacking, Cross Site Scripting, Program Analysis Image Analysis: Using software to analyze an image, Searching image for evidence, File carving 	10

^{**} Describe the specific knowledge, skills or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate.

4	Unit 4: Hardware Security: Digital System Specification, Watermarking, Good Watermarks, Fingerprinting, Hardware metering, Physical Attacks and Countermeasures, Modular Exponentiation (ME) Basics, ME in Cryptography, ME Implementation and Vulnerability, Montgomery Reduction	8
5	Unit 5: Analysis and Validation: Types of Investigation Software, Validating Forensics Data, Data Hiding Techniques, Performing Remote Acquisition, Network Forensics, Email Investigations, Cell Phone and Mobile Devices Forensics, Virtual Machin Forensics, Cloud forensics, Live forensics Case Studies: Blackmailing, Credit-Card fraud, Hosting Obscene Profiles, Illegal money transfer, Fake Travel Agent	8
	Total	44

SL.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Edition	Year of Publication
No.			/ Reprint
	Textbooks		
1.	Bill Nelson, Amelia Phillips, Frank Enfinger, Christopher Steuart, —"Computer Forensics and Investigations", Cengage Learning, India Edition,	6 th	2020
2	MarjieT.Britz, "Computer Forensics and Cyber Crime": An Introduction", 3rd Edition, Prentice Hall	3 rd	2013
	Reference Books		
1.	Kenneth C.Brancik —"Insider Computer Fraud Auerbach Publications Taylor"; Francis Group	1 st	2019
2	"CEH official Certfied Ethical Hacking Review Guide", Wiley India Edition,	1 st	2015

12.	Mode of Evaluation	Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid Term Exam / End Term Exam

Name	of Department: - Computer	er Scien	nce and Engir	neering			_
1.	Subject Code: TCS 76		1	se Title	Cloud Infra	astructure	
2.	Contact Hours: L:		T: 0	P:)		
3.	Examination Duration (Hr	s):	Theory 3		Practical	0	
4.	Relative Weight: CIE	25	MSE 25	SEE	50		
5.	Credits:	3					
6.	Semester:	7					
7.	Category of Course:	DE					
8.	Pre-requisite:	TCS6	04, TCS651				

9. Course	After completion of the course the students will be able to:
Outcome**:	CO1: Demonstrate basics of cloud infrastructure.
	CO2: Distinguish the insight of cloud infrastructure.
	CO3: Distinguish different components of service oriented architecture.
	CO4: Evaluate the insight of the cloud storage.
	CO5: Evaluate the case study of the cloud infrastructure services.
	CO6: Design and deploy the cloud infrastructure services.

^{**} Describe the specific knowledge, skills or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate.

SL. NO.	Contents	Contact Hours
1	Unit - I Introduction to Cloud Infrastructure Cloud Evolution, Cloud Services, Cloud Deployment Types, Main Challenges of Cloud Infrastructure, Cloud Reference Model, Cloud Management, Cloud Structure, Infrastructure Components, Cloud Layers, Cloud Relations, Cloud Dynamics, Data Types	9
2	Unit - II Exploring Cloud Infrastructures Managing the Cloud - Administrating the Clouds , Management responsibilities , Lifecycle management , Cloud Management Products , Emerging Cloud Management Standards, DMTF cloud management standards, Cloud Commons and SMI ,Infrastructure Security : Network Level , Host Level , Application Level	9
3	Unit – III Understanding Services Oriented Architecture SOA: Introduction, Event driven SOA, SOA 2.0, Enterprise Service Bus, Service catalogues, Defining SOA Communications, Managing & Monitoring SOA, SOA Security, Relating SOA & Cloud Computing	10
4	Unit – IV Exploring Cloud Infrastructure Services Overview of cloud Infrastructure Services, Measuring the Digital Universe: Cloud storage in the Digital Universe, Cloud storage definition, Provisioning Cloud Storage: Unmanaged cloud storage, Managed cloud storage, creating cloud storage systems, Virtual storage containers, Exploring Cloud Backup Solutions: Backup types, Cloud backup features, Cloud attached backup, Cloud Storage Interoperability: Cloud Data Management Interface (CDMI), Open Cloud Computing Interface (OCCI).	9
	Unit – V	8

5	Case Study: AWS Cloud Infrastructure Services AWS networking and databases:	
	Virtual private clouds, Cloud models, Private DNS servers (Route 53)), Relational	
	database service – DynamoDB, ElastiCache, Redshift. Case Study: AZURE Cloud	
	Infrastructure Services Azure Virtual Machines, Azure Kubernetes Service (AKS),	
	Azure Red Hat OpenShift, Azure Arc, Azure Stack HCI, Azure Stack Edge, Azure	
	Stack Hub, Azure IoT	
	Total	45

SL. No.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Editi on	Year of Publication / Reprint
	Textbooks		
1.	Barrie Sisisky, "Cloud Computing Bible", Published by Wiley Publishing, Inc.	1 st	2011
2	Berners Lee, Godel and Turing, "Thinking on the Web" - Wiley inter science,	1 st	2008.
3	Peter Mika, "Social Networks and the Semantic Web", Springer,	2 nd	2007.
4	Thomas ,"Cloud Computing: Concepts, Technology & Architecture" ,Erl Published May	1 st	2013
5	David S. Linthicum, "Cloud Computing and SOA Convergence in your Enterprise, a step by step guide	2 nd	2009

12.	Mode of Evaluation	Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid Term Exam / End Term Exam

GRAPHIC ERA (DEEMED TO BE UNIVERSITY), DEHRADUN

Name	of Department: - Compute	er Scien	nce and Engine	ering		
1.	Subject Code: TIT 721		Course	e Title:	Business	Intelligence
2.	Contact Hours: L: 3	3	T: 0	P: 0		
3.	Examination Duration (Hr	s):	Theory 3	P	Practical	0
4.	Relative Weight: CIE	25	MSE 25		SEE 50	
5.	Credits:	3				
6.	Semester:	7				
7.	Category of Course:	DE				
8.	Pre-requisite: TCS	509,TC	S 571, TCS 67	<u>7</u> 1		

9. Course	After completion of the course the students will be able to:
Outcome**:	CO1: Understand the frameworks of Business Intelligence
	CO2: Categorize the structured, semi structured and unstructured data
	CO3: Create the schemas for data warehouse
	CO4: Perform the multi-dimensional data modeling
	CO5: Use of different visualization techniques
	CO6: Use of Business Intelligence for ERP
	-

^{**} Describe the specific knowledge, skills or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate.

SI. No.	Contents	Contact Hours
1	Unit 1: Business view of Information Technology Application Business Enterprise Organization, its functions, and core business process, Baldrige Business Excellence Framework: - Leadership, Strategic Planning, Customer Focus, Measurement, Analysis and Knowledge Management Workforce Focus, Process Management, Key Purpose of using IT in Business, Enterprise Application (ERP/CRM etc) and Bespoke IT Application.	9
2	Unit 2: Types of Digital Data, getting to know structured data, characteristics of structured data, were does structured data come from? Hassle free Retrieval Getting to know unstructured data, were does unstructured data comes from? How to manage unstructured data? How to store unstructured data? Solutions to storage challenges of unstructured data, how to extract information from stored unstructured data? UIMA: A possible solution for unstructured data Getting to know semi structured data, where does semi structured data come from? How to manage semi structured data, modeling semi structured data (OEM), How to extract information from semi structured data, XML: A solution for semi structured data Management.	9
3	Unit 3: Introduction to OLTP and OLAP OLTP:- Queries that an OLTP system can process, Advantage of an OLTP system, Challenges of an OLTP system, The queries that OLTP cannot answer. OLAP:-one dimension data, two-dimension data, three-dimension data, should we go beyond the third dimension, queries that an OLAP system can process, Advantage of an OLAP system Different OLAP Architecture: -MOLAP, ROLAP, HOLAP Data Models for OLTP and OLAP, Role of OLAP tools in the BI Architecture, OLAP operations on multidimensional data.	9
4	 Unit 4: BI component framework: - Business layer, Administration and operational layer, Implementation layer. Who is BI for? - BI for Management, Operational BI, BI for process Improvement, BI to improve customer experience. Business Intelligence Application: -Technology Solutions, Business solutions. BI roles and Responsibility: -BI program team roles, BI project team roles, Best practice in BI/DW, Popular BI tools. 	9

	Total	45
	cards, Dashboards, how do you create Dashboards, Scorecards Vs Dashboards. BI and Cloud Computing, Business Intelligence for ERP systems	
	practices, Enterprise reporting characteristics in OLAP world, Balance score	
5	Basics of Enterprise Reporting: - Report standardization and presentation	9
	Decision Making and KPIS, KPI usage in companies.	
	Measure and performance, Measurement system terminology, Fact based	
	Unit 5: Measure, Metrics, KPIs, and Performance Management Understanding	
	life cycle.	
	Data Modeling Techniques, Fact table, Dimension table, Dimensional modeling	
	Multidimensional data modeling: - Data Modeling Basics, Types of Data model,	
	Need for Data Warehouse, what is a Data Mart, Goals of a Data Warehouse.	

SL.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Edition	Year of Publication
No.			/ Reprint
	Textbooks		
1.	Fundamentals of Business Analytics by R.N. Prasad and Seema Acharya, Wiley India	2nd	2016

12.	Mode of Evaluation	Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid Term Exam / End Term Exam

GRAPHIC ERA (DEEMED TO BE UNIVERSITY), DEHRADUN

Name	e of Department: - Compute	er Scie	ence and Engineering	<u> </u>
1.	Subject Code TCS 756		Course Titl	Human Computer le: Interaction
2.	Contact Hours: L:	3	T: 0 P:	0
3.	Examination Duration (Hr	s):	Theory 3	Practical 0
4.	Relative Weight: CIE	25	MSE 25	SEE 50
5.	Credits:	3		
6.	Semester:	7		
7.	Category of Course:	DE		
Q	Pre-requisite: Funda	amenta	uls of Computer archite	ecture

9. Course	After completion of the course the students will be able to:
Outcome**:	CO1. Explain the comphilities of both hymons and computers from the
	CO1: Explain the capabilities of both humans and computers from the viewpoint of human information processing.
	CO2: Describe typical human–computer interaction (HCI) models, styles, and various historic HCI paradigms.
	CO3: Apply an interactive design process and universal design principles to designing HCI systems.
	CO4: Describe and use HCI design principles, standards, and guidelines.
	CO5: Analyze and identify user models, user support, socio- organizational issues, and stakeholder requirements of HCI systems.
	CO6: Discuss tasks and dialogs of relevant HCI systems based on task analysis and dialog design.

^{**} Describe the specific knowledge, skills or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate.

SI. No.	Contents	Contact Hours
1	Unit 1: Introduction: Importance of user Interface — definition, importance of good design. Benefits of good design. A brief history of Screen design. The graphical user interface — popularity of graphics, the concept of direct manipulation, graphical system, Characteristics, Web user — Interface popularity, characteristics- Principles of user interface	8
2	Unit 2: Design process – Human interaction with computers, importance of human characteristics human consideration, Humaninteraction speeds, understanding business junctions	8
3	Unit 3: Screen Designing: Design goals – Screen planning and purpose, organizing screen elements, ordering of screen data and content – screen navigation and flow – Visually pleasing composition – amount of information – focus and emphasis – presentation information simply and meaningfully. information retrieval on web – statistical graphics – Technological consideration in interface design	9
4	Unit 4: Windows – New and Navigation schemes selection of window, selection of devicesbased and screen-based controls. Components – text and messages, Icons and increases – Multimedia, colors, uses problems, choosing colors.	9
5	Unit 5: Software tools – Specification methods, interface – Building Tools. Interaction Devices – Keyboard and function keys – pointing devices – speech recognition digitization and generation – image and video displays. – drivers	8

Total	44
Total	41

SL.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Edition	Year of Publication
No.			/ Reprint
	Textbooks		
1.	"The essential guide to user interface design", Wilbert O Galitz, Wiley DreamaTech.	2 nd	2016
2.	"Designing the user interface". 3rd Edition Ben Shneidermann, Pearson Education Asia.	3 rd	2009
	Reference Books		
1.	"Human - Computer Interaction". ALAN DIX, JANET	3 rd	2003
	FINCAY, GRE GORYD, ABOWD, RUSSELL BEALG,		
	PEARSON.		

12.	Mode of Evaluation	Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid Term Exam / End Term Exam
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GRAPHIC ERA (DEEMED TO BE UNIVERSITY), DEHRADUN

Name	of Department: - Computer S	cier	nce and Engineering	Data Warehousing and
1.	Subject Code: TCS 722		Course Title:	Data Mining
2.	Contact Hours: L: 3		T: 0 P: 0	
3.	Examination Duration (Hrs):		Theory 3	Practical 0
4.	Relative Weight: CIE 2	5	MSE 25	SEE 50
5.	Credits: 3			
6.	Semester: VI			
7.	Category of Course: DI	E		
8.	Pre-requisite: Excellent 1	cnov	wledge of Database Manag	∟l gement Systems

9. Course	After completion of the course the students will be able to:
Outcome:	CO1: Describe the fundamental concepts, benefits and problem areas associated with data warehousing.
	CO2: Understand the various architectures and main components of a data warehouse.
	CO3: Identify the issues that arise when implementing a data warehouse.
	CO4: Examine the techniques applied in data mining.
	CO5: Compare and contrast OLAP and data mining as techniques for extracting
	knowledge from a data warehouse.
	CO6: Develop the association rules for mining

^{**} Describe the specific knowledge, skills or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate.

SI. No.	Contents	Contact Hours
1	Unit 1: Data Warehousing: Overview, Definition, Delivery Process, Difference between Database System and Data Warehouse, Multi Dimensional Data Model, Data Cubes, Stars, Snow Flakes, Fact Constellations, Concept hierarchy, Process Architecture, 3 Tier Architecture, Data Marting	9
2	Unit 2: Aggregation, Historical information, Query Facility, OLAP function and Tools. OLAP Servers, ROLAP, MOLAP, HOLAP, Data Mining interface, Security, Backup and Recovery, Tuning Data Warehouse, Testing Data Warehouse	8
3	Unit 3: Overview, Motivation (for Data Mining), Data Mining-Definition & Functionalities, Data Processing, Form of Data Preprocessing, Data Cleaning: Missing Values, Noisy Data,(Binning, Clustering, Regression, Computer and Human inspection), Inconsistent Data, Data Integration and Transformation. Data Reduction:-Data Cube Aggregation, Dimensionality reduction, Data Compression, Numerosity Reduction, Clustering, Discretization and Concept hierarchy generation	9
4	Unit 4: Concept Description: - Definition, Data Generalization, Analytical Characterization, Analysis of attribute relevance, Mining Class comparisons, Statistical measures in large Databases. Measuring Central Tendency, Measuring Dispersion of Data, Graph Displays of Basic Statistical class Description, Mining Association Rules in Large Databases, Association rule mining, mining Single-Dimensional Boolean Association rules from Transactional Databases—Apriori Algorithm, Mining Multilevel Association rules from Transaction Databases and Mining Multi-Dimensional Association rules from Relational Databases	8
5	Unit 5: Classification & Prediction, Issues regarding Classification and prediction, Decision tree, Bayesian Classification, Classification by Back	9

propagation, Multilayer feed-forward Neural Network, Back propagation Algorithm, Classification methods K-nearest neighbor classifiers, Genetic Algorithm. Cluster Analysis: Data types in cluster analysis, Categories of clustering methods, Partitioning methods. Hierarchical Clustering- CURE and Chameleon, Density Based Methods-DBSCAN, OPTICS, Grid Based Methods- STING, CLIQUE, Model Based Method –Statistical Approach, Neural Network approach, Outlier Analysis	
Total	43

SL.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Edition	Year of Publication
No.			/ Reprint
	Textbooks		
1.	Jiawei Han, Micheline Kamber, Jian Pei, "Data Mining: Concepts and Techniques", Morgan Kaufmann	3 rd	2011
2.	M.H Dunham, "Data Mining: Introductory and Advanced Topics", Pearson Education	1st	2006
	Reference Books		
1.	A. Berson, S.Smith, "Data Warehousing, Data Mining, and OLAP, McGraw Hill Education	1 st	1997

12.	Mode of Evaluation	Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid Term Exam / End Term Exam
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GRAPHIC ERA (DEEMED TO BE UNIVERSITY), DEHRADUN

Name	Name of Department: - Computer Science and Engineering					
1.	Subject Code: TCS 723	3	Course	Title:	Distribut	ed Systems
2.	Contact Hours: L: 3	3	T: 0 I	P: 0		
3.	Examination Duration (Hr	s):	Theory 3	P	Practical	0
4.	Relative Weight: CIE	25	MSE 25	5	SEE 50	
5.	Credits:	3				
6.	Semester:	VII				
7.	Category of Course:	DE				
8.	Pre-requisite: TCS	604				

9. Course	After completion of the course the students will be able to:
9. Course Outcome**:	CO1: Characterize Distributed Systems and understand the Theoretical Foundations for Distributed Systems CO2: Evaluate various distributed mutual exclusion algorithms CO3: Demonstrate knowledge of deploying different distributed deadlock algorithms in various models of distributed systems. CO4: Determine the appropriate use of different Agreement protocols
	CO5: Identify the state of a distributed system to apply the appropriate context of commit protocols CO6: Utilize real life DFS (NFS4 and GFS) to examine work of distributed file systems

^{**} Describe the specific knowledge, skills or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate.

SL. NO.	Contents	Conta ct Hours
1	Unit 1: Characterization of Distributed Systems: Introduction, Examples of distributed Systems, Resource sharing Theoretical Foundation for Distributed System: Limitation of Distributed system, absence of global clock, shared memory, Logical clocks, Lamport's& vector logical clocks, Causal ordering of messages, Birman-Schiper-Stephenson protocol, Global State: Chandy-Lamport algorithm, Termination detection: Huang's Algorithm	9
2	Unit 2: Distributed Mutual Exclusion: Classification of distributed mutual exclusion, Requirements of mutual exclusion algorithms, Performance metric for distributed mutual exclusion algorithms. Non-Token Based Algorithms: Lamport, Ricart-Agrawala, Rouicarol-Carvalho; Quorum Based Algorithms: Maekawa; Token-Based Algorithms: Suzuki-Kasami Leader Election in a Ring: LeLann& Chang-Robert's Algorithm, Hirshberg-Sinclair Algorithm	10
3	Unit 3: Distributed Deadlock Detection: system model, Wait for Graphs, Deadlock handling strategies, Centralized dead lock detection, Path pushing algorithms, Chandy's et all edge chasing algorithm. Agreement Protocols: Introduction, System models, classification of Agreement Problem, Byzantine agreement problem, Consensus problem, Interactive consistency Problem, Byzantine Agreement problem, Application of Agreement problem	8
4	Unit 4: Commit Protocols: Distributed Transactions, Transaction System Architecture, System Failure modes, Two Phase commit protocol, Handling of Failures: Site failure, Coordinator failure, Network Partition, Recovery and Concurrency Control, Three Phase Commit protocol	9

	Self Stabilization: Definition, Randomized Self Stabilization, Probabilistic Self stabilization, Issues in design of self-stabilization algorithms, Dijkstra's self-stabilizing token ring	
5	Unit 5: Distributed file systems: Design Goals, DFS architecture, Naming Schemes, Mounting Remote Directories, Caching to improve performance, Design issues of cache, cache location, Cache update policies, Cache consistency, Sharing semantics in DFS, Stateless vs Stateful service NFS, Basic NFS architecture, Caching in NFS3, NFS v4 improvements, NFSv4 details: Compounding, Open/Close, Locking, Caching, Open Delegation, Recalling Delegation, Replication and Security Case Study: Google File System(GFS): Design constraints, Architectural Design, GFS Architecture, Single Master Design, Chunk Size, Metadata, System Interactions, Write process, Consistency Model, Master Operations, Locking Operations, Replica Placements, Garbage collection, Fault Tolerance and Diagnosis	10
	Total	46

SL.	Name of Aut	hors/Books/Publishers	Edition	Year of Publication
No.				/ Reprint
	Textbooks			
1.	Singhal & Shivaratri, "A Systems", McGraw Hill	Advanced Concept in Operating	1 st	2007
2	Coulouris, Dollimore, K	indberg, "Distributed System:	4 th	2008
	Concepts and Design",	Pearson Ed.		
3	Gerald Tel, "Distributed University Press LaxmiPublicationa (P) I	Algorithms", Cambridge Ltd., New Delhi.	2 nd	2000
12.	Mode of Evaluation Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid Term Exam / End Term Exam			

GRAPHIC ERA (DEEMED TO BE UNIVERSITY), DEHRADUN

Name of Department: - Computer Science and Engineering						
1.		TCS 799		Course Title:		verification and testing
2.	Contact Hours: L: 3	3	T: 0	P: 0		
3.	Examination Duration (Hr	s):	Theory 3	F	Practical	0
4.	Relative Weight: CIE	25	MSE 25		SEE 50	
5.	Credits:	3				
6.	Semester:	7				
7.	Category of Course:	DE				

8. Pre-requisite: **TIT 501**

9. Course	After completion of the course the students will be able to:
Outcome**:	CO1: Demonstrate the application of verification and validation tasks and their outcomes during the software life cycle.
	CO2: Apply various verification and validation techniques based on various characteristics of the system/software (safety, security, risk, etc).
	CO3: Differentiate between the overall role of verification and validation and the specific role of software/system testing.
	CO4: Compare and Contrast the theoretical and practical limitations to software verification and validation analysis.
	CO5: Apply appropriate planning and scoping to a verification and validation effort based on the needs of the software system being developed.
	CO6: Develop a software verification and validation plan that reflects an understanding of verification and validation objectives, and appropriate problem/risk identification and tracking.

^{**} Describe the specific knowledge, skills or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate.

10. **Details of the Course:**

SL. NO.	Contents	Contact Hours
1	Unit 1: Introduction: What is software testing and why it is so hard?, Error, Fault, Failure, Incident, TestCases, Testing Process, Limitations of Testing, No absolute proof of correctness, Overview of Graph Theory.	11
2	Unit 2: Functional Testing: Boundary Value Analysis, Equivalence Class Testing, Decision Table Based Testing, Cause Effect Graphing Technique. Structural Testing: Path testing, DD-Paths, Cyclomatic Complexity, Graph Metrics, Data Flow Testing, Mutation testing.	12
3	Unit 3: Reducing the number of test cases: Prioritization guidelines, Priority category, Scheme, Risk Analysis, Regression Testing, Slice based testing	12
4	Unit 4: Testing Activities: Unit Testing, Levels of Testing, Integration Testing, System Testing, Debugging, Domain Testing.	10
5	Unit 5: Object Oriented Testing: Issues in Object Oriented Testing, Class Testing, GUI Testing, Object Oriented Integration and System Testing. Testing Tools: Static Testing Tools, Dynamic Testing Tools, Characteristics of Modern Tools.	
	Total	45

SL. No.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Edition	Year of Publication / Reprint
	Textbooks		
1.	William Perry, "Effective Methods for Software Testing", John Wiley & Sons, New York,.		2006
2	CemKaner, Jack Falk, Nguyen Quoc, "Testing Computer Software", Second Edition, Van Nostrand Reinhold, New York,.	2 nd	1993
3	Boris Beizer, "Software Testing Techniques", Second Volume, Second Edition, Van Nostrand Reinhold, New York,	2 nd	1990.
4	Louise Tamres, "Software Testing", Pearson Education Asia, Reference Books	1 st	2002
1.	Roger S. Pressman, "Software Engineering – A Practitioner's Approach", Fifth Edition, McGraw-Hill International Edition, New Delhi,	8 th	2019
2	Boris Beizer, "Black-Box Testing – Techniques for Functional Testing of Software and Systems", John Wiley & Sons Inc., New York,.	1 st	1995
3	K.K. Aggarwal & Yogesh Singh, "Software Engineering", New Age International Publishers, New Delhi,.	1 st	2003
4	Marc Roper, "Software Testing", McGraw-Hill Book Co., London,.	2 nd	1994
5	Gordon Schulmeyer, "Zero Defect Software", McGraw-Hill, New York,.	3 rd	1990
6	Watts Humphrey, "Managing the Software Process", Addison Wesley Pub. Co. Inc., Massachusetts,.	1 st	1989
7	Boris Beizer, "Software System Testing and Quality Assurance", Van Nostrand Reinhold, New York, .	1 st	1984
8	Glenford Myers, "The Art of Software Testing", John Wiley & Sons Inc., New York,.	1 st	1979

12.	Mode of Evaluation	Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid Term Exam / End Term Exam

SEMESTER VII

Name of Department: - Computer Science and Engineering

1.	Subject Code: TCS781		Course Title: Deep Learning
2.	Contact Hours: L:	3	T: 0 P: 0
3.	Examination Duration (Hi	s):	Theory 3 Practical 0
4.	Relative Weight: CIE	25	MSE 25 SEE 50
5.	Credits:	3	
6.	Semester:	7	
7.	Category of Course:	DE	
8.	Pre-requisite: Fund	Lamenta	al of Machine Learning (TCS333)

Python Programming (TCS434)

9. Course	After completion of the course the students will be able to:
Outcome**:	CO1: To understand the fundamental concepts and principles of deep learning.
	CO2: To evaluate and use the most important concepts and the methods in the
	area ML and deep learning.
	CO3: Examine modern practical deep networks.
	CO4: Know deep Learning Research Areas.
	CO5: Use software libraries of deep learning
	CO6: Use deep learning models.

^{. **} Describe the specific knowledge, skills or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate.

SI. No.	Contents	Contact Hours
1	Unit 1: Introduction to deep learning: basics of Machine Learning, Machine Learning vs Deep Learning, deep learning process, neural network,	8
2	Unit 2: Modern practical deep networks: Deep Feed forward Networks, Regularization for Deep Learning, Optimization for Training Deep Models, Convolutional Networks, Variants of CNN: DenseNet, PixelNet	9
3	Unit 3: Popular CNN Architectures: ResNet, AlexNet, Sequence Modeling: Recurrent and Recursive Nets, Practical Methodology, Applications, Transfer learning Techniques,	9

4	Unit 4: Deep Learning Research: Linear Factor Models, Auto-encoders, Representation Learning, Structured Probabilistic Models for Deep Learning, Monte Carlo Methods, Confronting the Partition Function, Approximate Inference Deep Generative Models.	8
5	Unit 5: Deep Learning Platforms and Software Libraries: What is a Deep Learning Platform? H2O.ai, Data GraphLab, Deep Learning Libraries, Theano, Caffe, TensorFlow	10
	Total	44

SL.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Edition	Year of Publication
No.			/ Reprint
	Textbooks		
1.	Ellis Horowitz and Sartaj Sahni, Fundamentals of Data Structures in C, Universities Press	1 st	2014
2.	Josh Patterson, Adam Gibson "Deep Learning: A Practitioner's Approach", O'Reilly Media, 2017.	1 st	2017
3.	Umberto Michelucci "Applied Deep Learning. A Casebased Approach to Understanding Deep Neural Networks" Apress, 2018.	1 st	2018
4.	Giancarlo Zaccone, Md. Rezaul Karim, Ahmed Menshawy "Deep Learning with TensorFlow: Explore neural networks with Python", Packt Publisher, 2017. Reference Books	2 nd	2017
1.	Deep Learning A Practitioner's Approach Josh Patterson and Adam Gibson O'Reilly Media, Inc.2017	2 nd	2017

12. Mode of Evaluation	Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid Term Exam / End Term Exam
12. Wode of Evaluation	rest, gaiz / Assignment / Wid Term Exam / End Term Exam

SEMESTER VII

Name of Department: - Computer Science and Engineering					Robotic Process Automation
1.	Subject Code: TCS-734		Course Title:		Design and Development
2.	Contact Hours: L: 3		T: 0 P) : 0	
3.	Examination Duration (Hrs):	Theory 3	P	ractical 0
4.	Relative Weight: CIE	25	MSE 25		SEE 50
5.	Credits:	3			
6.	Semester:	7			
7.	Category of Course:	DE			
8.			alysis of Algorithms or Problem Solving	•	• •

9. Course	After completion of the course the students will be able to:				
Outcome**:	CO1: To Understand the basic concepts of RPA				
	CO2: To Describe various components and platforms of RPA				
	CO3: To Describe the different types of variables, control flow and data				
	manipulation techniques				
	CO4: To Understand various control techniques and OCR in RPA				
	CO5: To Describe various types and strategies to handle exceptions				
	CO6: To Discuss the benefits of RPA				

^{**} Describe the specific knowledge, skills or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate

SI. No.	Contents	Contact Hours
1	Unit 1: RPA Foundations- What is RPA – Flavors of RPA- History of RPA- The Benefits of RPA- The downsides of RPA- RPA Compared to BPO, BPM and BPA – Consumer Willingness for Automation- The Workforce of the Future-RPA Skills-On-Premise Vs. the Cloud- Web Technology- Programming Languages and Low Code- OCR-Databases-APIs- AI-Cognitive Automation-Agile, Scrum, Kanban and Waterfallo DevOps- Flowcharts.	10
2	Unit 2:	8

	RPA Platforms- Components of RPA- RPA Platforms-About Ui Path- About	
	UiPath - The future of automation - Record and Play - Downloading and	
	installing UiPath Studio -Learning Ui Path Studio - Task recorder - Step-by-	
	step examples using the recorder.	
	Unit 3:	
3	Sequence, Flowchart, and Control Flow-Sequencing the workflow-Activities-Control flow, various types of loops, and decision making-Step-by-step example using Sequence and Flowchart-Step-by-step example using Sequence and Control flow-Data Manipulation-Variables and Scope-CollectionsArguments – Purpose and use-Data table usage with examples-Clipboard management-File operation with step-by-step example-CSV/Excel to data table and vice versa (with a step-by-step example).	9
4	Unit 4: Taking Control of the Controls- Finding and attaching windows- Finding the control- Techniques for waiting for a control- Act on controls – mouse and keyboard activities- Working with UiExplorerHandling events- Revisit recorder- Screen Scraping- When to use OCR- Types of OCR available- How to use OCR- Avoiding typical failure points.	9
5	Unit 5: Exception Handling, Debugging, and Logging- Exception handling- Common exceptions and ways to handle them- Logging and taking screensHOT-Debugging techniques- Collecting crash dumps- Error reporting- Future of RPA	9
	Total	45

SL.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Edition	Year of Publication
No.			/ Reprint
	Textbooks		
1.	Tom Taulli, The Robotic Process Automation Handbook:	1 st	2020
	A Guide to Implementing RPA Systems, Publisher : Apress		
2.	Alok Mani Tripathi, Learning Robotic Process Automation,	1 st	2018
	Publisher: Packt Publishing Release		
	Reference Books		
1.	Frank Casale, Rebecca Dilla, Heidi Jaynes, Lauren	1 st	2015
	Livingston, "Introduction to Robotic Process Automation: a		
	Primer", Institute of Robotic Process Automation.		
2.	Richard Murdoch, Robotic Process Automation: Guide To	1 st	2018
	Building Software Robots, Automate Repetitive Tasks &		
	Become An RPA Consultant		
3.	Srikanth Merianda, Robotic Process Automation Tools,	1 st	2018
	Process Automation and their benefits: Understanding RPA		

and Intelligent	Automation,	Consulting	Opportunity	
Holdings Llc				

12. Mode of Evaluation | Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid Term Exam / End Term Exam

SEMESTER VII

Name of Department: - Computer Science and Engineering					
1.	Subject Code: TCS 795		Course Title:	Cryptography Network Securi	
2.	Contact Hours: L: 3	3	T: 0 P: 0		
3.	Examination Duration (Hr	s):	Theory 3	Practical 0	
4.	Relative Weight: CIE	25	MSE 25	SEE 50	
5.	Credits:	3			
6.	Semester:	VII			
7.	Category of Course:	DE			
8.	Pre-requisite: Subj	ect Nar	ne with Code	_	

9.	After completion of the course the students will be able to:
Course	CO1: Classify security vulnerabilities involved in data communication over Internet and
Outcome	make use of classical algorithms to address the vulnerabilities.
**.	CO2: Make use of modern block ciphers to secure data transmission and storage
•	CO3: Analyze challenges involved in key distribution and select approache that can be adopted
	CO4: Analyze strengths of public key algorithms and explore applications in exchange, authentication and hashing of messages.
	CO5: Appreciate application of algorithms for ensuring access control, authentication, secured transmission of data at different layers.
	CO6: Appraiserisks related to wireless, web, cloud security and measures to be adopted to secure organizational network.

^{**} Describe the specific knowledge, skills or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate.

SL. NO.	Contents	Contact Hours
1	Unit 1: Introduction to security attacks, services and mechanism, introduction to cryptography. Conventional Encryption: Conventional encryption model, classical encryption techniques- substitution ciphers and transposition ciphers, cryptanalysis, stenography, stream and block ciphers.	8

2	Unit 2: Modern Block Ciphers: Block ciphers principals, Shannon's theory of confusion and diffusion, Modes of operations of block ciphers: ECB, CBC, OFB, CFB, Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) Traffic confidentiality, Key distribution, random numbers, Pseudo random number generation using Linear Congruential and Blum BlumShub algorithms	10
3	Unit 3: Prime and relative prime numbers, modular arithmetic, Primality testing, Euclid's Algorithm for GCD and Extended Euclid's Algorithm for Multiplicative inverse Principals of public key crypto systems, RSA algorithm, security of RSA, key management, Diffle-Hellman key exchange algorithm Message Authentication: Requirements, Message Authentication Functions Cryptographic Hash Functions:Applications of Cryptographic Hash Functions, Secure Hash Algorithm (SHA)-512	8
4	Unit 4: Authentication Applications: Kerberos and X.509 directory authentication service, electronic mail security-S /MIME IP Security: Architecture, Authentication header, Encapsulating security payloads, combining security associations, key management.	9
5	Unit 5: Wireless Network Security: Wireless Network Threats, Wireless Security Measures, Mobile Device Security, Security Threats and Security Strategy, IEEE 802.11 Wireless LAN Overview, The Wi-Fi Alliance, IEEE 802 Protocol Architecture, IEEE 802.11 Network Components and Architectural Model, IEEE 802.11 Services. Concept of Wireless LAN security and brief of phases of operation Web and Cloud Security: Web Security Considerations, Transport Layer Security, HTTPS, Cloud Security risks and Countermeasures; Data protection in cloud. System Security: The Need for Firewalls, Firewall Characteristics, Types of Firewalls	10
	Total	45

SL.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Edition	Year of Publication
No.			/ Reprint
	Textbooks		
1.	William Stallings, "Cryptography and Network Security: Principals and Practice", 7th Edition, Pearson,	7 th	2017
2	William Stallings, "Network Security Essentials – Applications and Standards", 4th edition, Pearson Education,	4 th	2011
	Reference Books		

1.	Behrouz A Forouzan, Debdeep Mukhopadhyay,	3 rd	2015
	"Cryptography and Network Security"Mc-GrawHill, 3rd		
	Edition,		
2	Johannes A. Buchmann, "Introduction to Cryptography",		2012
	Springer-Verlag,		

12.	Mode of Evaluation	Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid Term Exam / End Term Exam
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SEMESTER VII

Name of Department: - Computer Science and Engineering					
1.	Subject Code: TCS 706		Course Title:	Artificial Intelligence	
2.	Contact Hours: L:	3	T: 0	P: 0	
3.	Examination Duration (Hrs):	Theor	у 3	Practical 0	
4.	Relative Weight: CIE	25	MSE 25	SEE 50	
5.	Credits:	3	· L		
6.	Semester:	VII			
7.	Category of Course:	DE			
8.	Pre-requisite: Basics of m	athema	tics and databa	ase are required	

9. Course	After completion of the course the students will be able to:
Outcome**:	CO1: Understand the basics of the theory and practice of Artificial Intelligence.
	CO2: Learn the basics of Artificial Intelligence programming.
	CO3: Understand various searching techniques use to solve the AI problems.
	CO4: Apply knowledge representation techniques and problem-solving strategies to common AI applications.
	CO5: Build self-learning and research skills to tackle a topic of interest on his/her own or as part of a team.
	CO6: Apply the knowledge of AI and agents in developing multidisciplinary real world projects.

^{**} Describe the specific knowledge, skills or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate.

SL. No.	Contents	Contact Hours
1	Unit 1: IntroductionIntroduction to Artificial Intelligence, Simulation of sophisticated & Intelligent Behavior indifferent area, problem solving in games, natural language, automated reasoning visualperception, heuristic algorithm versus solution guaranteed algorithms.	10
2	Unit 2: Understanding Natural Languages Parsing techniques, context free and transformational grammars, transition nets, augmentedtransition nets, Fillmore's grammars, Shanks Conceptual Dependency, grammar free analyzers, sentence generation, and translation.	9
3	Unit 3: Knowledge Representation	10

	First order predicate calculus, Horn Clauses, Introduction to PROLOG,	
	Semantic NetsPartitioned Nets, Minskey frames, Case Grammar Theory,	
	Production Rules KnowledgeBase, The Inference System, Forward & Backward	
	Deduction	
	Unit 4:	
	Expert System	0
4	Existing Systems (DENDRAL, MYCIN), domain exploration, Meta	9
	Knowledge, Expertise Transfer, Self Explaining System	
	Unit 5:	
	Pattern Recognition	
	Introduction to pattern Recognition, Structured Description, Symbolic	
5	Description, Machineperception, Line Finding, Interception, Semantic, &	8
	Model, Object Identification, SpeechRecognition.	
	Programming Language: Introduction to programming Language, LISP,	
	PROLOG	
	Total	46

SL. No.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Edition	Year of Publication / Reprint
	Textbooks		•
1.	Charnick "Introduction to Artificial Intelligence." Addision Wesley.	2 nd	2010
2.	Rich & Knight, "Artificial Intelligence".TMH	3 rd	2017
3.	Winston, "LISP", Addison Wesley.	1 st	1989
4.	Marcellous, "Expert Systems Programming", PHI.	1 st	1989
	Reference Books		
1.	Charnick "Introduction to Artificial Intelligence." Addision Wesley.	1 st	2010
2.	Rich & Knight, "Artificial Intelligence".TMH	3 rd	2017
3.	Winston, "LISP", Addison Wesley.	2 nd	1989
4.	Marcellous, "Expert Systems Programming", PHI.	1 st	1989

12.	Mode of Evaluation	Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid Term Exam / End Term Exam

SEMESTER VII

Name of Department: - Computer Science and Engineering

1.	Subject Code:	TCS-76	2	Cours	e Title:	NoSQL Database
2.	Contact Hours:	L: [3	T: 0	P: 0	
3.	Examination Du	ration (Hr	s):	Theory 3	Р	ractical 0
4.	Relative Weight	CIE	25	MSE 25		SEE 50
5.	Credits:		3			
6.	Semester:		7			
7.	Category of Cou	ırse:	DC			
8.	Pre-requisite: TCS-462, TCS-663					

9. Course	After completion of the course the students will be able to:
Outcome**:	CO1: Demonstrate an understanding of the detailed architecture of Column Oriented NoSQL databases, Document databases, Graph databases. CO2: Make use of the concepts pertaining to all the types of databases CO3: Apply performance tuning on Column-oriented NoSQL databases and Document-oriented NoSQL Databases. CO4: Analyze the structural Models of NoSQL. CO5: Evaluate several applications for location based service and recommendation services. Devise an application using the components of NoSQL.
	CO6: Develop various applications using NoSOL databases

^{**} Describe the specific knowledge, skills or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate.

SI. No.	Contents						
1	Unit 1: Why NoSQL? The Value of Relational Databases, Getting at Persistent Data, Concurrency, Integration, A (Mostly) Standard Model, Impedance Mismatch, Application and Integration Databases, Attack of the Clusters, The Emergence of NoSQL. Aggregate Data Models: Aggregates, Example of Relations and Aggregates, Consequences of Aggregate Orientation, Key-Value and Document Data Models, Column-Family Stores, Summarizing AggregateOriented Databases.	10					

	More Details on Data Models: Relationships, Graph Databases, Schemaless Databases, Materialized Views, Modeling for Data Access	
2	Unit 2: Distribution Models: Single Server, Sharding, Master-Slave Replication, Peer-to-Peer Replication, Combining Sharding and Replication Consistency, Update Consistency, Read Consistency, Relaxing Consistency, The CAP Theorem, Relaxing Durability, Quorums. Version Stamps, Business and System Transactions, Version Stamps on Multiple Nodes	8
3	Map-Reduce: Basic Map-Reduce, Partitioning and Combining, Composing Map-Reduce Calculations, A Two Stage Map-Reduce Example, Incremental Map-Reduce Key-Value Databases: What Is a Key-Value Store, Key-Value Store Features, Consistency, Transactions, Query Features, Structure of Data, Scaling, Suitable Use Cases, Storing Session Information, User Profiles, Preference, Shopping Cart Data, When Not to Use, Relationships among Data, Multioperation Transactions, Query by Data, Operations by Sets	9
4	Unit 4: Document Databases: What Is a Document Database?, Features, Consistency, Transactions, Availability, Query Features, Scaling, Suitable Use Cases, Event Logging, Content Management Systems, Blogging Platforms, Web Analytics or Real-Time Analytics, E- Commerce Applications, When Not to Use, Complex Transactions Spanning Different Operations, Queries against Varying Aggregate Structure	9
5	Unit 5: Graph Databases: What Is a Graph Database?, Features, Consistency, Transactions, Availability, Query Features, Scaling, Suitable Use Cases, Connected Data, Routing, Dispatch, and Location-Based Services, Recommendation Engines, When Not to Use	9
	Total	45

SL. No.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers		Year of Publication / Reprint
	Textbooks		
1.	Sadalage, P. & Fowler, NoSQL Distilled: A Brief Guide to the Emerging World of Polyglot Persistence, Pearson Addision Wesley	1 st	2012

	Reference Books		
1.	Dan Sullivan, "NoSQL For Mere Mortals", Pearson Education India	1 st	2015
2.	Dan McCreary and Ann Kelly, "Making Sense of NoSQL: A guide for Managers and the Rest of us", Manning Publication/Dreamtech Press	1 st	2013
3.	Kristina Chodorow, "Mongodb: The Definitive Guide- Powerful and Scalable Data Storage", O'Reilly Publications	2 nd	2013

12. Mode of Evaluation Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid Term Exam / End Term	Exam
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SEMESTER VII

Name of Department: - Computer Science and Engineering

1.	Subject Code:	TCS 763	3	Cou	ırse Title:	Social and Web Analytics
2.	Contact Hours:	L: [3	3	T: 0	P: 0	
3.	Examination Du	ration (Hr	s):	Theory	3 F	Practical 0
4.	Relative Weight	: CIE	25		MSE 2	5 SEE 50
5.	Credits:		3			
6.	Semester:		7			
7.	Category of Cou	ırse:	DE			
8.	Pre-requisite:	TCS	341, TC	CS 462		ı

9. Course	After completion of the course the students will be able to:
Outcome**:	CO1: Be able to understand social media, web and social media analytics, and their potential impact. CO2: Be able to identify key performance indicators for a given goal, identify data relating to the metrics and key performance indicators. CO3: Be able to design and analyze understand usability metrics,
	web, and social media metrics. CO4: Be able to use ready-made web analytics tools (Google Analytics)
	CO5: Be able to understand a statistical programming language (R) and use its graphical development environment (Deduce) for data exploration and analysis.
	CO6: Be able to create web analytics solutions for Real World Problems

^{**} Describe the specific knowledge, skills or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate.

SI. No.	Contents	Contact Hours
1	Unit 1: Web and social media (Web sites, web apps, mobile apps and social media), Usability, user experience, customer experience, customer sentiments, web marketing, conversion rates, ROI, brand reputation, competitive advantages, Web analytics and a Web analytics 2.0 framework (clickstream, multiple outcomes analysis, experimentation and testing, voice of customer, competitive intelligence, Insights)	8
2	Unit 2:	10

	Total	49
5	Unit 5: Social media analytics – Introduction, Social media KPIs (reach and engagement), Performing social media analytics (business goal, KPIs, data gathering, analysis, measure and feedback), Data analysis language and tools: Ready-made tools for Web and social media analytics (Key Google Analytics metrics, Dashboard, social reports) Statistical programming language (R), its graphical development environment (Deducer) or data exploration and analysis, and its social media analysis packages	10
4	Unit 4: Web metrics and web analytics- PULSE metrics (Page views, Uptime, Latency, Seven-day active users) on business and technical issues; HEART metrics (Happiness, Engagement, Adoption, Retention, and Task success) on user behavior issues; On-site web analytics, off-site web analytics, the goal-signal-metric process.	9
3	Unit 3: Measuring user experience - Usability metrics (performance metrics, issues-based metrics, self-reported metrics), Planning and performing a usability study (study goals, user goals, metrics and evaluation methods, participants, data collection, data analysis), Typical types of usability studies and their corresponding metrics (comparing alternative designs, comparing with competition, completing a task or transaction, evaluating the impact of subtle changes)	9
	Data (Structured data, unstructured data, metadata, Big Data and Linked Data), Lab testing and experiment design (selecting participants, withinsubjects or between subjects' study, counter balancing, independent and dependent variable; A/B testing, multivariate testing, controlled experiments) Data analysis basics (types of data, metrics and data, descriptive statistics, comparing means, correlations, nonparametric tests, presenting data graphically)	

SL. No.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Edition	Year of Publication / Reprint
	Textbooks		
1.	Avinash Kaushik, Web Analytics 2.0: The Art of Online Accountability and Science of Customer Centricity, Sybex	1st	2009

2	Matthew Ganis, Avinash Kohirkar ,Social Media Analytics: Techniques and Insights for Extracting Business Value Out of Social Media, IBM Press	1st	2015
	Reference Books		
1.	Marshall Sponder, Social Media Analytics: Effective	1 st	2014
	Tools for Building, Interpreting, and Using Metrics,		
	McGraw Hill		

12. Mode of Evaluation Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid Term Exam / End Term Exam	12. Mode of Evaluation	Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid Term Exam / End Term Exam
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SEMESTER

Name of Department: - Computer Science and Engineering

1.	Subject Code:	TCS 797	7		Cour	se Title	e: [Deep Lea	arning	
2.	Contact Hours:	L: [3	3	T: 0		P: (0			
3.	Examination Du	ration (Hr	s):	Theo	ry 3		Pra	actical	0	
4.	Relative Weight	CIE	25	MSE	25	SEE	50			
5.	Credits:		3							
6.	Semester:		7							
7.	Category of Cou	ırse:	DC							

8. Pre-requisite: Fundamental of Machine Learning (TCS333), Python Programming (TCS434)

9. Course	After completion of the course the students will be able to:
Outcome**:	CO1: To understand the fundamental concepts and principles of deep
	learning.
	CO2: To evaluate and use the most important concepts and the methods
	in the area ML and deep learning.
	CO3: Examine modern practical deep networks.
	CO4: Know deep Learning Research Areas.
	CO5: Use software libraries of deep learning
	CO6: Use deep learning models.

^{. **} Describe the specific knowledge, skills or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate.

SI. No.	Contents	Contact Hours
1	Unit 1: Introduction to deep learning: basics of Machine Learning, Machine Learning vs Deep Learning, deep learning process, neural network,	8
2	Unit 2: Modern practical deep networks: Deep Feed forward Networks, Regularization for Deep Learning, Optimization for Training Deep Models, Convolutional Networks, Variants of CNN: DenseNet, PixelNet	9
3	Unit 3: Popular CNN Architectures: ResNet, AlexNet, Sequence Modeling: Recurrent and Recursive Nets, Practical Methodology, Applications, Transfer learning Techniques,	9

4	Unit 4: Deep Learning Research: Linear Factor Models, Auto-encoders, Representation Learning, Structured Probabilistic Models for Deep Learning, Monte Carlo Methods, Confronting the Partition Function, Approximate Inference Deep Generative Models.	8
5	Unit 5: Deep Learning Platforms and Software Libraries: What is a Deep Learning Platform? H2O.ai, Data GraphLab, Deep Learning Libraries, Theano, Caffe, TensorFlow	10
	Total	44

SL.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Edition	Year of Publication
No.			/ Reprint
	Textbooks		
1.	Ellis Horowitz and Sartaj Sahni, Fundamentals of Data Structures in C, Universities Press		2014
2.	Josh Patterson, Adam Gibson "Deep Learning: A Practitioner's Approach", O'Reilly Media, 2017.		2017
3.	Umberto Michelucci "Applied Deep Learning. A Casebased Approach to Understanding Deep Neural Networks" Apress, 2018.		2018
4.	Giancarlo Zaccone, Md. Rezaul Karim, Ahmed Menshawy "Deep Learning with TensorFlow: Explore neural networks with Python", Packt Publisher, 2017. Reference Books		2017
1.	Deep Learning A Practitioner's Approach Josh Patterson and Adam Gibson O'Reilly Media, Inc.2017		2017

12. Mode of Evaluation Test / Quiz	/ Assignment / Mid Term Exam / End Term Exam
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SEMESTER VII

Name of Department: - Computer Science and Engineering

1.	Subject Code: TCS 743	3	С	ourse Ti	tle:	Evolutionary
2.	Contact Hours: L:	3	T: 0	P :	0	Computation
3.	Examination Duration (Hr	s):	Theory	3	Pra	ctical 0
4.	Relative Weight: CIE	25		MS	E 25	SEE 50
5.	Credits:	3				
6.	Semester:	7				
7.	Category of Course:	DE				
8.	Pre-requisite: TCS	 302 Da	ta Structi	ures wit	h C	

9. Course	After completion of the course the students will be able to:
Outcome**:	CO1: Understand the relations between the most important evolutionary algorithms. CO2: Understand the implementation issues of evolutionary algorithms. CO3: Determine the appropriate parameter settings to make different evolutionary algorithms work well. CO4: Design new evolutionary operators, representations, and fitness functions

^{. **} Describe the specific knowledge, skills or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate.

SI. No.	Contents	Contact Hours
1	Introduction to Models and Concept of Computational Intelligence, Social Behavior as Optimization: Discrete and Continuous Optimization Problems, Classification of Optimization Algorithms, Optimization background and terminology: Gradient optimization methods, sampling methods, linear programming, combinatorial optimization. Evolutionary Biology background: Genotype and phenotype, unit of selection, genes and traits, chromosomes, alleles, diploid and haploid, fitness, mutation and recombination.	10
2	Selection, variation and landscapes. The strengths and weaknesses of the evolutionary model. Inductive bias. The No free lunch theorem. Genetic Algorithms: Representation, operators, and standard algorithm. Evolutionary strategies: Evolution in continuous variables. Transformations. Genetic Programming.	8

3	Building blocks and architecture-altering operators. Libraries and Trees. Selection mechanisms: Fitness proportionate, rank, tournament, Stochastic Universal Sampling and Boltzman selection methods. Niching methods. Spatial methods. Artificial landscapes and test functions: The Two-armed bandit problem. Gene Expression Programming, Multi-modal and deceptive functions. Royal roads. N-k landscapes.	8
4	Hierarchical and fractal functions. Pareto evolution. Co-evolution: Multiple populations and single-population co-evolution, Multiobjective evolutionary algorithms: Plasticity and life-time learning. Lamarckian learning, The Baldwin effect. Symbiosis as a source of evolutionary innovation. Macro-mutations, Tabu Search: Tabu Tenure, Cycle Detection & Aspiration Criterion, Reactive Tabu Search.	8
5	Swarm Intelligence Techniques: Particle Swarm Optimization, Ant Colony Optimization, Artificial Bees and Firefly Algorithm, Hybridization and Comparisons of Swarm Techniques, Application of Swarm Techniques in Different Domains and Real-World Problems	8
	Total	

SL.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Edition	Year of Publication
No.			/ Reprint
	Textbooks		
1.	Melanie Mitchell, "An introduction to genetic algorithms", MIT Press.	1 st	1998
2	A.P. Engelbrecht, "Computational Intelligence: An Introduction", Wiley.	2 nd	2007
	Reference Books		
1.	D. E. Goldberg, "Genetic Algorithm in Search Optimization and Machine Learning", Pearson Education	1 st	2008

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12.	Mode of Evaluation	Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid Term Exam / End Term Exam

SEMESTER VII

Name of Department: - Computer Science and Engineering

1.	Subject Code:	TCS 742	2	Cou	urse Title:	Deep Learning
2.	Contact Hours:	L: [3	3	T: 0	P: 0	
3.	Examination Du	ration (Hr	s):	Theory	3	Practical 0
4.	Relative Weight	CIE	25		MSE	25 SEE 50
5.	Credits:		3			
6.	Semester:		7th			
7.	Category of Cou	ırse:	DC			
8.	Pre-requisite:	Fund	amenta	l of Machine	e Learnin	g (TCS333)

Python Programming (TCS434)

9. Course	After completion of the course the students will be able to:
Outcome**:	CO1: To understand the fundamental concepts and principles of deep
	learning.
	CO2: To evaluate and use the most important concepts and the methods
	in the area ML and deep learning.
	CO3: Examine modern practical deep networks.
	CO4: Know deep Learning Research Areas.
	CO5: Use software libraries of deep learning
	CO6: Use deep learning models.

^{**} Describe the specific knowledge, skills or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate.

SI. No.	Contents	Contact Hours
1	Unit 1: Introduction to deep learning: basics of Machine Learning, Machine Learning vs Deep Learning, deep learning process, neural network,	8
2	Unit 2: Modern practical deep networks: Deep Feed forward Networks, Regularization for Deep Learning, Optimization for Training Deep Models, Convolutional Networks, Variants of CNN: DenseNet, PixelNet	9
3	Unit 3: Popular CNN Architectures: ResNet, AlexNet, Sequence Modeling: Recurrent and Recursive Nets, Practical Methodology, Applications, Transfer learning Techniques,	9

4	Unit 4: Deep Learning Research: Linear Factor Models, Auto-encoders, Representation Learning, Structured Probabilistic Models for Deep Learning, Monte Carlo Methods, Confronting the Partition Function, Approximate Inference Deep Generative Models.	8
5	Unit 5: Deep Learning Platforms and Software Libraries: What is a Deep Learning Platform? H2O.ai, Data GraphLab, Deep Learning Libraries, Theano, Caffe, TensorFlow	10
	Total	44

SL.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Edition	Year of Publication
No.			/ Reprint
	Textbooks		
2.	Josh Patterson, Adam Gibson "Deep Learning: A	1st	2017
	Practitioner's Approach", O'Reilly Media, 2017.		
3.	Umberto Michelucci "Applied Deep Learning. A Case-	1st	2018
	based Approach to Understanding Deep Neural Networks"		
	Apress, 2018.		
4.	Giancarlo Zaccone, Md. Rezaul Karim, Ahmed Menshawy	1st	2017
	"Deep Learning with TensorFlow: Explore neural networks		
	with Python", Packt Publisher, 2017.		
	Reference Books		
1.	Deep Learning A Practitioner's Approach Josh Patterson and	1st	2017
	Adam Gibson O'Reilly Media, Inc.2017		

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SEMESTER VII

Name	of Department: -	Compute	er Scier	nce and Engineering	
1.	Subject Code:	TCS 7	91	Course Title: Internet Security	
2.	Contact Hours:	L: [3	3	T: 0 P: 0	
3.	Examination Du	ration (Hr	s):	Theory 3 Practical 0	
4.	Relative Weight:	CIE	25	MSE 25 SEE 50	
5.	Credits:		3		
6.	Semester:		7		
7.	Category of Cou	ırse:	DC		

8.Pre-requisite: Computer Organization TCS 404, Java Programming Language TCS 408

After completion of the course, the students will be able to:
CO1: Explain the architecture of the Internet.
CO2: Know the working of Internet security mechanisms.
CO3: Use cryptography to secure various applications.
CO4: Analyze various network security mechanisms.
CO5: Apply security mechanisms to protect online systems.
CO6: Develop Internet security protocols.

^{**} Describe the specific knowledge, skills, or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate.

SI. No.	Contents	
1	Unit 1: Introduction and Overview: Internet Architecture, How the Internet Works (high-level overview), IP address.	5
2	Unit 2: Internet SecurityMechanism: Denial-of-Service, Traceback, DoS Defence, Network Intrusion Detection	10

	Systems, Fundamental NIDS Issues, NIDS Evaluation, Scanning (NMAP, Nessus,		
	NetTools, Smart Whois), Anonymity Tor browser		
3	Unit 3: Cryptography Basics and Applications:	10	
_	Secret Key encryption, DES, AES, One-way Hash functions, MD5, SHA-1 and SHA-2, collision attacks, Diffie-Hellman Key Exchange, Public-Key Encryption (RSA), Digital Signatures, Public-key Infrastructure (PKI).		
	Unit 4:		
	Network SecurityMechanisms:		
4	Ip Tunneling and SSH Tunneling, Virtual Private Networks, Firewalls,	9	
	Bypassing Firewalls, Transport Layer Security (TLS/SSL), TLS		
	Programming, Packet Sniffer (Wireshark), Man inthe middle attack		
	Unit 5:		
5	Monitoring systems overnetwork. Malware attacks, Virus, Worms, Trojans horse, ransomware, keylogger, spyware, bot, botnet, botnet detection, and intrusion detection techniques.	8	
	Total	42	

SL. No.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Edition	Year of Publication / Reprint
1	Cryptography and Network Security - Principles and Practice, Seventh Edition, by William Stallings.	7 th	2016
2.	Firewalls and Internet Security: Repelling the Wily Hacker (Addison-Wesley Professional Computing Series) by William Cheswick, Steven Bellovin, Aviel Rubin.	2nd	2003
	Reference Books		
1.	Network Security Essentials: Applications and Standards, 4/Ed, by William Stallings.	4th	2011

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SEMESTER VII

Name	e of Department: - Compute	er Scier	
1.	Subject Code: TCS-788	B	Information Security and Course Title: Audit Monitoring
2.	Contact Hours: L: 3	3	T: 0 P: 0
3.	Examination Duration (Hr	s):	Theory 3 Practical 0
4.	Relative Weight: CIE	25	MSE 25 SEE 50
5.	Credits:	3	
6.	Semester:	7 th	
7.	Category of Course:	DE	
8 Pre	-requisite: TCS 492 Fu	ndamen	ntal of Cyher Security

9. Course	After completion of the course the students will be able to:
Outcome**:	CO1: Explain information security audit.
	CO2: Know the working of information security audit and monitoring.
	CO3: Analyze the various mechanisms of information security audit.
	CO4 : Use information security audit and monitoring to prevent the information
	securityattacks.
	CO5: Apply information security audit and monitoring in various applications.
	CO6: Develop strategies for information security audit and monitoring.

^{**} Describe the specific knowledge, skills, or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate.

SN	Contents	Hours
1	Unit-1 Overview What is information security (IS), evaluation of information security, CIA triad, Components of IS, control in IT environment, components of information security management system (ISMS), framework for the development of ISMS, need of information security, threats to information security, risk to information systems, cybercrimes and attacks, information security policy, security life cycle	10
2	Unit-2 Risk management and analysis Overview of risk management, risk identification, identifying the assets, threats and vulnerabilities, risk control strategies, selection of a risk control strategy, planning for risk analysis, performing risk analysis and assessment	8

3	Unit-3 Security principles, types of information security policies, structure and framework of compressive security policy, policy infrastructure, policy design life cycle and design processes, PDCA model, security policy standards and practices - BS7799, ISO/IEC 17799, ISO 27001. Auditing tools such as ISO 27001 ISMS TOOL KIT, NGS AUDITOR, Windows password auditor, ISO IES 27002 2005 IS AUDIT TOOL	12
4	Unit-4 Domains of IT security Authentication and access control, physical access, Internet access, e-mail, digital signature, outsourcing, software development and acquisition, hardware acquisition, security organization structure.	8
5	Unit-5 Auditing and controls Auditing concepts, information security audit (ISA) need, concept, standards, performance, steps, techniques, methodologies, around and through computer, controls-concept objectives, types, risk, input, process, validation, output, logical access, physical access database, network, environment, BCP, evidence collection, evaluation and reporting methodologies	8
	Total	46

S N	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Edition	Year of Publication Reprint
	Textbooks		
1.	Michael E. Whitman and Herbert J. Mattord, Principles of Information Security, (2e), Thomson Learning, 2007	2nd	2007
2.	Angel R. Otero, "Information Technology Control and Audit", 2018, CRC Press	2 nd	2018
	Reference Books		
1.	William Stallings, "Network Security Essentials: Applications and Standards", Prentice Hall.	6 th	2016

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SEMESTER VII

Name of Department: - Computer Science and Engineering

1.	Subject Code: TCS 79	3	Course Title:	Cloud Security
2.	Contact Hours: L:	3	T: 0 P: 0	
3.	Examination Duration (H	rs):	Theory 3	Practical 0
4.	Relative Weight: CIE	25	MSE 25	SEE 50
5.	Credits:	3		
6.	Semester:	7 th		
7.	Category of Course:	DE		

8. Pre-requisite: TCS351 Fundamental of Cloud Computing and

Bigdata

9. Course	After completion of the course the students will be able to:
Outcome**: CO1: Understanding the need of cloud security, cloud security reference	
	and standards.
	CO2: Understand security & privacy concepts and various cloud security issues.
	CO3: Identify threat model and attacks in cloud environment.
	CO4: Understand advanced security concepts.
	CO5: Understand and analyze intrusion detection techniques.
	CO6: Implement some intrusion detection tools.

^{**} Describe the specific knowledge, skills, or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate.

SL. NO.	Contents	Contact Hours
1	Unit 1: Introduction to Cloud Security What is Cloud Security?, Motivation for Cloud Security, Reference models and Standards for Security Management, Information Technology Infrastructure Library (ITIL), ISO 27001/27002, CSA Cloud Reference Model with security boundaries, NIST Standards and Guidelines for Cloud Security, NIST Cloud	08
2	Computing Security Reference Architecture. Unit 2: Cloud Security & Privacy: Concepts and Issues Security Concepts: Confidentiality, Integrity, Authentication, NonRepudiation, Availability, Access control, Defense in depth, Least privilege, Authorization, Cryptography, Auditing, Accountability), Privacy: What is Privacy, Key	08

	privacy concerns in Cloud ,Security Management in Cloud , Security aspects at different layers Cloud Security Issues: A Brief Discussion - Application-level, Network-level, Virtualization-level (i.e. Multi-Tenancy), Data Storage-level, Hardware-level, Identity Access Management level, Auditing, Governance and Regulatory Compliance, Cloud and CSP Migration, SLA and Trust level issues etc.)	
3	Unit 3: Threat Model and Virtualization System-Specific Attacks Threat Model and Virtualization System-Specific Attacks Threat Model and Attack Taxonomy, Virtualization-specific Attacks: VM Escape, Cross-VM Side Channel Attack, Guest hopping, Guest DoS, VM Malware Injection, VM migration attack, VMM DoS, VMM Hyperjacking, VMM Malware Injection, VMM Backdoor	10
4	Unit 4: Advanced Security Concepts Securing the Cloud, The security boundary, Security service boundary Security mapping, Securing Data, Brokered cloud storage access, Establishing Identity and Presence, Identity protocol standards, Windows Azure identity standards, Identity and Access Management: Why IAM, IAM Challenges, Definitions, Architecture & Practice	10
5	Unit 5: Cloud Security Defensive Approaches Evolution of Cloud-Intrusion Detection System (IDS), Deployment of IDS in Cloud, Intrusion Detection Techniques in Cloud, Brief Discussion on Virtual Machine Introspection and Hypervisor Introspection Techniques	08
	Total	44

SL. No.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Edition	Year of Publication /
	Tavithaalia		Reprint
	Textbooks		
1.	Barrie Sisisky, "Cloud Computing Bible" Published by Wiley Publishing, Inc. Cloud	1 st	2011
2	"Cloud Security and Privacy" by Tim Mather, Subra, Shahed Latif (Publ. Orielly Media),	1 st	2009
3	"Mastering Cloud Computing" by Raj Kumar Buyya,Vecchiola&Selvi (Published by Mc Graw Hill Education Pvt. Ltd) –	2 nd	2013
4	"Securing the Cloud "By Vic (J.R.) Winkler 1st edition,	1st	2011

12.	Mode of Evaluation	Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid Term Exam / End Term Exam
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SEMESTER VIII

Name of Department: - Computer Science and Engineering

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1.	Subject Code: TDM 88	31	Course T	itle:	Disaster Management
2.	Contact Hours: L:	3	T: 0 P:	0	
3.	Examination Duration (H	rs):	Theory 3	P	ractical 0
4.	Relative Weight: CIE	25	MSE 25		SEE 50
5.	Credits:	3			
6.	Semester:	VIII			
7.	Category of Course:	DE			
8.	Pre-requisite: NIL				

9. Course	After completion of the course the students will be able to:
Outcome**: CO1: Understanding foundations of hazards, disasters and associated natural/social phenomena of India	
	CO2: Study the various natural disasters.
CO3: Study the various manmade disasters.	
	CO4: Understand the disaster management principles.
	CO5: Study the modern techniques used in disaster mitigation and management.
	CO6: Formulate Technological innovations in Disaster Risk Reduction

^{**} Describe the specific knowledge, skills or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate.

SL. NO.	Contents	Contact Hours
1	Unit 1: Introduction, Definitions and Classification: Concepts and definitions - Disaster, Hazard, Vulnerability, Resilience, Risks Natural disasters: Cloud bursts, earth quakes, Tsunami, snow, avalanches, landslides, forest fires, diversion of river routes (ex. Kosi river), Floods, Droughts Cyclones, volcanic hazards/ disasters(Mud volcanoes): causes and distribution, hazardous effects and environmental impacts of natural disasters, mitigation measures, natural disaster prune areas in India, major natural disasters in India with special reference to Uttarakhand.Man-induced disasters: water logging, subsidence, ground water depletion, soil erosion,, release of toxic gases and hazardous chemicals into environment, nuclear explosions	9

2	Unit 2: Inter-relationship between Disasters and Development Factors affecting vulnerabilities, differential impacts, impacts of development projects such asdams, embankments, changes in land use etc. climate change adaption, relevance of indigenous knowledge, appropriate technology and local resources, sustainable development and its role in disaster mitigation, roles and responsibilities of community, panchayat raj institutions/urban local bodies, state,	8
3	Unit 3: Disaster Management (Pre-disasterstage, Emergency stage and Post Disaster Stage) 1. Pre-disaster stage (preparedness): Preparing hazard zonation maps, predictably/forecastingand warning, preparing disaster preparedness plans, land use zoning, preparedness through information, education and communication (IEC), disaster resistant house construction, population reduction in vulnerable areas, awareness2. Emergency Stage: Rescue training for search & operation at national & regional level,immediate relief, assessment surveys 3. Post Disaster stage: Rehabilitation and reconstruction of disaster affected areas; urban disaster mitigation: Political and administrative aspects, social aspects, economic aspects, environmental aspects.	9
4	Unit 4: Disaster Management Laws and Policies in India Environmental legislations related to disaster management in India: Disaster Management Act,2005; Environmental policies & programs in India- Institutions & national centres for natural disaster mitigation: National Disaster Management Authority (NDMA):structure and functional responsibilities, National Disaster Response Force (NDRF): Rule andresponsibilities, National Institute Of Disaster Management (NIDM): Rule and responsibilities.	8
	Total	34

SL.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Edition	Year of Publication
No.			/ Reprint
	Textbooks		
1.	M MSulphey," Disaster Management", PHI,	1 st	2016

12.	Mode of Evaluation	Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid Term Exam / End Term Exam
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SEMESTER VIII

Name of Department: - Computer Science and Engineering				
1.	Subject Code: TCS 881		Course Title:	Advanced Computer Vision
2.	Contact Hours: L: 3	3	T: 0 P: 0	
3.	Examination Duration (Hrs	s):	Theory 3 P	Practical 0
4.	Relative Weight: CIE	25	MSE 25	SEE 50
5.	Credits:	3		
6.	Semester:	8th		
7.	Category of Course:	DE		
8. Pre-requisite: TCS 301, Any Programming Language				

9. Course	After completion of the course the students will be able to:
Outcome**:	CO1: Understand the principals the computer vision and image procesing used
	to describe features of images.
	CO2: Understand the mathematical foundations for digital manipulation of images
	CO3: Design, code and test computer applications using MATLAB/OpenCV.
	CO4: Analyze a wide range of problems and provide solutions related to the
	design of computer applications through suitable algorithms, structures,
	diagrams, and other appropriate methods.
	CO5: Plan and undertake a major individual computer applications.
	CO6: Write programs in MATLAB/OpenCV.for digital manipulation of images;
I	

image acquisition; preprocessing; segmentation.

** Describe the specific knowledge, skills or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate.

SI. No.	Contents	Contact Hours
1	Unit 1: Image Processing Techniques: Image Enhancement: Histogram Processing, Smoothing filters, Sharpening filters; Image restoration, Image Compression— coding Redundancy, spatial and temporal redundancy, Compression models Segmentation: Segmentation concepts, point, line and Edge detection, Thresholding, region based segmentation.	9
2	Unit 2: Edge detection, Thresholding, Region growing, Fuzzy clustering, Watershed algorithm, Active contour models, Texture feature based segmentation, Graph based segmentation, Applications of image segmentation. Background Subtraction in Videos, Morphological processing,	9

3	Unit 3: Image content Analysis: Feature mapping using the scale-invariant feature transform (SIFT) algorithm, Image registration, Image classification, Object Localization, Object Recognition, Object Detection, Object recognition, shape from shading, foreground-background separation.	11
4	Unit 4: Motion Estimation: Optical flow, general methodologies, pixel based motion estimation, Block matching algorithm, Mesh based motion Estimation, global Motion Estimation, Region based motion estimation, multi resolution motion estimation. Waveform based coding, Block based transform coding, predictive coding, Application of motion estimation in video coding.	9
5	Unit 5: Introduction to deep learning, deep learning techniques, CNN: Architectures, Convolution, Pooling Layers, Transfer Learning, Applications: Image classification using Convolutional Neural Networks (CNNs), Anomaly detection using Convolutional Neural Networks (CNNs), medical image-fusion using deep learning method, Image Captioning.	10
	Total	48

SL.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Edition	Year of Publication
No.			/ Reprint
	Textbooks		
1.	Digital Image Processing, by R. C. Gonzalez, R. E. Woods	4 th	2017
	and S. L. Eddins, Publisher: Pearson.	Edition	
2.	Digital Image Processing using Matlab, by R. C. Gonzalez,	2 nd	2017
	R. E. Woods and S. L. Eddins, Publisher: Pearson.		
3.	Deep Learning for Computer Vision, by Rajalingappaa	1 st	2018
	Shanmugamani, Publisher: O Reilly		
	Reference Books		
1.	Deep Learning with Keras by Antonio Gulli, Sujit Pal,	1 st	2017
	Publisher: O Reilly		
2.	Programming Computer Vision with Python", Jan Salem,	1 st	2012
	Publisher: O Reilly		

12.	Mode of Evaluation	Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid Term Exam / End Term Exam

SEMESTER VIII

Name	Name of Department: - Computer Science and Engineering Services Oriented Cloud architecture				
1.	Subject Code: TCS 859		Course Title:		
2.	Contact Hours: L: 3	3	T: 0 P:	. 0	
3.	Examination Duration (Hrs):	Theor	y 3 Pra	ctical 0	
4.	Relative Weight: CIE	25	MSE 25	SEE 50	
5.	Credits:	3			
6.	Semester:	8			
7.	Category of Course:	DE			
8.	Pre-requisite: : TCS 602				

9. Course	After completion of the course the students will be able to:
Outcome**:	CO1: Identify the concept of service-oriented cloud architecture.
	CO2: Demonstrate microservices architecture and services-oriented cloud architecture protocols with security aspects.
	CO3: Analyze the service-oriented cloud architecture for business technology and policy management.
	CO4: Apply digital age technologies in services-oriented cloud architecture-based cloud applications.
	CO5: Evaluate the performance of services-oriented cloud architecture governance framework and their legacy evolution.
	CO6: Design a serverless cloud-based web application and deploy as a Microservice on OpenShift and as static files on Cloud Object Storage.

^{**} Describe the specific knowledge, skills or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate.

SL. NO.	Contents	Contact Hours
1	Unit - I Services oriented cloud architecture: Defining concepts, Principles, Patterns, Importance, components, working, limitations, Enterprise Service Bus (ESB) in service-oriented cloud architecture, Benefits of ESB, Interfaces and namespaces, SOLID principles, IoC containers, Case study of service oriented cloud architectures.	9
2	Unit – II Microservices architecture, Services oriented cloud architecture protocols, Security, Full stack cloud applications, Distributed applications and Web	9

	services. Technologies and frameworks for distributed and server side	
	application development, Service-oriented cloud architecture communications,	
	Case study of service oriented cloud architecture protocols and	
	communications.	
	Unit – III	
	Services oriented cloud architecture for Business Technology, Cloud service	
3	accessibility, cloud service visibility, cloud service extensibility, Cloud service	9
•	SLAs, cloud service deployment using contract-management techniques,	,
	Policy management techniques, Case study of service oriented cloud	
	architecture for business policy management.	
	Unit – IV	
	Services oriented cloud architecture in the Digital Age, Designing domain	
	specific cloud services, Service-oriented distributed applications, Semantic web and web services, RESTful, AJAX, JSON, Web API, Web Socket	
4		
7	application in cloud services, Open Standards Landscape around Architecture,	9
	Develop an application on Cloud leveraging cloud services like AI-powered	
	APIs and NoSQL databases, Case study of service oriented cloud architecture	
	in digital age applications.	
	Unit – V	
	Services oriented cloud architecture governance framework, Legacy evolution,	
	Services oriented cloud reference architecture, Windows communication	
5	foundation services (WCF), Hosting and consuming WCF services, evaluating	9
3	performance of WCF services in cloud platform, Serverless computing, Create	9
	a serverless cloud based web application and deploy as a Microservice on	
	OpenShift and as static files on Cloud Object Storage, Case study of service	
	oriented cloud architecture for business governance.	
	Total	45

SL. No.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Edition	Year of Publication / Reprint
	Textbooks		
1.	Barrie Sisisky, "Cloud Computing Bible" Published by Wiley Publishing, Inc.	2 nd	2010
2	Berners Lee, Godel and Turing, "Thinking on the Web", Wiley inter science,.	1 st	2008
3	Peter Mika, "Social Networks and the Semantic Web", Springer,.	1st	2007
	Reference Books		
1.	Thomas Erl , "Cloud Computing: Concepts, Technology & Architecture" Published May	1st	2013
2	David S. Linthicum , "Cloud Computing and SOA Convergence in your Enterprise, a step by step guide"	1 st	2009

12.	Mode of Evaluation	Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid Term Exam / End Term Exam
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SEMESTER VIII

Name of De	partment: -	Computer	Science	and	Engine	ering

1.	Subject Code: TCS	801	Course Title:	Mobile Computing
2.	Contact Hours: L	3	T: 0 P: 0	
3.	Examination Duration	(Hrs):	Theory 3	Practical 0
4.	Relative Weight: C	IE 25	MSE 25	SEE 50
5.	Credits:	3		
6.	Semester:	8		
7.	Category of Course:	DE		

8. Pre-requisite: Communication models and Protocols (TCS 53), Computer Networks (TCS 604), Network Programming and Wireless Technologies (TCS 631)

9. Course	After completion of the course the students will be able to:
Outcome**:	CO1: Exemplify the concepts, techniques, protocols and architecture employed in wireless local area networks, cellular networks, and Adhoc Networks based on the standards CO2: Describe and analyze the network infrastructure requirements to support
	mobile devices and users. CO3: Design and implement mobile applications to realize location-aware computing
	CO4: Asses the important issues and concerns on security and Data management CO5: Development of various scenarios for mobile computing systems. CO6: Evaluate the concepts of mobile agents and mobile Adhoc algorithms with the help of NS2.

^{**} Describe the specific knowledge, skills or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate.

SL. No.	Contents	Contact Hours
	Unit 1:	
	Introduction, issues in mobile computing, overview of wireless telephony:	
1	cellular concept, GSM: air-interface, channel structure, location management:	9
	HLR-VLR, hierarchical, handoffs, channel allocation in cellular systems,	
	CDMA, GPRS	

2	Unit 2: Wireless Networking, Wireless LAN Overview: MAC issues, IEEE 802.11, Blue Tooth, Wireless multiple access protocols, TCP over wireless, Wireless applications, data broadcasting, Mobile IP, WAP: Architecture, protocol stack, application environment, applications.	8
3	Unit 3: Data management issues, data replication for mobile computers, adaptive clustering for mobile wireless networks, File system, Disconnected operations	9
4	Unit 4: Mobile Agents computing, security and fault tolerance, transaction processing in mobile computing environment.	8
5	Unit 5: Ad Hoc networks, localization, MAC issues, Routing protocols, global state routing (GSR), Destination sequenced distance vector routing (DSDV), Dynamic source routing (DSR), Ad Hoc on demand distance vector routing (AODV), Temporary ordered routing algorithm (TORA), QoS in Ad Hoc Networks, applications	9
	Total	45

SL. No.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Edition	Year of Publication / Reprint
	Textbooks		
1.	J. Schiller," Mobile Communications", Addison Wesley.	2 nd	2008
2	A. Mehrotra ,"GSM System Engineering".		1997
3	M. V. D. Heijden, M. Taylor, "Understanding WAP", Artech House		2000
	Reference Books		
1.	J. Schiller," Mobile Communications", Addison Wesley.	2 nd	2008
2	A. Mehrotra ,"GSM System Engineering".		1997
3	M. V. D. Heijden, M. Taylor, "Understanding WAP", Artech House		2000

12.	Mode of Evaluation	Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid Term Exam / End Term Exam

SEMESTER VIII

Name	e of Department: - Comput	er Scier	nce and Engine	ering [Mobile Ap	nlications
1.	Subject Code: TCS 82	2	Course	e Title:	Developme	-
2.	Contact Hours: L:	3	T: 0	P: 0		
3.	Examination Duration (H	rs):	Theory 3		Practical	0
4.	Relative Weight: CIE	25	MSE 25		SEE 50	
5.	Credits:	3				
6.	Semester:	VIII				
7.	Category of Course:	DE				
8.	Pre-requisite: TCS	693			_	
	A 6:	1	C .1 .1	. 1 .	1111 11	

9. Course	After completion of the course the students will be able to:
	After completion of the course the students will be able to:
Outcome**:	CO1: Understand and apply the key technological principles and methods for
	delivering and maintaining mobile applications,
	CO2: Evaluate and contrast requirements for mobile platforms to establish
	appropriate strategies for development and deployment,
	CO3: Develop and apply current standard-compliant scripting/programming
	techniques for the successful deployment of mobile applications targeting
	a variety of platforms,
	,
	COA. Comes out appropriate formative and supportive evaluation and
	CO4: Carry out appropriate formative and summative evaluation and
	testingutilising a range of mobile platforms,
	CO5: Interpret a scenario, plan, design and develop a prototype hybrid and
	native mobile application,
	CO6: investigate the leading edge developments in mobile application
	development and use these to inform the design process.

^{**} Describe the specific knowledge, skills or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate.

SL. NO.	Contents	Contact Hours
1	Unit 1: Getting started with Mobility	9

	Total	43
5	Unit 5: Taking apps to Market Versioning, signing and packaging mobile apps, distributing apps on mobile market place	8
4	Unit 4: Testing mobile apps Debugging mobile apps, White box testing, Black box testing, and test automation of mobile apps, JUnit for Android, Robotium, MonkeyTalk	9
3	Unit 3: Sprucing up mobile apps Graphics and animation – custom views, canvas, animation APIs, multimedia – audio/video playback and record, location awareness, and native hardware access (sensors such as accelerometer and gyroscope)	9
2	Unit 2: Building blocks of mobile apps App user interface designing – mobile UI resources (Layout, UI elements, Drawable, Menu), Activity- states and life cycle, interaction amongst activities. App functionality beyond user interface - Threads, Async task, Services – states and life cycle, Notifications, Broadcast receivers, Telephony and SMS APIs Native data handling – on-device file I/O, shared preferences, mobile databases such as SQLite, and enterprise data access (via Internet/Intranet)	8
	Mobility landscape, Mobile platforms, Mobile apps development, Overview of Android platform, setting up the mobile app development environment along with an emulator, a case study on Mobile app development	

SL.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Edition	Year of Publication
No.			/ Reprint
	Textbooks		
1.	Jeff McWherter, Scott Gowell, "Professional Mobile Application Development", Wrox Publication.	1 st	2012
2	"Mobile Application Development "Black Book, Dreamtech Press	2 nd	2014

12	Mode of Evaluation	Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid Term Exam / End Term Exam

SEMESTER VIII

Name of Department: - Computer Science and Engineering

1.	Subject Code: TCS 82		Course Title:	Soft Computing
2.	Contact Hours: L:	3	T: 0 P: 0	
3.	Examination Duration (Hrs):		Theory 3	Practical 0
4.	Relative Weight: CIE	25	MSE 25	SEE 50
5.	Credits:	3		
6.	Semester:	8		
7.	Category of Course:	DE		

9. Course	After completion of the course the students will be able to:		
Outcome**:			
	CO1: Summarize about soft computing techniques and their applications		
	CO2: Analyze various neural network architectures		
	CO3: Designperceptrons and counter propagation networks.		
	CO4: Classify the fuzzy systems		
	CO5: Analyze the genetic algorithms and their applications.		
	CO6: Compose the fuzzy rules.		

Pre-requisite: Good knowledge of Artificial Intelligence

10. **Details of the Course:**

8.

S.NO.	Contents	Contact Hours
1	Unit 1: Fundamentals of ANN: The Biological Neural Network, Artificial Neural Networks -Building Blocks of ANN and ANN terminologies: architecture, setting of weights, activation functions - McCulloch-pitts Neuron Model, Hebbian Learning rule, Perceptionlearning rule, Delta learning rule.	9
2	Unit 2: Models of ANN: Single layer perception, Architecture, Algorithm, application procedure- Feedback Networks: Hopfield Net and BAM - Feed Forward Networks: BackPropogation Network (BPN) and Radial Basis Function Network (RBFN) - SelfOrganizing Feature Maps: SOM and LVQ	8
3	Unit 3: Fuzzy Sets, properties and operations - Fuzzy relations, cardinality, operations and properties of fuzzy relations, fuzzy composition.	9

^{**} Describe the specific knowledge, skills or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate.

4	Unit 4: Fuzzy variables - Types of membership functions - fuzzy rules: Takagi and Mamdani –fuzzy inference systems: fuzzification, inference, rulebase, defuzzification.	9
5	Unit 5: Genetic Algorithm (GA): Biological terminology – elements of GA: encoding, types of selection, types of crossover, mutation, reinsertion – a simple genetic algorithm –Theoretical foundation: schema, fundamental theorem of GA, building block hypothesis.	9
	Total	44

SL.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Edition	Year of Publication
No.			/ Reprint
	Textbooks		
1.	S. N. Sivanandam, S. Sumathi, S.N. Deepa, "Introduction	1 st	2017
	to Neural Networks using MATLAB 6.0 ", Tata McGraw-		
	Hill, New Delhi, 2006		
2	S. N. Sivanandam, S.N. Deepa, "Principles of Soft	1 st	2008
	Computing", Wiley-India, 2008.		
3	D.E. Goldberg, "Genetic algorithms, optimization and	1 st	2008
	machine learning"		

12.	Mode of Evaluation	Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid Term Exam / End Term Exam

SEMESTER VIII

Name	of Department	: - Comput	er Sciei	nce a	and En	gineerii	ng r			
1.	Subject Code:	·				ourse Ti			edia Syste mpressio	
2.	Contact Hours	: L:	3	T :	0	P :	0			
3.	Examination D	uration (H	rs):	Th	eory	3	Pr	actical	0	
4.	Relative Weig	ht: CIE	25	MS	SE 25		SE	E 50		
5.	Credits:		3							
6.	Semester:		8							
7.	Category of C	ourse:	DE							
8.	Pre-requisite:	TCS	308							
	ourse come**:	CO1: Den	onstrate ve into th	the l	basic c	oncept o	of mult		formation	representation. 1 today's digital

CO6: Construct Haptic Interfaces and Virtual reality Systems

CO3: Summarize the various multimedia information representations

CO2: Compare circuit mode and packet mode. Explain QoS and its applications.

CO4: Compute Arithmetic, Huffman, Lempel –Ziv and Lempel–Ziv Welsh

SL. No.	Contents							
1	Unit. I Introduction to Multimedia Presentation and Production, Multisensory Perception, Digital Representation of Data: Why it is required, Analog to Digital Conversion and Digital to Analog Conversion, Nyquist's Theorem, Relation between Sampling Rate and Bit Depth, Quantization Error, Fourier Representation, Pulse Modulation Describing Multimedia Presentations: SMIL Text: Typeface, Fonts; Tracking, Kerning, Spacing; Optical Character Recognition; Unicode Standard; Text to Voice	10						

coding. Summarize Joint Photographic Expert Group (JPEG).
CO5: Differentiate between the audio compression techniques: PCM, DPCM,
ADPCM, LPC, CELPC and MPEG. Differentiate MPEG1, MPEG2 and
MPEG4.

^{**} Describe the specific knowledge, skills or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate.

Unit. III Image types, how we see color, Vector and Bitmap, Color Models: RGB, CMYK, Lab, HSL, HSB/HSV, YUV, conversion between different color models; Basic steps of image processing, Scanner, Digital Camera, Gamma Correction, General Study of the following image formats: BMP,TIF,PNG,GIF,SVG Image Compression: Approaches, Image Transforms, The Discrete Cosine Transform, Detailed study of JPEG,JPEG-LS, Progressive image compression, JBIG Unit – IV Acoustics and the Nature of Sound Waves, Fundamental Characteristics of Sound, Musical Note, Pitch, Beat, Rhythm, Melody, Harmony and Tempo; Elements of Audio Systems, General study of Microphone, Amplifier, Loudspeaker, Mixer; Digital Audio, Synthesizers, MIDI, MIDI Connections, MIDI messages, Staff Notation, Sound Card, Audio Codecs: AIFF, WAV, Apple Lossless, Dolby TrueHD, DTS-HD Master Audio, FLAC, WMA, Audio Playing Software, Audio Recording using Dolby, Dolby Digital and Dolby Digital Surround EX, Voice Recognition Video: Analog Video, Transmission of Video Signals, Chroma Sub sampling,	9
Acoustics and the Nature of Sound Waves, Fundamental Characteristics of Sound, Musical Note, Pitch, Beat, Rhythm, Melody, Harmony and Tempo; Elements of Audio Systems, General study of Microphone, Amplifier, Loudspeaker, Mixer; Digital Audio, Synthesizers, MIDI, MIDI Connections, MIDI messages, Staff Notation, Sound Card, Audio Codecs: AIFF, WAV, Apple Lossless, Dolby TrueHD, DTS-HD Master Audio, FLAC, WMA, Audio Playing Software, Audio Recording using Dolby, Dolby Digital and Dolby Digital Surround EX, Voice Recognition	
Composite and Components Video, NTSC, PAL and SECAM, Digital Video, High Definition TV, Video Recording Formats; Video Compression, MPEG, MPEG-4; General Study of the following formats and codecs: avi, flv, m4v	9
Unit – V Multimedia Messaging Service(MMS): MMS standard, MMS Architecture, An Engineering perspective on How a MMS is created, sent and retrieved Introduction to Virtual Reality: Components of a VR System, Haptic Interfaces, Virtual Reality Programming, Impact of Virtual Reality, Case study of Second Life	8

SL.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Edition	Year of Publication
No.			/ Reprint
	Textbooks		
1.	Ranjan Parekh, "Principles of Multimedia", McGraw Hill,	2nd	2006
	Reference Books		
1.	David Salomon, "Data Compression: The Complete Reference", Fourth Edition, Springer Books	1 st	2003

2.	GrigoreBurdea, Philippe Coiffet, "Virtual reality	2^{nd}	2003
	technology, Volume 1", Wiley,		

12.	Mode of Evaluation	Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid Term Exam / End Term Exam

SEMESTER VIII

Name	of Department: - Compute	r Scien	nce and	Engine	eerir	מ ר			
1.	Subject Code: TCS 826			Cours			Unix Sy Program		
2.	Contact Hours: L: 3	3	T: 0		P :	0			
3.	Examination Duration (Hr	s):	Theor	у 3] P	ractical	0	
4.	Relative Weight: CIE	25	MSE	25			SEE	50	
5.	Credits:	3							
6.	Semester:	8							
7.	Category of Course:	DE							
8	Pre-requisite: TCS-	302 TO	CS-502	DSA (ner	ating	Systems		

9. Course	After completion of the course the students will be able to:
Outcome**:	CO1: Experiment with various system calls CO2: Compare between ANSI C AND C++ AND POSIX standards CO3: Mapping the relationship between UNIX Kernel support for files CO4: Use Kernel support for process creation and termination and memory allocation
	CO5: Analyze Process Accounting process UID ,Terminal logins, network logins CO6: Analyze process control,Deamon characteristics, coding rules and error logging

^{**} Describe the specific knowledge, skills or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate.

SL. No.	Contents	Contact Hours
1	Unit 1: Introduction to System Programming, File I/O, Difference between Buffered and Unbuffered I/O, I/O system calls: open(), close(), read(), write(), Effect of I/O buffering in stdio and the kernel; synchronized I/O, Seeking to a file offset: lseek(), File control: fcntl(), Locking, Open file status flags, Open files and file descriptors, Duplicating file descriptors with dup, dup2 and fcntl. A brief recap of Buffered I/O, Forays into Advanced I/O	9
2	Unit 2: Processes: Process ID and Parent process ID, Memory layout, Running and Terminating a process, Waiting for Terminated child processes (fork, the exec family, wait, waitpid), copy on write, Advanced Process Management: Process Priorities, nice(), Setting the scheduling policy	10

3	Unit 3: Processes and Inter-Process Communication: Introduction, pipes, FIFOs, XSI IPC: Message Queues, Semaphores, Shared Memory	9
4	Unit 4: Signals: Signal types and default actions, Basic Signal management, signal function, unreliable signals, SIGCLD, Sending signals, Signal sets, Blocking signals (the signal mask), Interruption and restarting of system calls, Designing signal handlers	8
5	Unit 5: Network Programming: Sockets, Operation, Socket types, Client/Server Models, Connection Based Services, Handling Out of Band Data, Connectionless Services, Design issues of Concurrent and iterative servers, Socket options	9
	Total	45

SL.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Edition	Year of Publication
No.			/ Reprint
	Textbooks		
1.	Richard Stevens and Stephen Rago," Advanced Programming in the Unix Environment", Addison-Wesley	3 rd	2013
	•	,	
2	Michael Kerrisk," The Linux Programming Interface", No	$2^{\rm nd}$	2010
	Starch Press		
	Reference Books		
1.	Richard Stevens and Stephen Rago," Advanced	3^{rd}	2013
	Programming in the Unix Environment", Addison-Wesley		
2	Michael Kerrisk," The Linux Programming Interface", No	2 nd	2010
	Starch Press		

le of Evaluation Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid Term Exam / End Term Exam	
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SEMESTER VIII

Name of Department: - Computer Science and Engineering

1.	Subject Code: TCS	851	Course Title:	Storage Networks
2.	Contact Hours: L	.: 3	T: 0 P: 0	
3.	Examination Duration	(Hrs):	Theory 3	Practical 0
4.	Relative Weight: 0	CIE 25	MSE 25	SEE 50
5.	Credits:	3		
6.	Semester:	8		
7.	Category of Course:	DE		
8.	Pre-requisite: C	Computer Ne	etwork(TCS-703), TCS-	604

9. Course	After completion of the course the students will be able to:
Outcome**:	CO1: Understand the different aspects of storage management
	CO2: Describe the various applications of RAID
	CO3: Compare and contrast the I/O Techniques
	CO4: Categorize virtualization on various levels of storage network
	CO5: Estimate the various requirements of storage management systems
	CO6: Design a complete data center and enhance employability in this field

^{**} Describe the specific knowledge, skills or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate.

SL. No.	Contents	Cont act Hour s
	Unit 1: Introduction to Storage Technology	
1	Introduction to storage network, Five pillars of IT, parameters related with storage, data proliferation, problem caused by data proliferation, Hierarchical storage management, Information life cycle management (ILM), Role of ILM, Information value vs. time mapping, Evolution of storage, Storage infrastructure component, basic	10

	storage management skills and activities, Introduction to Datacenters, Technical & Physical components for building datacenters	
2	Unit 2: Technologies for Storage network Server centric IT architecture & its limitations, Storage centric IT architecture & advantages, replacing a server with storage networks, Disk subsystems, Architecture of disk subsystem, Hard disks and Internal I/O channel, JBOD, RAID& RAID levels, RAID parity, comparison of RAID levels, Hot sparing, Hot swapping, Caching: acceleration of hard disk access, Intelligent Disk subsystem architecture	9
	Tape drives: Introduction to tape drives, Tape media, caring for Tape& Tape heads, Tape drive performance, Linear tape technology, Helical scan tape technology	
	Unit 3: I/O techniques I/O path from CPU to storage systems, SCSI technology – basics & protocol, SCSI	
3	and storage networks, Limitations of SCSI Fibre channel: Fibre channel, characteristic of fibre channel, serial data transfer vs. parallel data transfer, Fibre channel protocol stack, Links, ports & topologies, Data transport in fibre channel,	10
	Addressing in fibre channel, Designing of FC-SAN, components, Interoperability of FCSAN, FC products IP Storage: IP storage standards (iSCSI, iFCP, FCIP, iSNS), IPSAN products, Security in IP SAN, introduction to InfiniBand, Architecture of InfiniBand	
	NAS – Evolution, elements & connectivity, NAS architecture	
4	Unit 4: Storage Virtualization Introduction to storage virtualization, products, definition, core concepts,	0
4	virtualization on various levels of storage network, advantages and disadvantages, Symmetric and asymmetric virtualization, performance of San virtualization, Scaling storage with virtualization	9
	Unit 5: Management of storage Networks	
5	Management of storage network, SNMP protocol, requirements of management systems, Management interfaces, Standardized and proprietary mechanism, In-band& Out-band management, Backup and Recovery	8
	Total	46

SL. No.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Edition	Year of Publication / Reprint
	Textbooks		
1.	"Storage Networks: The Complete Reference", R. Spalding, McGraw-Hill	1st	2017

2	"Storage Networking Fundamentals: An Introduction to	3 rd	2004
	Storage Devices, Subsystems,		
3	Applications, Management, and Filing Systems", Marc	1 st	2005
	Farley, Cisco Press.		
	Reference Books		
1.	"Storage Networks: The Complete Reference", R. Spalding,	1 st	2017
	McGraw-Hill		
2	"Storage Networking Fundamentals: An Introduction to	3 rd	2004
	Storage Devices, Subsystems,		
_			
3	Applications, Management, and Filing Systems", Marc	2^{nd}	2004
	Farley, Cisco Press.		

12.	Mode of Evaluation	Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid Term Exam / End Term Exam

SEMESTER VIII

Name of Department: - Computer Science and Engineering

1.	Subject Code: TCS 852	2	Cours	e Title:	Pattern
2.	Contact Hours: L: 3	3	T: 0	P: 0	Recognition
3.	Examination Duration (Hr	s):	Theory 3	Prac	etical 0
4.	Relative Weight: CIE	25	MSE 25	SEI	E 50
5.	Credits:	3			
6.	Semester:	8			
7.	Category of Course:	DE			

8. Pre-requisite: Knowledge of Probability theory, mathematics, and algorithms

9. Course	After completion of the course the students will be able to:		
Outcome**:	CO1: Explain and compare a variety of pattern classification, structural pattern recognition, and pattern classifier combination techniques.		
	CO2. Summarize, analyze, and relate research in the pattern recognition area verbally and in writing.		
CO3. Apply performance evaluation methods for pattern recognition critique comparisons of techniques made in the research literature.			
	CO4. Apply pattern recognition techniques to real-world problems such as document analysis and recognition.		
	CO5. Implement simple pattern classifiers, classifier combinations, and structural pattern recognizers.		
	CO6. Describe the various clustering methods		

^{**} Describe the specific knowledge, skills or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate.

SI. No.	Contents			
1	Unit 1 : Introduction: Machine perception, pattern recognition example, pattern recognition systems, the design cycle, learning and adaptation Bayesian Decision Theory: Introduction, continuous features – two categories classifications, minimum error-rate classification- zero-one loss function, classifiers, discriminant functions, and decision surfaces	9		
2	Unit 2: Normal density: Univariate and multivariate density, discriminant functions for the normal density different cases, Bayes decision theory – discrete features, compound Bayesian decision theory and context Maximum likelihood and Bayesian parameter estimation: Introduction, maximum likelihood	9		

	estimation, Bayesian estimation, Bayesian parameter estimation—Gaussian	
3	Un-supervised learning and clustering: Introduction, mixture densities and identifiability, maximum likelihood estimates, application to normal mixtures, K-means clustering. Date description and clustering – similarity measures, criteria function for clustering Component analysis: Principal component analysis, non-linear component analysis; Low dimensional representations and multi-dimensional scaling	8
4	Discrete Hidden Markov Models: Introduction, Discrete—time Markov process, extensions to hidden Markov models, three basic problems for HMMs	8
5	Continuous hidden Markov models : Observation densities, training and testing with continuous HMMs, types of HMMs	8
	Total	48

SL. No.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Edition	Year of Publication / Reprint
140.	Textbooks		7 Корппс
1.	Richard O. Duda, Peter E. Hart, David G. Stroke. "Pattern Recognition", Wiley (Indian adaptation)	2 nd	2021
2	M. Narasimha Murty, V. Susheela Devi, "Pattern Recognition", Universities Press	1 st	2016
	Reference Books		
1.	Christopher M. Bishop, "Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning", Springer	1 st	2016

12. Mode of Evaluation Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid Term Exam / End Term Exam	1
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SEMESTER VIII

Name of Department: - Computer Science and Engineering

1.	Subject Code:	TCS 85	5	Cours	se Title:	Agile Soft Engineerin	
2.	Contact Hours	s: L: [3	T: 0	P: 0		
3.	Examination D	Ouration (Hr	s):	Theory 3	F	Practical	0
4.	Relative Weig	ht: CIE	25	MSE 25		SEE 50	
5.	Credits:		3				
6.	Semester:		8				
7.	Category of C	ourse:	DE				
8.	Pre-requisite:	Softv	vare En	gineering(TCS	6-611)	ı	
9. C	9. Course After completion		pletion	of the course th	e students	will be able	to:
Outo	come**:		-				methodologies.
				enefits and pitt		•	U
			•	le software dev		_	· ·

CO4: Apply agile practices such as test-driven development, standup meetings,

and pair programming to their software engineering practices.

CO6: Describe the agile in current market scenario.

development models.

CO5: Apply the agile testing

SL. NO.	Contents	Contact Hours
1	Unit 1: Fundamentals of Agile: The Genesis of Agile, Introduction and background, Agile Manifesto and Principles, Overview of Agile Methodologies – Scrum methodology, Extreme Programming, Feature Driven development, Design and development practices in an Agile projects, Test Driven Development, Continuous Integration, Refactoring, Pair Programming, Simple Design, User Stories, Agile Testing, Agile Tools	10
2	Unit 2: Agile Project Management: Agile Scrum Methodology, Project phases, Agile Estimation, Planning game, Product backlog, Sprint backlog, Iteration planning, User story definition, Characteristics and content of user stories, Acceptance tests and Verifying	10

^{**} Describe the specific knowledge, skills or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate.

	stories, Agile project velocity, Burn down chart, Sprint planning and retrospective, Daily scrum, Scrum roles – Product Owner, Scrum Master, Scrum Developer, Scrum case study, Tools for Agile project management	
3	Unit 3: Agile Software Design and Programming: Agile Design Principles with UML examples, Single Responsibility Principle, Open Closed Principle, Liskov Substitution Principle, Interface Segregation Principles, Dependency Inversion Principle, Need and significance of Refactoring, Refactoring Techniques, Continuous Integration, Automated build tools, Version control, Test-Driven Development (TDD), xUnit framework and tools for TDD	9
4	Unit 4: Agile Testing: The Agile lifecycle and its impact on testing, Testing user stories - acceptance tests and scenarios, Planning and managing Agile testing, Exploratory testing, Risk based testing, Regression tests, Test Automation, Tools to support the Agile tester	9
5	Unit 5: Agile in Market: Market scenario and adoption of Agile, Roles in an Agile project, Agile applicability, Agile in Distributed teams, Business benefits, Challenges in Agile, Risks and Mitigation, Agile projects on Cloud, Balancing Agility with Discipline, Agile rapid development technologies	8
	Total	46

SL. No.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Edition	Year of Publication / Reprint
	Textbooks		
1.	Ken Schawber, Mike Beedle, "Agile Software Development with Scrum", Pearson		2008

12.	Mode of Evaluation	Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid Term Exam / End Term Exam

SEMESTER VIII

Name of Department: - Computer Science and Engineering

1.	Subject Code: TCS 85	7	Course Title:	Game Theory
2.	Contact Hours: L:	3	T: 0 P: 0	
3.	Examination Duration (Hi	rs):	Theory 3	Practical 0
4.	Relative Weight: CIE	25	MSE 25	SEE 50
5.	Credits:	3		
6.	Semester:	8		
7.	Category of Course:	DE		
				-

8. Pre-requisite: Excellent knowledge of programming and mathematics

9. Course	After completion of the course the students will be able to:
Outcome**:	CO1: Identify strategic situations and represent them as games
	CO2: Find dominant strategy equilibrium, pure and mixed strategy Nash equilibrium,
	CO3: Solve simple games using various techniques
	CO4: Analyze economic situations using game theoretic techniques
	CO5: Recommend and prescribe which strategies to implement
	CO6: Find the needs of extensive games.

^{**} Describe the specific knowledge, skills or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate.

SL. No.	Contents	Contact Hours
1	Unit 1: Introduction, Strategic Games: What is game theory? The theory of rational choice; Interacting decision makers. Strategic games; Examples: The prisoner's dilemma, Bach or Stravinsky, Matching pennies; Nash equilibrium; Examples of Nash equilibrium; Bestresponse functions; Dominated actions; Equilibrium in a single population: symmetric games and symmetric equilibria.	11

	Mixed Strategy Equilibrium: Introduction; Strategic games in which players may randomize; Mixed strategy Nash equilibrium; Dominated actions; Pure equilibria when randomization is allowed, Illustration: Expert Diagnosis; Equilibrium in a single population, Illustration: Reporting a crime; The formation of players' beliefs; Extensions; Representing preferences by expected payoffs Unit 2:	
2	Extensive Games: Extensive games with perfect information; Strategies and outcomes; Nash equilibrium; Subgame perfect equilibrium; Finding subgame perfect equilibria of finite horizon games: Backward induction. Illustrations: The ultimatum game, Stackelberg's model of duopoly, Buying votes.	10
	Extensive games: Extensions and Discussions: Extensions: Allowing for simultaneous moves, Illustrations: Entry in to a monopolized industry, Electoral competition with strategic voters, Committee decision making, Exit from a declining industry; Allowing for exogenous uncertainty, Discussion: subgame perfect equilibrium and backward induction	
	Unit 3: Bayesian Games, Extensive Games with Imperfect Information: Motivational examples; General definitions; Two examples concerning information; Illustrations: Cournot's duopoly game with imperfect information, Providing a public good, Auctions; Auctions with an arbitrary distribution of valuations.	
3	Extensive games with imperfect information; Strategies; Nash equilibrium; Beliefs and sequential equilibrium; Signaling games; Illustration: Strategic information transmission.	10
	Strictly Competitive Games, Evolutionary Equilibrium: Strictly competitive games and maximization; Maximization and Nash equilibrium; Strictly competitive games; Maximization and Nash equilibrium in strictly competitive games.	
	Evolutionary Equilibrium: Monomorphic pure strategy equilibrium; Mixed strategies and polymorphic equilibrium; Asymmetric contests; Variations on themes: Sibling behavior, Nesting behavior of wasps, The evolution of sex ratio	
4	Unit 4: Iterated Games: Repeated games: The main idea; Preferences; Repeated games; Finitely and infinitely repeated Prisoner's dilemma; Strategies in an infinitely repeated Prisoner's dilemma; Some Nash equilibria of an infinitely repeated Prisoner's dilemma, Nash equilibrium payoffs of an infinitely repeated Prisoner's dilemma	8
5	Unit 5: Coalitional Games and Bargaining: Coalitional games. The Core. Illustrations: Ownership and distribution of wealth, Exchanging homogeneous items, Exchanging heterogeneous items, Voting, Matching. Bargaining as an	8

extensive game; Illustration of trade in a market; Nash's axiomatic model of bargaining	
Total	47

SL.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Edition	Year of Publication
No.			/ Reprint
	Textbooks		
1.	Martin Osborne: "An Introduction to Game Theory", Oxford University Press, Indian Edition,.	2 nd	2004
	Reference Books		
1.	Roger B. Myerson: "Game Theory: Analysis of Conflict",	1 st	1997
	Harvard University Press,		

12.	Mode of Evaluation	Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid Term Exam / End Term Exam

SEMESTER VIII

Name of Department: - Computer Science and Engineering									
	Quantum Computing								
1.	Subject Code: TCS- 84	1	1 Course Title:						
2.	Contact Hours: L:	3	T:	0	F	• :[0		
3.	Examination Duration (Hr	s):	Th	eory	3		Pr	actical 0	
4.	Relative Weight: CIE	25	MS	SE 25	5		-	SEE 50	
5.	Credits:	3							
6.	Semester:	8th							
7.	Category of Course: DE								
8	Pre-requisite: Probability and Linear Algebra								

9. Course	After completion of the course the students will be able to:			
Outcome**:	CO1: Understand the principles of quantum computation.			
	CO2: Learn the circuit and gates involved in quantum computing.			
	CO3: Understand the algorithms used in quantum computing.			
	CO4: Study the information theory aspects of quantum computing.			
	CO5: Use and build Quantum algorithms for solving various problems.			

^{**} Describe the specific knowledge, skills or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate.

SI. No.	Contents						
1	Unit 1: Introduction: Overview of classical computing and its limitations; Introduction to quantum mechanics and quantum information theory; Quantum bits; Bloch sphere representation of a qubit; multiple qubits; Dirac notation; Hilbert space; Probabilities and measurements; Density operators and correlation; Quantum Parallelism; Entanglement and Superposition.						
2	Unit 2: Quantum Gates and Circuits: Quantum circuit representation; Quantum Logic Gates; Unitary Transformation; Hadamard Gate; Controlled Quantum Gates; Universal Quantum Gates; Special 2-Qubit Gates (CSIGN; SWAPα; iSWAP; Berkeley B); Quantum measurements and observables						
3	Unit 3: Quantum Algorithms: Relationship between classical and quantum algorithms; Classical computation on quantum computers; Relationship between quantum and classical complexity classes; Deutsch's algorithm, Deutsch's-Jozsa algorithm; Shor factorization algorithm; Grover search algorithm; Quantum Approximate optimization algorithm (QAOA).						

4	Unit 4: Quantum Information Theory: Entropy and information; Shannon entropy; Basic properties of entropy; Von Neumann entropy; Physical realisation; Harmonic oscillator quantum computer; Quantum teleportation and superdense coding; Quantum noise and quantum operations; Marcov process; Data compression; Quantum error corrections; 3 Qubit phase flip code; Fault tolerant quantum computation; Quantum cryptography.	12
5	Unit 5: Qiskit Programming: Introduction and IBM Quantum Perspective; Qiskit software; Quantum gates and operations in Qiskit, Quantum measurement and simulation in qiskit; Quantum teleportation with qiskit; Implementation of Grover algorithm qiskit.	8
	Total	48

SL.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Edition	Year of Publication
No.			/ Reprint
	Textbooks		
1.	Nielsen, M., & Chuang, I. In Quantum Computation and Quantum Information. Cambridge University Press	10th	2010
2.	John Gribbin (2014), Computing with Quantum Cats: From Colossus to Qubits, Prometheus Books.	1 st	2014
3.	"Quantum Computing: A Gentle Introduction" by Eleanor G. Rieffel and Wolfgang H. Polak. The MIT Press	1 st	2011
4.	Quantum information Theory, Mark M. Wilde, Cambridge University Press.	1 st	2013
	Reference Books		
1.	Quantum error correction, D. A. Lidar & T. A. Brun, Cambridge University Press.	1 st	2013
2.	Quantum Computing: From Linear Algebra to Physical Realizations" by Mikio Nakahara and Tetsuo Ohmi.	1 st	2008

12.	Mode of Evaluation	Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid Term Exam / End Term Exam

SEMESTER VIII

Name of Department: - Computer Science and Engineering

1.	Subject Code:	TCS 842	2	Cour	se Title:	Recent trends
2.	Contact Hours:	L: [3	3	T: 0	P: 0	in Al
3.	Examination Du	ration (Hr	s):	Theory 3	Prac	ctical 0
4.	Relative Weight	: CIE	25		MSE 25	ESE 50
5.	Credits:		3			
6.	Semester:		8	•		
7.	Category of Cou	urse:	DE			
8.	Pre-requisite:	TCS	542			

9. Course	After completion of the course the students will be able to:				
Outcome**:	CO1: learn about the current trends in AI in chatbots and virtual assistants				
	CO2: understand the research progress being made in AI-driven cyber-				
	security and ITOps				
	CO3: learn current applications of AI in healthcare				
	CO4: learn about the applications of AI in in IoT and quantum computing				
	CO5: understand and create an AI application from recent trends				

^{**} Describe the specific knowledge, skills or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate.

SI. No.	Contents	Contact Hours
1	AI-powered Chatbots & Virtual Assistants: AI-driven chatbots such as ChatGPT, virtual assistants, question answering systems, Hyper-automation: automation tools, such as AI, ML, RPA, and NLP, to streamline intricate workflows, utilizing the newest advances in AI app trends to provide effective and cost-efficient solutions	10
2	AI-driven cybersecurity: safety against cyber threats and overall cybersecurity defense, utilizing the technology of artificial intelligence and machine learning technology	9

3	Artificial intelligence for IT operations: machine learning and other AI techniques to automate and optimize IT operations and management. AI in healthcare: leveraging artificial intelligence and machine learning to create efficient delivery, maximize patient outcomes, and minimize expenses	9
4	Integration of AI and IoT: leverage machine learning algorithms to interpret the tremendous data generated from IoT-enabled devices AI and quantum computing are increasingly converging as AI technologies progress, with quantum computing playing an essential role in refining the precision and practicality of AI algorithms.	8
5	Apply the knowledge gained from the recent trends in AI to develop and demonstrate an application that demonstrates their learning.	6
	Total	42

SL.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Edition	Year of Publication
No.			/ Reprint
	Textbooks		
	There is no textbook, recent research papers and material available online will be discussed		
	Reference Books		

12.	Mode of Evaluation	Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid Term Exam / End Term Exam

SEMESTER VIII

Name of Department: - Computer Science and Engineering

1.	Subject Code:	TCS 862	2	Cours	se Title:	FATE in Al
2.	Contact Hours:	L: [3	3	T: 0	P: 0	
3.	Examination Du	ıration (Hr	s):	Theory 3	F	Practical 0
4.	Relative Weight	: CIE	25		MSE 2	5 SEE 50
5.	Credits:		3			
6.	Semester:		8			
7.	Category of Cou	urse:	DE			
8.	Pre-requisite:	TCS	562			1

9. Course	After completion of the course the students will be able to:
Outcome**:	CO1: Apply Fairness in designing AI algorithms.
	CO2: Understand and Examine Accountability in Al
	CO3: Understand and Examine pitfalls of various contemporary Al
	applications.
	CO4: Analyze the ethics for designing future AI systems.
	CO5: Evaluate fairness and transparency of AI systems.
	CO6: Examine Real World Cases from policy perspectives

^{**} Describe the specific knowledge, skills or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate.

SI. No.	Contents	Contact Hours
1	Unit 1: Data: Protection rational & genesis, data protection in India (judicial developments on right to privacy, legislative developments); Territorial and Personal Scope; Personal data; Sensitive personal data; Processing of data; Processing of sensitive data; Rights: Introduction, right to object to processing, right to be forget; Case studies.	8
2	Unit 2: Fairness: Introduction, sources of unfairness, definitions; Metrics for fairness, fair data; pre-processing methods; In-processing methods; post-processing methods; Model auditing for fairness; ML models and privacy; ML models and security; Fair product design & development; Laws for ML; Compliance tools: Anonymization, Privacy by design.	10
3	Unit 3:	8

	Accountability & Ethics: Introduction, Guidelines in AI ethics; AI in practice; Advances in AI ethics;	
4	Unit 4: Transparency (Explainability): Importance of explainability in AI systems, Case studies; Accuracy-interpretability tradeoff in machine learning; Different types of interpretability approaches: Rule-based, Prototype-based, Feature importance-based, post-hoc explanations.	10
5	Unit 5: FATE incorporation in AI designing systems, Issues, Effectiveness, Responsible AI, Algorithm Inclusivity and Accessibility, Real World use case examination.	12
	Total	48

SL. No.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Edition	Year of Publication / Reprint
	Textbooks		
1.	Aileen Nielsen, Practical Fairness: Achieving Fair and Secure Data Models, O'Reilly Media, Inc	1st	2021
2.	Solon Barocas, Moritz Hardt, Arvind Narayanan, Fairness And Machine Learning Limitations and Opportunities	1st	2019

12. Wide of Evaluation Test/ Quiz/ Assignment/ Wild Term Exam	12. Mode of	Evaluation	Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid Term Exam / End Term Exam
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SEMESTER VIII

Name	of Department: -	Computer	Scien	ce and Engineering	Privacy and Security in
1.	Subject Code:	TCS 893		Course Title:	Online social media
2.	Contact Hours:	L: 3		T: 0 P: 0	
3.	Examination Dur	ation (Hrs):	Theory 3	ractical 0
4.	Relative Weight:	CIE [25	MSE 25	SEE 50
5.	Credits:		3		
6.	Semester:		8 th		
7.	Category of Cou	rse:	DE		
8	Pre-requisite:	TCS 6	93 Fu	I Stack Web Developn	nent

9. Course	After completion of the course the students will be able to:
Outcome**:	CO1: Understand the security and privacy concerns in Online social media.
	CO2: Develop Secure Web Applications
	CO3: Understand the Architecture of Web and working with social media
	APIs.
	CO4: Perform social media analysis and visualization using various tools and techniques.
	CO5: Know the various cases and data protection laws. CO6: Analyze the security parameters in social media.

^{**} Describe the specific knowledge, skills or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate.

SL. NO.	Contents	Contact Hours
1	Unit - I Understanding Working of Web and Related Technologies Working with Linux and Python, Understanding Basics of FrontEnd and Backend Technologies (HTML, CSS, JavaScript, Node JS), Understanding the HTTP Methods, Client Server Architecture, Working of DNS, Introduction to Online Social Media (OSM) - Pros and Cons, Introduction to Social Media APIs - Twitter, Facebook	12
2	Unit – II Understanding Privacy and Security Concerns in Web Misinformation on Social Media - Past Examples, Privacy and Social Media, Policing and Social Media, E-Crime and Social Media	10

	Total	50
5	Unit – V Case Studies – Facebook and Cambridge Analytica and The Misuse private data of 50 million Facebook users Data Protection Law - Need of Data Protection Laws, The General Data Protection Regulation (EU), Information Technology Act, 2000 (India)	8
4	Unit – IV Learning Social Media Analysis on Publicly Available Twitter Data – Creating Twitter Developer Account, Download Twitter Data using API, Social Media Analysis using NLTK, Geo-Location Analysis, Gephi Network Visualization	10
3	Unit – III Online Social Media and Security How to keep your account secure (Facebook, Google, Twitter, LinkedIn, Instagram) - Two factor Authentication, Creating Strong Passwords Use Social Media for Awareness, Understand the pattern of Fake News on Social Media, Understanding Dark Web and its Role in Security, Anonymous Web Browsing, Proxy Servers	10
	Social Media Attacks-Phishing, Reconnaissance, Fake Profiles, Social Engineering, Fake News, Profile Compromise Website Security and Threats - Cross-Site Scripting (XSS), SQL injection, Cross-Site Request Forgery (CSRF), Denial of Service (DoS), Clickjacking	
	Social Modia Attacks Phishing Poconnaissance Eaks Profiles Social	

SL.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Edition	Year of Publication
No.			/ Reprint
	Textbooks		
1.	Social Media Security: Leveraging Social Networking While Mitigating Risk 1st Edition by Michael Cross	1 st	2017
	Reference Books		

12. Mode of Evaluation Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid Term Exam / End Term Exam	erm Exam / End Term Exam
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SEMESTER VIII

Name	of Department: - Compute	er Scien	ce and Eng	ineerin	ıg 🗍	E-Privacy: Privacy and
1.	Subject Code: TCS 894	4	Cou	ırse Tit	.ie.	Trust in Electronic Society
2.	Contact Hours: L:	3	T: 0	P :	0	
3.	Examination Duration (Hr	s):	Theory	3	Pra	ectical 0
4.	Relative Weight: CIE	25	MSE 25		SE	E 50
5.	Credits:	3				
6.	Semester:	8 th				
7.	Category of Course:	DE				
8. Chain	Pre-requisite: TCS	332 Fu	ndamentals	of Info	rmatio	n Security and Block

9. Course	After completion of the course the students will be able to:			
Outcome**:	CO1: Explain e-privacy and trust.			
	CO2: Know the working of e-privacy mechanisms.			
	CO3: Analyze the various mechanisms of e-privacy.			
CO4: Use e-privacy and trust to maintain the privacy of an information system.				
	CO5: Apply e-privacy in various applications.			
	CO6: Develop strategies of e-privacy.			

^{**} Describe the specific knowledge, skills or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate.

SL. NO.	Contents	Contact Hours
	Unit - I	
	Overview	
1	e-privacy, information security, CIA triad, vulnerability, threats, attacks,	12
	trust, computation of trust, privacy- an issue of global concern,	
	technology and rising concern over privacy, a new theory of privacy	
2	Unit – II	0
2	Privacy theories and reconstructing	8

	Methods of conceptualizing, conceptions of privacy, feasibility of privacy	
	conceptualizing, privacy- method, generality, variability and focus	
3	Unit – III Value of privacy Virtues and vices of privacy, theories of valuation of privacy, social value of privacy, privacy's pluralistic value	8
4	Unit – IV Taxonomy of privacy Information collection, information processing, information dissemination, invasion.	8
5	Unit – V Privacy benefits and future Nature of privacy problems, privacy and society, privacy and cultural difference, benefits of a pluralistic conception of privacy, future of privacy	10
	Total	46

SL.	Name of Authors/Books/Publishers	Edition	Year of Publication
No.			/ Reprint
	Textbooks		
1.	Daniel J. Solove, "Understanding Privacy", Harvard university press	1 st	2008
2	Peter Carey, Eduardo Ustaran, "E-privacy and Online Data Protection", Tottel publishing.	1 st	2002
3	Michael E. Whitman and Herbert J. Mattord, Principles of Information Security, (2e), Thomson Learning, 2007	2nd	2007
	Reference Books		
2	Ronald Leenes, Rosamunde van Brakel, Serge Gutwirth, Paul de Hert, "Data Protection and Privacy: The Age of Intelligent Machines", Hart Publishing, 2017	1 st	2017
3			

de of Evaluation Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid Term Exam / End Ter	m Exam
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SEMESTER VIII

Name of Department: - Computer Science and Engineering						
Crypto assets and crypto						
1.	Subject Code: TCS 895	5	Course Title:		economy.	
2.	Contact Hours: L: 3	3	T: 0	P: 0		
3.	Examination Duration (Hrs	s):	Theory 3	P	ractical 0	
4.	Relative Weight: CIE	25	MSE 25		SEE 50	
5.	Credits:	3				
6.	Semester:	8th				
7.	Category of Course:	DE				
8 Pre-requisite: TCS 332 Fundamentals of Information Security and Block Chain						

9. Course	After completion of the course the students will be able to:			
Outcome**:	CO1: Explain fundamentals of crypto assets and crypto.			
	CO2: Know the working mechanism of crypto assets.			
	CO3: Analyze the different mechanism of crypto assets and crypto economy.			
	CO4: Use blockchain mechanism to maintain crypto assets.			
	CO5: Apply crypto assets in crypto economy applications.			
	CO6: Develop policies of crypto economy.			

^{**} Describe the specific knowledge, skills or competencies the students are expected to acquire or demonstrate.

SI. No.	Contents	Contact Hours
1	1 Unit 1: Overview of distributed ledger technology: Details of blockchain, distributed ledger technology, its working mechanism and usability, security of crypto assets	
2	Unit 2: Overview of crypto assets: Different types of crypto assets and their use, cryptocurrencies and non- currence assets-tokens and utility tokens, characteristics of cryptocurrencies- borderles censorship-free, greater financial control, greater security, lower costs, greater	

	Unit 3:		
	Overview of crypto economy:		
3	Introduction to crypto economy, past, present, and future of crypto economy, the		
	institutional economics of blockchain, the universal turing institution, the micro		
	foundations of ledgers.		
	Unit 4:		
1	Advanced topics of crypto economy:	10	
-	Money, dequity, and the barter economy of the future, supply chains and identity,		
	the V-form organization, and the future of the firm.		
	Unit 5:		
5	Ethics and issues:	4	
5	Ethics and issues in crypto economy, capitalism, policy in blockchain era,	4	
	capitalism after Satoshi.		
	Total	46	

SL. No.			Year of Publication / Reprint
	Textbooks		
1.	Chris Berg, Sinclair Davidson, and Jason Potts, Understanding the Blockchain Economy- An Introduction to Institutional Crypto economics, Edward Elgar Publishing, (1e) 2019.	1st	2019
2.	Imran Bashir," Mastering Blockchain": Distributed Ledger Technology, decentralization, and smart contracts explained", 2 nd edition, Packt publishing	2 nd	
	Reference Books		
1.	George Icahn, "the complete guide to understand the blockchain technology", 2020	1 st	2020

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	12.	Mode of Evaluation	Test / Quiz / Assignment / Mid Term Exam / End Term Exam